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FACTORS AFFECTING PROPPERTY PRICE FOR HIGH-END STRATA RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES IN JOHOR BAHRU (PERSPECTIVE OF VALUER, ESTATE AGENT AND DEVELOPER)

Academic Project Submitted in Partial Fulfilment of the Requirements for the award of the Degree Bachelor of Estate Management (Hons)

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ABSTRACT

As the population increases, demand for both owner-occupied house and property price also increases. But if the supply more than the demand, theres will be a problem in the future. According to the information obtained from National Property Information Centre (NAPIC), the percentage of overhang and unsold high end high rise residential properties in Johor experienced drastic increase in recent years. This is due to the higher price of high-end residential properties that people of medium income and low income does not afford to buy the property. Thus, this research aims to give an image for the answers to this problem by collect a data about the factors affecting property price of high-end strata residential properties in Johor Bahru. Meanwhile, the objective of the research is to identify the factors affecting property price of high-end strata residential properties in Johor Bahru and analyse the significant factors affect property price of high-end strata residential properties in Johor Bahru. This study also will applies descriptive case research design. By applying this method thefactors affect property price of high-end strata residential properties in Johor Bahru will be gain by refer to the past research made. By referring to the past research made, it is expected that 20 factors will be found which contribute to this problems. Based on the factors found, Questionnaire will be design by using Google form as a tools to find the objective listed. Relative Importance Index (RII) will be used to analyze the data according to the objective which is to find the significance factors that investing a lot by this problem. The outcome that is expected gain from this research is able to identify which factors is on the top list and it might be useful to any bodies such as the government, developer or even to be used as the academic purposes.

Key words: Overhang, high-end residential properties, Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia

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CHAPTER 1

RESEARCH BACKGROUND

1.1 Introduction

Strata properties, also known as strata title or strata living, encompass divisions within a building or land that grant individual ownership alongside shared ownership of common areas such as corridors, lifts, swimming pools, and open spaces. These properties are characterized by multi-unit buildings or communities where residents privately own their individual units while collectively owning and maintaining the common areas. The maintenance and upkeep of shared spaces, including hallways, elevators, recreational facilities, and the building's exterior, are the responsibility of the owners who form a strata corporation. The bylaws and rules governing strata properties outline the obligations of both owners and the strata corporation and are enforced by a strata council comprised of elected resident owners. Jurisdiction-specific regulations and laws may also apply to strata living (Hamzah & Abdullah, 2018).

In Malaysia, strata residences span a wide range from low-cost flats, regular flats, and apartments to high-end properties such as serviced apartments, condominiums, and luxury apartments. Additionally, gated communities featuring townhouses and terraced houses have been developed under strata schemes to cater to mid to high-level purchasers (Hamzah & Abdullah, 2018). This diverse range of strata properties in Malaysia accommodates various cost levels and both landed and high-rise schemes, serving as a significant response to urban planning challenges in major cities.