# TEACHING AND LEARNING CALCULUS THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCE DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC: GOOGLE MEET

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### ABSTRACT

Millions of people are infected and hundred thousands are dead cause of the new coronavirus COVID-19. In order to break the chain of infection, government has instructed to Movement Control Order. Thus, all nonessential activities were put to a halt including higher education institutions. Ministry of Higher Education have suggested to move teaching and learning into online. This paper has presented a method of remotely teaching calculus using Google Meet among engineering and pharmacy students. The study explored how the students experienced studying calculus remotely. Google Meet is a free video conference platform that can be used by Google account users. iPad supported with Apple Pencil were used to teach during the lecture. Live screen of iPad's note was shared through Google Meet to transmit live video to remote students. A survey has been conducted and found that positive feedbacks from the students regarding remote teaching with Google Meet.

Keywords: Remote teaching, COVID19, Video conference, iPad, Calculus

#### Introduction

A new infectious virus COVID-19 was identified in Wuhan, China as the newest member of coronavirus family (Doug et al., 2020). The virus spread in over 200 countries around the world. At present, World Health Organization (WHO) reported more than 12 million confirmed cases and more than half of million deaths around the world (WHO, 2020). The virus spread rapidly from human to human transmission. Primarily, via oral and nasal droplet generated during sneezing, coughing and talk. Physical contact with the patients and lack of proper ventilation is a closed area are also the risks to get infected (Al-Rohaimi & Al Otaibi, 2020). What makes this virus has developed into a pandemic is because no vaccine yet to be found (Anderson et al., 2020). However, researchers worldwide are racing to develop the vaccine, and some are already under clinical trials (Al-Rohaimi & Al Otaibi, 2020). Most governments have taken strict action to resist the virus of spreading in their countries. Malaysia is not accepted. Ministry of Health (MoH) started with enforcement of health screening at all borders and entry points to prevent the disease transmission from spreading in the country. To enhance the enforcement, the government implemented Movement Control Order (MCO) countrywide (Shah et al., 2020). Most nonessential activities are affected such as business, religious activities, sports and also learning as they are put to halt. Thus, educational institutions are suggested by Ministry of Higher Education (MoHE) to move their teaching and learning into online (MoHE, 2020).

Universiti Teknologi MARA (UiTM), the largest educational institution in Malaysia, introduced e-learning since 2005 as an alternative to the conventional teaching and learning (Che Zakaria, 2020). UiTM developed online portal called i-Learn which is now known as UFuture as a platform for lecturers to flip the classroom to online classroom. This initiative taken since 15 years ago has indirectly prepared the readiness of lecturers and students for online learning. During the pandemic COVID-19, UiTM has immediately moved all classes to open and distance learning (ODL) (Abu Karim, 2020). Malaysia has been recorded as among the highest number of educators using online platform such as Google Glassroom to flip their class (Mohd Adnan, 2020). This shows a good sign as Malaysian educators are already lifting the Sustainable Development Goal 4 (Quality Education). Since the outbreak, the use of online platform has becoming a new norm for teachers and students (Lee & Yeong, 2020). There are many options available for teachers to flip their class either by using online learning management systems (Edmodo, ClassDojo and Google Classroom), Massive Open Online Course (MOOC) platforms (Coursera, Udemy and Open Learning) and also online video conference platforms (Zoom, Skype and Google Meet). Google Classroom is one of the best platforms for teaching and learning around the world as it is very effective and flexible that can be accessed from laptops, PCs and mobiles easily by anyone who has Google account (Albashtawi and Al Bataineh, 2020).

Calculus is a fundamental course for science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) students before they go to advanced classes (Smolinsky et al., 2018). In calculus, the topics covered are function and graphs, limits and continuity, and techniques of differentiation and

integration and its applications. Calculus is important especially in the fields of engineering and medical. In engineering there are many applications of calculus, for example, optimization problems, finding area and volume and also calculating fluid pressure (Anton, 2009). In medical, modelling population growth and the spread of disease are examples of application of calculus in real life. At present, many researchers have developed mathematical model for the spread of the COVID-19 (Ivorra et al., 2020; Aviv-Sharon and Aharoni, 2020; Roosa et al., 2020; Ngonghala, 2020). This shows that mathematics is also plays important role during this pandemic time to estimate the number of cases for the good of economic and social.

During this pandemic, education has moved to online. Calculus course can be taught online because it does not involve hands-on activities. The problem that faced in the calculus course is that it is a symbolic scientific language. The mathematical formulas are easier to be hand-drawn rather than typing on a keyboard (Fan et al., 2021). Furthermore, interactive learning is needed in online teaching to achieve knowledge transfer. To replace blackboard, extra devices are needed in teaching mathematics such as stylus or pen tablet. This paper presents a method of remotely teaching calculus using Google Meet among engineering and pharmacy students in UiTM. The study explores how the students experienced studying calculus remotely.

## **Materials and Methods**

UiTM has subscribed G Suite that comes in bundle including all the Google applications. As a subscriber, all UiTM staffs are privileged to use Google Meet with up to 250 number of participants and can held more than 1hour meeting. As a gesture of goodwill, Google allows all users to use Google Meet for up to 24 hours of maximum meeting length during the pandemic. This paper will discuss on teaching calculus remotely with the use of Google Meet and iPad.

