STUDY ON POSSIBILITY TO DESIGN A COMPACT RING MAIN UNIT (RMU) 11kV

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IN THE NAME OF ALLAH, THE MOST GRACIOUS, THE MOST MERCIFUL

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ABSTRACT

This paper presents a study on possibility to design a compact Ring Main Unit (RMU). The concept emphasizes more on two-dimensional (2D) simulation, steady-state condition and the simulation done based on finite element method software. In order to study the stress inside the RMU when normal condition, Finite Element Method (FEMLAB) is use to modeling and solving problems. FEMLAB is a powerful, interactive environment for modeling and solving problem based on partial differential equations (PDEs). FEMLAB is one of the techniques to study about of electrical stress or electric field inside the RMU. The material used for the simulation are silicon rubber for fuse's cover and copper for fuse's conductor and also air as empty space between fuses. The specification of all these material is given in Table 4.1.

Keywords: Ring main unit (RMU), electric potential, electric field, electric energy density, electrostatic, femlab, fuse.

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction

Distribution networks are normally formed by interconnecting a number of ring shaped grids. The RMUs employed in practice are actually of various shapes and layouts. All too often they take up much space in a substation or switchyard. Figure 1.1 shows a photograph of a typical RMU while Figure 1.2 and Figure 1.3 show its dimensions. The ground clearance, between the one of fuse terminals and the ground, is specified by Tenaga Nasional Berhad to be about 600 mm to allocate for the incoming cables. The other dimensions, labeled as A, B and C in Figure 1.2 are not strictly specified. Dimensions A and C are determined by the size of the fuse employed while Dimension B is determined by the type of circuit breaker employed and its associated triggering mechanism.