

Cawangan Johor Kampus Pasir Gudang

# FACULTY OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

# DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (EM110) J4EM1105K

# FUNDAMENTALS OF ENTREPRENUERSHIP ENT 300

BUSINESS NAME PRODUCT NAME

PREPARED FOR:

SIR NAZRI

# PREPARED BY:

NAME	STUDENT ID
MUHAMMAD HAKIMIE BIN MD MOKHTAR	2020464048
MUHAMAD ISKANDAR BIN AHMAD ZULFAKAR	2020852322
ESQANDARHAIQAL BIN AHMAD ZAHID	2020827576
MUHAMMAD REDZUAN BIN ZAINI	2020494764

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Assalamualaikum, first of all we would like to say Alhamdulillah because we finally finished our group assignment. We are deeply to say thank you to our lecturer of Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship (ENT300), Sir Nazri bin Nasir who always help us in finish our assignment as well.

Secondly, we would like to give a credit all group members that had always been dedicated to make this assignment successful. Without their hardworking, this assignment would not be completed.

Finally, our family are one of the support systems. They help us a lot such as an idea, knowledge and others to make this assignment successful.

# **TABLE OF CONTENT**

# Table of Content

Table of Content	Pages
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	lx - x
1.0 INTRODUCTION:	1 – 7
2.0 ADMINISTRATION PLAN	8 – 19
3.0 MARKETING PLAN	20 – 29
4.0 OPERATION PLAN	31 – 43
5.0 FINANCIAL PLAN	44 – 53
6.0 BUSINESS MODEL CANVAS (BMC)	54 – 55
7.0 CONCLUSION	56 – 57
REFERENCES	58 – 59

# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### **Executive Summary**

Stop N Kobab is a place where you can find variation of kebab with a wonderful taste for affordable price for all kebab lover and of course with our priority objective to make every person can fell in love with our kebab. Our primary target is focused in Johor Bahru city area to start our business by targeting a buyer of teenager this food would likely to attract a teenager to taste a thing they never had before. We will take advantage of teenager that will like our food to promote it to social media as teenager nowadays like to make everything that they like viral and we sure with this kind of advantage we can attract a lot of customers to come to our stall. Our business is run by five main job which are general manager, administration manager, financial manager, marketing manager and operation manager. All of us have a significant part to play in this firm, and together we will ensure its success. From our observation we are sure that our business will gain a profit after doing a survey with aspect of competition with other same business, our product quality, price etc. All of that after combined with our marketing strategy, we are sure that our business will become a great success in future by achieve to be a better kebab seller in Malaysia.

# **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

### **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

### 1.1 Name of The Business

The name of the business is "Stop n' Kobab" and this is a partnership company of 4 beginner businessman in Johor Bahru. This business provides two side dishes which is "roti pita" and beef or chicken wrap. The customers can choose the ingredients and topping for the "roti pita". The word "Stop" is to give the attention to people who walk in front of our stall too see our menu. The business runs with a stall, and it is located at Johor Bahru town. The word "Kobab" attracts many customers because it is a common word that everyone said when they talk to their friends.

#### 1.2 Nature of The Business

Stall in the night market, small cuisine operations, and more are all part of the food especially chicken and beef. Work in this sector might include everything from preparation to cooking and serving food.

#### 1.4 Location of The Business

The location of our business is targeted at Dataran Johor Bahru. The main reason is because Dataran Johor Bahru are one of the famous hotspot locations which flooded with tourist, and it is one of the places that still active until midnight. The place also is near to the Padang Seri Gelam which always have a football event. So, it is the greatest opportunity to do a business there.

#### **1.5** Date of business commencement

Our business collaboration which is Stop N' Kobab had been registered since 18<sup>th</sup> August 2018. We started running our business commencement on 5<sup>th</sup> December 2018 with only two stalls been opened back then. Until now, we have spreaded our franchise in several places.

