

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA
FACULTY OF ADMINISTRATIVE SCIENCE & POLICY
STUDIES



FACTORS THAT INFLUENCING PARTICIPATION IN GERAKAN PB1828

CASE STUDY IN MIRI BRANCH

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CHAPTER 1

1.1 CHAPTER REVIEW

This chapter consists of several sections. Section 1.1 is on the chapter review; section 1.2 describes the factors influencing youth participation in Gerakan PBB 1828, a case study in Miri branch. Section 1.3 highlights the problem statement of this research. Section 1.4 research issues and gaps. Section 1.5 scope of study, Section 1.6 significance of study. Section 1.7 research objectives. Section 1.8 research questions whereby Section 1.9 research hypotheses. 1.10 definitions of term and Section 1.11 is on the summary.

1.2 BACKGROUND OF STUDY

Youth participation in politics is not a new thing already, but some countries already let these young people get involved in the political arena. This is because once this youth group reaches the age 18 and above, it means this youth already has some knowledge to think about the nation. This youth is also exposed to political issues through social media. Some of the youth will give the comment and come up with their idea to solve the problem. Despite their growing reluctance to cast ballots and join political parties, young people are more open to participating in non-hierarchical, non-institutionalized, and spontaneous forms of political activism like issue groups, protests, boycotts, and online activism (Flanagan and Levine, 2010; Quintelier, 2007; Sloam, 2014).

Youth are also being influenced by other countries that give space to their youth to be involved in politics. It will influence the youth to become involved in the political arena and make them willing to join the political parties. Youth can see the effectiveness of another

CHAPTER 2

This chapter will include all the important elements that will be used for the research. The study of the factors influencing youth participation in political parties will cover all values and lead to certain conclusions. In Section 2.1, the paper will talk about the definition of the factors influencing youth participation in political parties in general. This will be explained more in Section 2.1.1 which comprises of the past study about factors influencing youth participation in political parties. Next in section 2.2 will be more specific on the which is the factors influencing youth participation in Gerakan PBB 1828 is topic of our study. In Section 2.3 the researchers will explain about the theory that will be used for this research which is the concept of youth civic engagement theory which comprises of three elements that will lead the factors influencing youth participation in Gerakan PBB 1828 which are the socio-cultural factors that influence youth participation in Gerakan PBB1828, to examine the role of political education and awareness in fostering youth participation in Gerakan PBB1828. To analyze the influence of digital media and online platforms on youth participation in Gerakan PBB1828. Section 2.4 will give further information about the conceptual framework of this research topic. Section 2.5 will consist of the annotated bibliography of the entire articles. Lastly, section 2.6 will be the summary of chapter two.

CHAPTER 3

This chapter focuses on outlining the approach to be employed in gathering the data. It begins by discussing the research paradigm, which refers to the underlying framework guiding the research. Subsequently, it delves into the research process, outlining the various stages involved in conducting the research. Furthermore, the chapter addresses the research design, specifying the overall structure and plan for the study. Moreover, this chapter incorporates a discussion on research instruments, elucidating the tools and techniques that will be utilized to collect data. Additionally, it outlines the pre-test procedures, which encompass pilot studies conducted prior to the main research to refine and validate the research instruments. The chapter also covers population and sampling methods, elucidating how the participants will be selected and what population they represent. Furthermore, it addresses the data collection procedures, detailing the steps that will be undertaken to gather the required data. It also outlines the planned data analysis techniques that will be employed to interpret and make sense of the collected data. Lastly, the chapter concludes with a summary that encapsulates the key points discussed throughout this chapter.

3.1 RESEARCH DESIGN

A mixed-methods approach allows for the combination of both qualitative and quantitative research methods. In this case, the quantitative research will involve the use of a structured survey to gather numerical data about the factors that influence youth participation in Gerakan PBB 1828. This survey will include questions about demographic information as well as questions to assess participants' attitudes, perceptions, and behaviors related to their involvement in Gerakan PBB 1828.