ويوسيقي يكونون مار JNIVERSITI FEKNOLOGI MARA

## Mais what 757M

eQin(e),

 $e\frac{dQ_{im}}{de}\Delta e - eQ_{im}, (4) = \frac{8}{105} (x + \sqrt{\gamma})^{5}$ 

 $-x)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \beta_{yx} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( -5 \right) \right)^{b-1}d\frac{x^{a}}{q} = \frac{1}{56} \left( 7 + \sqrt{7} \left( 7 + \sqrt$ 

 $-\int_{a}^{b-1} \int_{a}^{a} (1-x)^{b-2} dx = f(x) = \frac{a_{o}}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_{n})^{b-2} dx$ 

 $x^{a-1}(1-x)^{b-2}dx - \frac{b-1}{a}\int x^{a-1}(1-x)^{b-1}dx =$ 

 $(a, b-1) - \frac{b-1}{a} B(a, b), r(\nabla X_f, \nabla Y_f) = -\frac{b-1}{b}$ 

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sinn x)

## FACTORIAL!

Build a custom mobile apps using Thunkables, b-1 = (4)

Extreme Value Analysis: A better way to analyse rare datasets

FFEATURE EXTRACTION AND MATCHING FROM IMAGES

## **How to Learn and Teach R**

Nadiah Mohamed, Siti Noor Dina Ahmad, Mahfuzah Mahayadin Pengajian Sains Matematik, Kolej Pengajian Pengkomputeran, Infomatik dan Matematik, Universiti Teknologi MARA (UiTM), Cawangan Negeri Sembilan, Kampus Kuala Pilah , 72000 Negeri Sembilan Darul Khusus, Malaysia nadiah@uitm.edu.my

On Mac 15, 2023, the College of Computing, Informatics, and Mathematics UiTM Negeri Sembilan Kampus Kuala Pilah hosted "How to Learn and Teach R". This program gathered 50 lecturers from different fields. The KPPIM@PSPM runs this online course intending to expose professors to R software. Additionally, it is intended that this exposure would broaden the range of tools available for use in doing research in the future. Besides that, this course can boost lecturers' passion and motivation to engage in research, write, and deliver research findings at various levels. It is occasionally necessary to conduct this program to foster knowledge among academics more regularly. Positive feedback was also provided by the lecturers who participated throughout the program. Pictures taken throughout the program are shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1: Lecturers that participated in the program.