#### 1.6 Factor in Selecting the Proposed Business

The major factor of selecting this business is we are expert in cooking field. We can use this opportunity to impress people by tasting our food in order to make our brand become more famous. We can easily grow our business all around the country with a strong fanbase. Of course, we are aiming to become very successful and well-known brand. Other than that, financial and budget that we have can afford to open this business since our type of business is partnership business. This is great decision for beginner like us comparing to open by on your own. We can share ideas to make sure our business can operate longer to gain high profit. Lastly, passion of each member for this business is one of the factors also. Being passionate about our business is a must because we want it to become a reality.

## 1.7 Future Prospects of the Business

For the short term, we are aiming to set 100 000 selling in one year. It is to confirm that we have a strong fanbase to a set a new target for the business. Other than that, we want to upgrade our stall to ensure our customer can experience a good environment. For example, providing few tables and chairs for customers while they are waiting for their orders. For the long term, we want to open at least one branch for every state in Malaysia. It is easy for customer because they don't need to waste their time to travel far away since our new branch is nearer from their house.

# 2.0 ADMINISTRATION PLAN

## 2.0 ADMINISTRATION PLAN

## 2.1 Introduction to Organization

### <u>VISION</u>

Stop n' Kobab aims to become the most famous kebab seller all around the world and serve the best kebab for kebab lover and let them experience the joy of delicious food they ever experience.

### **MISSION**

Stop n' Kobab strives to attract people's interest about kebab to ensure the stability of our business with a strong fanbase.

### <u> MOTTO</u>

"Every day is Kebab Day"

Our motto wants to encourage people to think about kebab every day. Even though kebab is most likely a dessert, but it is not impossible to assume people are going to eat it at least once in a day. It is our main priority to make sure people have a good impression about kebab, so they feel worth to buy.

# **OBJECTIVE**

- Serve the best and delicious kebab in Malaysia.
- To open a lot of branches within three years.
- To be known all over the place in Malaysia.

# SHORT TERM GOALS

- Our stall gets known and acceptance by community in Johor within six months.
- Getting profits within five months to maintain our stall production and ensure our stall can operate longer.
- Receive at least 100 customers on first day launching.
- Receive a lot of feedbacks from customers to improve our services and production.
- Can gives satisfaction to our customers with our kebab.

## LONG TERM GOALS

- Have a strong fanbase in social media such as TikTok, Instagram, Facebook and Twitter to helps us promote our business.
- Successfully open one branch for each state in Malaysia within 2 years.
- Manage to turn our stall business to one big company.
- Provide new menu for customers so they don't get boring with the same menu.

# **BUSINESS AND LOGO DESCRIPTION**

Our business name is Stop N' Kobab. We choose this name because it is symbolizing our business operation. Since our business using concept of stall, people can easily imagine how our business works. People just have to stop by to order it and wait in their car while we are preparing their foods. That's why we named our business "Stop N' Kobab". It is similar to drive thru in McDonald and Starbucks.

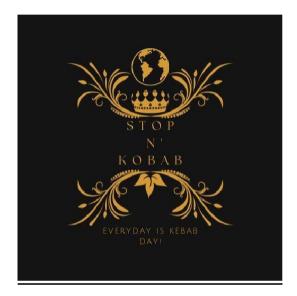


Figure 2.1.1

Our logo may look simply but each detail in this logo brought its own meaning and ambition for our business.

- The earth on the top means we want to be well known in this world.
- The crown symbolizes our achievements in business field. It also shows how success this business is.
- Leaves indicates our customers. "Stop N' Kobab" in the middle with a lot of leaves between the name shows that this business is strong because of support that we receive from the community. We can assume that leaves as wings for us to rise and keep pushing to be on top of the world.

"Every day Is Kebab Day!" is our motto. The reason we chose this motto is to let people always remember about kebab and make kebab as their main menu every day.