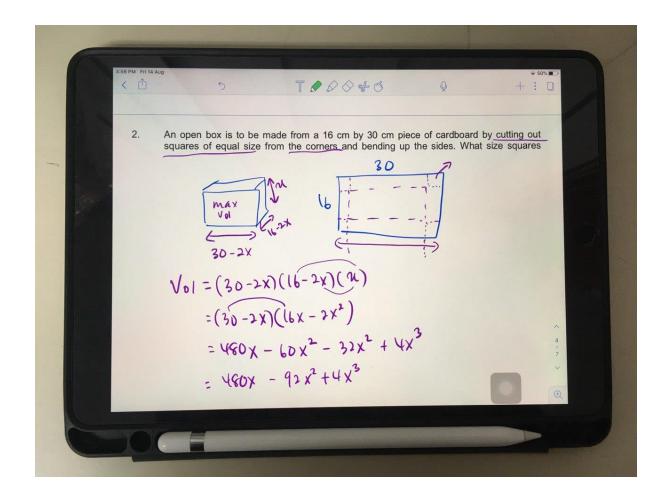


Figure 1: Apple Pencil used to write on iPad during lecture session on Google Meet.

## Lectures

Students were well aware of using online video conference applications such as Google Meet, Zoom, Skype and Microsoft Teams. Devices that were used by students are laptops and mobile phones. Before the lectures started, lecturers explained basic rules during lecture sessions such as the microphones must always on mute unless necessary, attendance form will be given at the end of lectures and lectures will be recorded for future reference. Students were prepared with lecture notes that they have bought from the early semester before the pandemic started. However, some of them left the notes at their hostels. Therefore, PDF files were shared with them through Telegram group and Padlet. The lectures were conducted based on the notes.

#### The Setup

Since 2015, Apple has introduced Apple Pencil to be used with iPad. Various models of iPads can support the Pencil, starting with the cheapest iPad 2019 until the high-end model iPad Pro 2020. In this paper, mid-range iPad was used which is the iPad Air supported with Apple Pencil 1<sup>st</sup> Generation. The simple setup is shown as in Figure 1. Live screen of iPad is shared (presented) in Google Meet. The concept is similar to teaching in physical classroom with blackboard. According to Fan et al. (2021), teaching mathematics is easier to be hand drawn rather than typing on a keyboard because it involves symbolic scientific language especially when writing the formulas. So, this kind of setup is the best solution to imitate the writing on a blackboard in a physical classroom. A Google Meet lecture session was conducted every week. A total of students participated in the sessions were 84 students. Every session was recorded. The recorded videos were posted to the Padlet for them to rewatch in case they missed some points during the sessions. From Google Meet, the recorded session is stored in cloud Google Drive. The drawback of Google Meet is if the students' internet connection is bad, they might be having lag and delays during the live stream. Therefore, uploading the recorded session in Padlet or share the video link is very important to make sure the students are not left behind in their study.

#### Assessments

Three assessments were given to the students to measure their understanding. Assessment was given every end of the chapter to test their knowledge on the particular chapter. Students were given 4 hours to finish their assessments. Preparation to scan and upload were included in the 4. Their answer scripts were scanned and submitted as PDF files through Google Form link that was provided in the Padlet. Google Form was chosen as a platform for the students to upload their answer because to avoid the other students to see their friends answer who submitted earlier. Only the lecturer can access the responded forms.

All answer scripts were graded by lecturers and returned them to the students within a week. The answer scripts were graded manually from the iPad. The lecturers can freely mark the scripts on the PDF files.

#### **Attendance and Survey**

At the end of each lecture, attendance forms were given in the Google Meet chat section. Basic personal details such as name, matric number and class group. In the form also, comment section was available for to the students to leave comments and feedbacks based on the particular lecture that they have attended. On the final lecture, a separate survey was conducted to get the overall feedback and to explore the experience based on remote teaching of calculus through Google Meet. Questions such as their preference of Google Meet compared to other video conference platforms and ease of use of Google Meet were included in the survey to determine whether the students were coping successfully with the pandemic.

#### **Results and Discussion**

Student from Faculty of Pharmacy and Faculty of Electrical Engineering were involved in this survey. 8 series of lectures were delivered during the pandemic until the end of the semester were conducted entirely through Google Meet. A total of 56 participants completed the survey. Of them, 29 participants (52%) were from Faculty of Pharmacy and the remaining are from Faculty of Electrical Engineering. All of them were in second semester.

Participants were asked how strongly they agreed that they enjoyed calculus lectures on Google Meet where 14 participants (25%) strongly agreed, 28 participants (50%) agreed and 14 participants (25%) neither agreed nor disagreed. This can be reflected from the survey about the speed of their internet access was very fast where 4 participants (7%) very agreed, 39 participants (70%) agreed, 10 participants (18%) neither agreed nor disagreed and 3 participants (5%) disagreed. Students that did not have stable internet connectivity found that the calculus lectures remotely unenjoyable.

Participants were asked how strongly they prefer Google Meet rather than other video conference platforms such as Zoom and Microsoft Teams where 32 participants (57%) strongly agreed, 18 participants (32%) agreed and 3 participants (11%) neither agreed nor disagreed. This also can be reflected on the next questions where they were asked how easy Google Meet was to be used where 34 participants (61%) strongly agreed and 22 participants (39%) agreed. Google

Meet is a straightforward platform where all users can join the meeting by simply clicking the invitation link. In addition, the interface is user friendly and not complicated.

# Conclusions

A method of remotely teaching calculus through Google Meet among students of Faculty of Pharmacy and Faculty of Electrical Engineering was presented. During the pandemic, remote teaching is the only option available in order to break the chain of the COVID-19. To make sure that no students are left behind, using a simple application like Google Meet where everyone can access for free is the best option.

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