



**UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA**

**CMT200: UNIT OPERATIONS**

<b>Course Name (English)</b>	UNIT OPERATIONS <b>APPROVED</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	CMT200
<b>MQF Credit</b>	4
<b>Course Description</b>	An introductory course in unit operations which include concepts of material balances, and fundamental aspects of physical and mechanical processes such as distillation, liquid-liquid extraction, gas absorption, drying and humidification, size reduction as well as agitation and mixing.
<b>Transferable Skills</b>	1. Transfer fundamental knowledge and understanding of law, theories and principles on unit process commonly carried out in industries. 2. Able to manipulate, express and articulate scientific ideas in written form.
<b>Teaching Methodologies</b>	Lectures, Lab Work, Tutorial, Web Based Learning, Discussion
<b>CLO</b>	CLO1 Explain the process variables, types of processes, principles in material balances as well as physical and mechanical processes. CLO2 Perform the calculations to solve material balance problems in unit operations. CLO3 Relate the concept of physical and mechanical processes to solve quantitative problems visually and mathematically. CLO4 Demonstrate experimental findings based online laboratory related to unit operations.
<b>Pre-Requisite Courses</b>	No course recommendations

<b>Topics</b>	
<b>1. 1.0 Introduction to unit process</b>	1.1) 1.1 System of units: SI and AE system 1.2) 1.2 Process variables 1.3) 1.2.1 Composition 1.4) 1.2.2 Concentration 1.5) 1.2.3 Flow rate 1.6) 1.2.4 Temperature 1.7) 1.2.5 Pressure 1.8) 1.3 Physical and chemical process 1.9) 1.4 Introduction, definition and types of processes: Batch, continuous and semi-batch process 1.10) 1.5 Steady and unsteady-state processes
<b>2. 2.0 Material balance</b>	2.1) 2.1 Introduction to material balances: Integral and differential balance 2.2) 2.2 Material balance calculations 2.3) 2.2.1 Integral material balances on batch process 2.4) 2.2.2 Differential material balances on continuous process 2.5) 2.2.3 Material balances on multiple-unit processes 2.6) 2.2.4 Material balances on recycle and bypass processes
<b>3. 3.0 Distillation</b>	3.1) Physical concepts of distillation 3.2) 3.2 Vapor-liquid equilibrium relationship 3.3) 3.2.1 Vapor-liquid equilibrium of a pure liquid 3.4) 3.2.2 Vapor-liquid equilibrium of an ordinary binary liquid mixture in close and open system 3.5) 3.3 Ordinary binary mixture for a closed system 3.6) 3.3.1 Boiling point diagram 3.7) 3.3.2 Vapor-liquid equilibrium diagram 3.8) 3.3.3 Vapor-liquid equilibrium compositions 3.9) 3.3.4 Relative volatility