# 2.2 Organization Chart

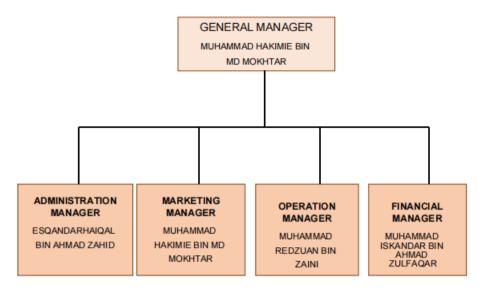


Figure 2.2.1

# 2.3 Administration Personnel

# Table 1: List of Administration Personnel

POSITION	NO OF PERSONNELS
General Manager	1
Administration Manager	1
Marketing Manager	1
Operation Manager	1
Financial Manager	1

# Table 2: Schedule of Tasks and Responsibilities

POSITION	TASK AND RESPONSIBILITIES
General Manager	<ul> <li>Responsible in monitor organization's movements.</li> <li>Improve staff and low-level manager's skills.</li> <li>Hiring new employees if needed.</li> <li>Responsible to make decisions.</li> <li>Making sure all objectives, mission and vision can be achieved.</li> </ul>
Administration Manager	<ul> <li>Plan, coordinate and manage all procedures and systems about administration.</li> <li>To determine the office equipment and supplies.</li> <li>Handling staff's salary.</li> <li>Responsible to manage the system systematically.</li> <li>To develop organization chart.</li> </ul>
Marketing Manager	<ul> <li>Responsible to attract people buying our products.</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Manage business's social media such as Facebook, Instagram and TikTok.</li> <li>Provide marketing strategies to gain more profits.</li> <li>Analyze every feedback from customers to improve our service.</li> <li>Must have creativity in promoting our products.</li> </ul>
Operation Manager	<ul> <li>Responsible in providing every facility needed.</li> <li>Analyze data to calculate the cost-benefit ratio.</li> <li>Monitor employee schedules.</li> <li>Responsible in inventory management.</li> </ul>
Financial Manager	<ul> <li>Provide accurate financial report of business to identify loss or profit.</li> <li>Responsible in control cash flow and developing cash flow statements.</li> <li>Monitor the movement of invetories.</li> <li>Control the risk of over budget in during operation.</li> </ul>

POSITION	NO.	MONTHLY	EPF, RM	SOCSO,	TOTAL,
		SALARY,	(13%)	RM	RM
		RM		(1.75%)	
General	1	2000.00	300.00	35.00	2335.00
Manager					
Administration	1	2000.00	300.00	35.00	2335.00
Manager					
Marketing	1	2000.00	300.00	35.00	2335.00
Manager					
Operation	1	2000.00	300.00	35.00	2335.00
Manager					
Financial	1	2000.00	300.00	35.00	2335.00
Manager					
TOTAL	5				11675.00

 Table 3: Schedule of Remuneration

# 2.4 Office Equipment and Supplies

ТҮРЕ	PRICE/UNIT (RM)	QUANTITY	TOTAL (RM)		
	EQUIPMENT				
Laptop	1000.00	1	1000.00		
Smartphone	1000.00	1	1000.00		
Cash Register	230.00	1	230.00		
Printer	180.00	1	180.00		
Table	60.00	6	360.00		
Chair	49.00	5	245.00		
Air Conditioning	1000.00	2	2000.00		
Photocopy	500.00	1	500.00		
Machine					
TOTAL			5515.00		
	SUPPLIES				
Pen	5.00	3	15.00		
Calculator	8.50	3	25.50		
A4 Paper	60.00	2	120.00		
Printer Ink	40.00	5	200.00		
TOTAL			360.50		

# Table 4: List of Office and Supplies

2.5 Office Furniture's and Fittings

Table 5: List of	Office and	Fittings
------------------	------------	----------

TYPE	PRICE/UNIT (RM)	QUANTITY	TOTAL (RM)
Fan	600.00	1	600.00
Sofa	310.00	1	310.00
Small cabinet	80.00	2	160.00
Refrigerator	630.00	1	630.00
Metal Cupboard	300.00	1	300.00
TOTAL			2000.00

# 2.6 Administrative Budget

ITEMS	FIXED ASSETS	MONTHLY	OTHER
	(RM)	EXPENSES	EXPENSES (RM)
		(RM)	
Fixed Assets			
Office equipment	5515.00		
Renovation	360.50		
Furniture and	2000.00		
Fitting			
Working Capital			
Rent		800.00	
Licence		15.00	
Utilities		1300.00	
Salary		29547.68	
Pre-Operation			
Business			
Registration			15.00
Deposit			1300.00

