

APPLICATION OF ARTIFICIAL IMMUNE SYSTEM FOR SOLVING LOAD FLOW PROBLEM

Project report is presented in partial fulfilment for the award of the Bachelor of Electrical
Engineering (Hons)



Niz Izuwan Bin Sanip
2003464056
B. ENG (Hons.) ELECTRICAL
Faculty of Electrical Engineering
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA (UiTM)
Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

All praise is to Allah S.W.T, The Most Gracious and Most Merciful who has given the author the strength, ability and patient to complete this project.

The author wishes to express his deepest gratitude and appreciation to Assoc. Prof. Dr. Titik Khawa Abd Rahman, author's industrial project supervisor for her invaluable suggestion, guidance and encouragement for the completion of this project.

A special thank you is extended to all author's colleagues, for the valuable help and motivation given to complete this project. Finally, the author's deepest appreciation go to beloved family, especially author's father and mother who are dearest person in author's life and greatest source of inspiration, thank you for the endless love and encouragement they have given.

ABSTRACT

The load-flow problem is the calculation of the real and reactive powers flowing in each line and the magnitude and phase angle of the voltage at each bus. This project report presents an Artificial Immune System based on optimization approach for solving the load-flow problem in a power system. Artificial Immune System is a computational or search method based upon metaphors of the biological immune system, while load-flow studies are the backbone of power system analysis and design. The simulation results reveal that the developed algorithm could provide an alternative to solve the load-flow problem. A comparative studies was done between result obtain from Artificial Immune System load-flow technique and the Newton Raphson load-flow technique. It is tested and illustrated by applying the method to the IEEE 6-bus test system

TABLE OF CONTENT

CHAPTER	PAGE
1. INTRODUCTION.....	1
1.1 Background Study.....	1
1.2 Objective of the Project	2
1.3 Scope of Work.....	2
1.4 Project Report Organisation.....	2
2. THEORETICAL DISCUSSION.....	3
2.1 Load Flow.....	3
2.1.1 Load-Flow Problem.....	3
2.2 Solutions to load Flow Problem.....	7
2.2.1 Newton Raphson Method.....	9
2.2.2 Artificial Immune System.....	19
2.2.2.1 Clonal Selection Algorithm.....	22
2.2.2 Implementation of Clonal Selection For Load-Flow Problem.....	28
2.3 C Programming.....	30

3.	METHODOLOGY.....	31
	3.1 Introduction.....	31
	3.2 Programming Technique.....	34
	3.3 Test System.....	34
4.	RESULT AND DISCUSSION.....	35
	4.1 Introduction.....	35
	4.2 Results from High Load Condition.....	36
	4.3 Results from Low Load Condition.....	37
	4.4 Results from Change in Load at Bus 5.....	38
5.	CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION FOR FUTURE WORK	40
	5.0 Conclusion.....	40
	5.1 Recommendation for Future Work.....	41
Reference	42
Appendix	43
	A- AIS load- flow C programming source code.....	43
	B- Results from the low voltage i.e. high load condition.....	68
	C- Results from the high voltage i.e. low load condition.....	71
	D- Results from variation of load at bus 5.....	74