ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORK (ANN) – META EP TECHNIQUE FOR LIGHTNING PREDICTION

This thesis is presented in partial fulfillment for the award of the Bachelor of Electrical Engineering (Honors)

Universiti Teknologi MARA (UiTM)



ZUHAIDA BINTI HANAPI
Faculty of Electrical Engineering
Universiti Teknologi MARA
40450 Shah Alam
Selangor Darul Ehsan
Nov 2009

APPROVAL

This thesis is submitted to the Faculty of Electrical Engineering Universiti Teknologi MARA In partial fulfillment for the award of the Bachelor of Electrical Engineering (Honors)

This project is approved by:

Dalina Binti Johari (Project Supervisor)

Date: 2 | 12 | 200 q

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First of all, praise to Allah, for His permission that given to me and helping by send many people into my life which willing to help me whenever I had problem.

I would like to express my sincere appreciation to my supervisor, Cik Dalina binti Johari for her support, belief, patience, fairness, and for her feedback. I have to thank her for many opportunities and knowledge she has given me over the year for helping me completing this project as well as giving me useful guidance throughout it.

Lastly, my gratitude extends to all individuals especially to my correspondent who have contributed either directly or indirectly in preparing the project successfully. Thank you.

ABSTRACT

Malaysia has high lightning and thunderstorm occurrences throughout the year because it is situated near the equator line which is characterized by high lightning and thunderstorm activity. With the existing and availability of many sophisticated instrument, weather data can be recorded easily. By using these data, some efforts are being made in order to improve the prediction of weather conditions with great potentiality. This project presents the development of Meta-Evolutionary Programming (EP) and Artificial Neural Network (ANN) prediction system for lightning occurrence based on historical lightning and meteorological data. It involved the development of the ANN design and EP optimization technique to optimize learning rate and momentum constant in order to improve the performance of the prediction system. ANN, which was inspired by the way biological nervous systems process information, is utilized in this study due to its ability to learn by example and do tasks based on training experience. However, there is no efficient way to design the optimal architecture for a given task automatically because the process of finding suitable network architectures could be troublesome and time-consuming. Therefore, a capable optimization technique such as EP is engaged in the study to find the best ANN architectures systematically so that the lightning prediction can be accurately performed with less computation time.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

			PAGE
CANDIDATE'S DECLARATION			i
DEDICATION			ii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT			iii
ABSTRACT			iv
TABLE OF CONTENTS			v
LIST OF FIGURES			ix
LIST OF TABLES			x
CHAPTER	1: INTI	RODUCTION	
1.1	Backg	ground of Study	1
1.2	Proble	2	
1.3	Objective		2
1.4	Scope of Work		3
1.5	Thesis Organization		3
CHAPTER	2: LITI	ERATURE REVIEW	
2.1	Light	Lightning	
	2.1.1	How Lightning Forms	5
	2.1.2	Causes of Lightning	5
	2.1.3	Types of Lightning	6
		2.1.3[a] Cloud-to-Ground Lightning	6
		2.1.3[b] Ground-to-Cloud Lightning	7
		2.1.3[c] Intracloud Lightning	8