

ESTRY CONSUMPTION, I CULTIVATION TOWARD! TION

RELATIONSHIP OF FERTILIZERS SUBSIDY CONSUMPTION, PESTICIDES CONSUMPTION, AREA PADDY CULTIVATION TOWARDS PADDY OUTPUT PRODUCTION.

ARMIZAN BIN ARAVIN

ARMIZAN BIN ARWIN

(2010425806)

Faculty of Business Management Universiti Teknologi MARA, Kota Kinabalu, Sabah

Universiti Teknologi MARA, Kota Kinabalu, Sabah As aPartial Fulfillment of the requirement For Bachelor of Business Administration (Hons) Business Economic

JUNE, 2013

Acknowledgements

Alhamdulillah thank to Allah, finally this research already complete and send with exact due date. During do this research many of challenging that faced by me including the limitation of data, it is not easy to conduct this research, but thank to Allah, it is can be implemented with full of success.

I'm also really appreciate to my lecturer Madam Sumaffiatiee Sulong as my first advisor and Tuan Syeikh Haji Junaidi as my second examiner, because both of them really help me during conduct this study, many of comments and direction regarding about my research topic which is come out by them, and based on the comments, it is really helping me to complete this study.

Thank you also to Statistics Department, because with their help, it is really helping my research and based on their data it is shows the real results and finding, and it is show me what I want.

Finally, I'm also grateful and thank you so much to my parents, family and friends, because of them it is a load influences me to complete this study until at the end.

Your sincerely,

Armizan bin Arwin 2010425806 Bachelor Business Management with Honours (Business Economic) Faculty of Business Management, Sabah, Malaysia.

Table of contents

Chapter 1 Introduction	1
1.1Title	3
1.2 Problem statement	3
1.3 Research objective	5
1.4 Scope and limitation	6
1.5 Significant of study	7
1.6 Chapter outline	8
Chapter 2.Literature review and conceptual framework	10
2.11ntroduction.	10
2.2Theory and model specification	10
2.3Literature review	12
2.4Conceptual framework	17
2.5Summary of chapter	18
Chapter 3	
3.1 Introduction	19
3.2Data, population, and sampling	19
3.3Analysis of data and hypothesis testing	19
3.4Hypothesis testing	20
Chapter 4 ; Result and Findings	
4.0Introduction	26
4.1Result and findings	27
Chapter 5 ; conclusion and recommendations	
5.1Introduction	50
5.2conclusion	50
5.3Recommendations	52
Appendics	59

List of tables

162780

Table 1	Descriptive statistic
Table 2	Unit root test
Table 3	Johensen cointegration
Table 4	Granger causality test
Table 5	Regression
Table 6	Correlation test

List of figures

Figures 4.1	ADF;Level	
Figures 4.2	ADF; first different	

herween all variables bacauses it is at one persons level. Write the Countries encoding should that and, tailfiturational relationship whath is between dependent and independent variables. However this result should be paidly output production at still increases and this is bate bit will influences the paidly output production at forms

Abstract

INCREDUCTION

This study shows the input and output of paddy production. Further this study, OLS was employed in order to investigate the relationship between fertilizers subsidy consumption, pesticides consumption, area paddy cultivation towards paddy output production. Besides that the Cointegration and Granger causality needed to identify the long run relationship between the variables. The results show that the fertilizers subsidy consumption and pesticides consumption have negative relationship and only area of paddy cultivation has a positive relationship. The Cointegration test shows that there has co-movement in long run relationship between all variables because it is at one percent level. While the Granger causality shows that only unidirectional relationship which is between dependent and independent variables. However this result shows that the another cost of production still increase and this a little bit will influences the paddy output production in future.