<p>3.10) 3.4 Single-stage distillation  3.11) 3.4.1 Flash (equilibrium) distillation.  3.12) 3.4.1.1 Equilibrium operating line  3.13) 3.4.1.2 Equilibrium composition of vapor and liquid  3.14) 3.4.2 Batch (differential) distillation  3.15) 3.4.2.1 Rayleigh equation  3.16) 3.4.2.2 Simplified Rayleigh equation  3.17) 3.5 Multi-stages distillation  3.18) 3.5.1 Rectification - definition and description of process  3.19) 3.5.2 McCabe - Thiele method of calculation including reflux ratio and the number of theoretical stages  3.20) 3.5.3 Overall plate efficiency  3.21) 3.5.4 Minimum and infinite reflux ratio</p>
<p><b>4. 4.0 Liquid-liquid extraction</b>  4.1) Definition and cases for using liquid-liquid extraction  4.2) 4.2 Triangular phase diagram  4.3) 4.3 Liquid-liquid extraction for miscible solvent  4.4) 4.3.1 Single-stage extraction calculation for miscible solvent  4.5) 4.3.2 Multistage counter current and number of theoretical stages  4.6) 4.3.3 Minimum solvent flow rate</p>
<p><b>5. 5.0 Gas absorption</b>  5.1) 5.1 Definition, applications and notations used in gas absorption  5.2) 5.2 Equipment and description for gas absorption  5.3) 5.2.1 Packed tower - description and flow arrangement  5.4) 5.2.2 Packing materials - characteristic and geometrical shapes  5.5) 5.3 Multistage counter-current operation, material balance and calculation based on graphical method  5.6) 5.4 Number of theoretical stages - graphical method</p>
<p><b>6. 6.0 Drying and humidification</b>  6.1) 6.1 Definition and principles of drying  6.2) 6.2 Typical drying rate curve  6.3) 6.3 Simple calculations related with drying  6.4) 6.4 Equipment used in drying operation  6.5) 6.5 Definition and principles of humidification  6.6) 6.6 Psychrometric chart (Humidity chart)  6.7) 6.7 Humidifier: Description and theoretical principles  6.8) 6.8 Cooling tower: Description and theoretical principles</p>
<p><b>7. 7.0 Size reduction</b>  7.1) 7.1 Introduction to size reduction  7.2) 7.2 Methods of size reduction  7.3) 7.2.1 Compression  7.4) 7.2.2 Impact  7.5) 7.2.3 Attrition  7.6) 7.2.4 Cutting  7.7) 7.3 Types of equipment used  7.8) 7.3.1 Crushers  7.9) 7.3.2 Grinders  7.10) 7.3.3 Ultrafine grinders  7.11) 7.3.4 Cutting machines</p>
<p><b>8. 8.0 Agitation and mixing</b>  8.1) 8.1 Introduction to agitation and mixing  8.2) 8.2 Agitation equipment used  8.3) 8.2.1 Vessel  8.4) 8.2.2 Agitators  8.5) 8.3 Flow patterns in agitated vessels  8.6) 8.4 Prevention of swirling</p>
<p><b>9. Equilibrium distillation</b>  9.1) Lab 1: Separating unknown binary mixture by using simple distillation</p>
<p><b>10. Batch distillation</b>  10.1) Lab 2: Separating ordinary binary mixture consisting of acetic acid and water</p>
<p><b>11. Liquid-liquid extraction</b>  11.1) Lab 3: Single-stage liquid-liquid extraction</p>
<p><b>12. Gas absorption</b>  12.1) Lab 4: Determination of air pressure differential across the dry column as a function of the air flow rate</p>
<p><b>13. Gas absorption</b>  13.1) Lab 5: Determination of air pressure differential across the wet column as a function of the air flow rate</p>
<p><b>14. Size reduction</b>  14.1) Lab 6: Introduction to Hammer Mill: Calculation percent of size reduction</p>
<p><b>15. Drying and humidification</b>  15.1) Lab 7: Introduction to drying process: Drying of a solid</p>



Assessment Breakdown	%
Continuous Assessment	50.00%
Final Assessment	50.00%

Details of Continuous Assessment	Assessment Type	Assessment Description	% of Total Mark	CLO
	Practical	Laboratory report cover distillation, liquid-liquid extraction, gas absorption, size reduction and drying processes.	20%	CLO4
	Quiz	Open Book Online Quiz 1 (Topic 7 and 8)	10%	CLO1
	Test	Online Test 1 (Topic 2 and 3)	20%	CLO2

Reading List	Reference Book Resources
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• W. L. McCabe, J. C. Smith and P. Harriot 2005, <i>Unit operations of chemical engineering</i>, 7 Ed., McGraw-Hill Education New York [ISBN: 0-07-039366-4]</li> <li>• Christie John Geankoplis 2003, <i>Transport processes and separation process principles (includes unit operations)</i>, 4 Ed., Prentice Hall New Jersey [ISBN: 0-13-101367-X]</li> <li>• R. M. Felder, R. W. Rousseau 2005, <i>Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes</i>, 3 Ed., John Wiley &amp; Sons, Inc. United States of America</li> <li>• M. Coulson and J. F. Richardson 2002, <i>Chemical Engineering: Unit Operations</i>, 5 Ed., Butterworth-Heinemann Oxford</li> <li>• D. M. Himmelblau and J. B. Riggs 2003, <i>Basic Principles and Calculations in Chemical Engineering: International Edition</i>, 7 Ed., Pearson Education Switzerland</li> </ul>
Article/Paper List	This Course does not have any article/paper resources
Other References	This Course does not have any other resources