

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

**REAL-TIME MONITORING SYSTEM
OF ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION
IN OFFICE SPACE OPERATION**

SITI SABARIAH BINTI NORAZAN

Dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment
of the requirements for the degree of
Master of Science
(Mechanical Engineering)

Faculty of Mechanical Engineering

August 2019

ABSTRACT

Electricity is an ever-essential issue catching the attention of all developed countries in the world. Individuals on the planet has been subjected to power and overrun all parts of human lives. Despite the ongoing advances in technology, there was augmentation in energy demand in these previous years which trade off the few responsibilities to lessen ozone depleting substance emanations to the environment since the electrical energy generation is still profoundly dependent on the utilization of non-renewable energy sources. With real-time monitoring system, the expense per kWh varies with time as an outcome of the changing supply and demand in the market based on the energy consumption by the consumers. The system would have the capacity to decrease the electricity cost by knowing the load consumptions for their day by day energy consumptions. The Internet of things (IoT) is getting more attention in these ongoing years. Allows gadgets connected to the web to be observed and controlled by remote users. Nonetheless, users need to know the vital utilization of IoT for instance providing energy efficiency and energy monitoring. The purpose is to give better understanding on their electricity usage patterns. Henceforth expedites them to the mindfulness on the amount of electricity consumed by various appliances and equipment and improving their understanding on electric bills. To be more transparent and informative to users.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Firstly, I wish to thank Allah s.w.t. for giving me the opportunity to embark on my master's and for completing this long and challenging journey successfully. I would like to express the deepest appreciation to my team for the effort in completing the real-time monitoring system. They are the final year students from Electrical Engineering Faculty. Thank you for the teamwork and endless support. My gratitude and thanks go to my supervisor Dr. Azli bin Abd Razak, and co-supervisor, Dr. Muhamad Nabil bin Hidayat. They continually and convincingly conveyed a spirit of adventure regarding research and the excitement to teach. Without their guidance and persistent help, this dissertation would not have been possible. Lastly, I would like to thank the Universiti Teknologi MARA (UiTM) for the permission on using their utilities along completing this project.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
CONFIRMATION BY PANEL OF EXAMINERS	ii
AUTHOR'S DECLARATION	iii
ABSTRACT	iv
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	v
TABLE OF CONTENTS	vi
LIST OF TABLES	vii
LIST OF FIGURES	ix
LIST OF SYMBOLS	x
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	xi
CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Research Background	1
1.2 Problem Statement	3
1.3 Research Objectives	4
1.4 Significance of Study	5
1.5 Scope of Project	6
CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW	7
2.1 Electricity Supply in Malaysia	7
2.2 TNB Pricing and Tariffs	16
2.3 Electric Meter	20
2.4 Smart Meter	25
2.5 Energy Management	31
CHAPTER THREE: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	37
3.1 Introduction	37

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Research Background

Electricity is an ever-essential issue catching the attention around the world. Every individual on the planet has been subjected to electric power and overrun all parts in human lives. Despite the ongoing advances in technology, there are augmentation in energy demand in these previous years which trade off few responsibilities to lessen ozone depleting substance emanations to the environment since electricity generation is still profoundly dependent on utilization of non-renewable energy sources. There are lot of smart technologies have been proposed along the years with the reason in giving enhanced administration conveyance and to diminish environmental impact to citizens. Under real-time monitoring system, the expense per kWh varies with time as an outcome of the charging supply and demand in the market based on the energy consumption by consumers. Anyhow, they should have the consciousness to decrease their electricity cost by acknowledging the load consumptions of their daily energy utilizations.

Internet of things (IoT) is getting more attention in these ongoing years. It allows gadgets connected to the web to be observed and controlled by remote users. Nonetheless, they need to know the vital utilization of IoT in providing energy efficiency and monitoring. In Malaysia, electricity is monopolised by Tenaga Nasional Berhad (TNB). Customer will receive summary of electricity consumption in the form of electric bill including billing amount, types of meter reading and so on. However, do they simply pay the sum and proceed onward without knowing which electrical appliances they were using. As a matter of fact, consumers could make improvement on the most proficient method to lessen energy consumption by knowing which electrical appliances used the most and hence manage the usage. For example, set timer on air conditioner on when to turn on and off dependent on their inclinations. Every electrical machine has its very own characteristics which vary by brand and model.

Reducing or streamlining electrical power utilization is one of the most major