UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

FACTORS INFLUENCING CUSTOMERS' PREFERENCES FOR DEPOSIT PRODUCTS IN ISLAMIC BANKING

KERIA BIN KONTOT

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Arshad Ayub Graduate Business School (AAGBS)

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ABSTRACT

A nation's financial and banking sectors are major contributors to its economic growth. To ensure this growth is sustainable, both these sectors have a responsibility to ensure an efficient allocation of resources towards a nation's economic development. This allocation may at times be inefficient owing to a scarcity of resources. The banking sector in particular, relies heavily on external sources of funding i.e. customer deposits owing to its lower associated costs. A series of financial scandals and crises, whether nationally or on a global scale has however, called into question the integrity and security of conventional banking systems. With their integrity in question, banks are increasingly succumbing to customer bargaining power who now favour ethical practices besides return maximisation and risk avoidance when making investment decisions. Changing customer perception towards the banking system has opened up myriad opportunities for Islamic banking to flourish. A pertinent question to this observation is, what drives a customer's choice of moving their funds to an Islamic bank? Prior studies in this regard have only explored the customer's choice of bank but not the motivations behind making the move from conventional to Islamic banking. This study thus aims to explore the factors that influence customer preferences to deposit their funds in Islamic banks. Specifically, this study explores the role of religion or religious affiliation in influencing a customer's preference in making this decision. Data was collected via paper and online surveys employing a non-probability convenient sampling technique. Data analysis was conducted through descriptive analysis as well as partial least squares structural equation modeling (PLS-SEM) and covariance-based structural equation modeling (CB-SEM) as part of the exploratory factor analysis (EFA) and confirmatory factor analysis (CFA). The key findings of this study reveal that a major driver of customer's preference in making the switch from conventional to Islamic banking lay in the impact of Shariah compliance and the flexibility of withdrawal. The findings also suggest two further components of customer preferences i.e. customer value proposition (CVP) and bank value proposition (BVP). Additionally, the results show that company attributes was a weak predictor of customer preferences. This study adds value to the literature and practice as it provides insightful information on bank customer behaviour – a group that is often neglected in the literature. Specifically, it provides evidence to show that bank customers consider a multitude of intangible factors beyond risk and return when making an investment decision. The results of this study highlights the factors behind customer preferences that warrant significant attention which will prove beneficial to banks in formulating marketing strategies to attract and/or retain customers besides managing cash mobility and allocating resources.

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