Table 6: Administration Budget

# **3.0 MARKETING PLAN**

# 3.0 MARKETING PLAN

3.1 Marketing Objectives

Stop N' Kobab Stall objectives are as follows:

- To achieve well-known stall at Johor Bahru state, about 30% population of the state for the first year
- > To increase our sell about 25% by 2024
- > To spread our branches around the country for each year.
- > To share our market size with investor

## 3.2 Business Description

- Stop N' Kobab is a stall where it provides food and beverages which is more focusing to the main dish which is Kebab or usually called 'Shawarma'.
- Our business also is one of the earliest businesses which selling pita bread and wrap as our main menu because most of stalls nowadays sells burger and common menu.
- Our goals are to achieve well-known stall across the country.
- The benefit from our stall is selling high quality Kebab which reach restaurant standards with possible low price from restaurant.
- We provide the best Kebab and Shawarma in the town even selling only at stall at roadside.
- Our business location is very strategic as our 1<sup>st</sup> stall is located at Dataran Johor Bahru which full of tourist and teenagers as it is one of the hotspots in Johor Bahru state
- Our operation hour is estimated from 4pm to 2am as it is the best time for people to eat Kebab and we operate from Tuesday to Sunday, and we closed on Monday as it is working day.

#### 3.3 Target Market

#### Segmenting Market

The activity of grouping or segmenting a market of potential customers based on different criteria is known as market segmentation. The segments created are made up of customers that respond similarly to marketing strategies and who have traits such similar requirements, wants, or geographic location. Its goal is to ensure that companies may segment their clientele to promote their goods and services more effectively.

- Geographic Segmentation
- Behavioural Segmentation

#### **Geographic Segmentation**

The division of a company's market depending on geography is known as geographic segmentation. Cities, counties, regions, countries, and foreign territories can all be used to geographically segment markets. The three types of markets are urban, suburban, and rural. We can identify the product that the customer needs in a specific location using this segmentation.

For Stop N' Kobab Stall, Dataran Bandaraya Johor Bahru, 80100 Johor Bahru, Johor is the place where our stall located. Our business location is very strategic because it is public attention place as there are a lot of tourist and young people who love to hang out there.

#### **Behavioural Segmentation**

The key behavioural segmentation examples are usage and purchase patterns, occasion- and time-based patterns, benefit-driven patterns, and customer loyalty patterns. Each of these behavioural parts will be thoroughly examined in this tutorial, along with how they function.

## 3.4 Market Trend & Market Size

### Market Trend

As we know, nowadays people are increasing day to day and population of one state will be increased. Not included to people who moved into another state especially for job purpose. Fortunately, Johor Bahru is one of the best states for looking job and for living purpose. When, comes to population growth in a state, food businesses are one of the importance businesses to run because food are needs for our routine life. It is one of the best ways to run this business at this state.

## Market Size



Figure 3.4.1

From the figure above, there are 1,711,191 of current population of Johor Bahru state.

Population x Average Price = Market Size

1,711,191 x RM10 = RM17,111,910

Our sales forecast is 1% from market size

RM17,111,190 x 1% = RM171,111.90

From the sales forecasting we would be able to generate how many customers per year. Average price per customer is RM10.

No.	Menu	Estimates Sales Per	Total Estimated	Total Estimated
		Menu	Sales/Monthly	Sales/Yearly
			(RM)	(RM)
1.	Kebab	RM10 x 1300	13,000	179,000
2.	Shawarma	RM10 x 1125	11,250	135,000

# Table 3.4.1: Estimated Sales Per Month and Year

3.5 Competitors – Strength and Weakness of Competitors

# Table 3.5.1: Competitors and their Strength and Weaknesses

Competitors	Strength	Weaknesses
GTR BURGER	They have a lot of branches around the country since 2015	The price of the product is too pricey which is not equivalent
		for a stall
UNCLE BOB	They have their personal secret recipe which make the product tastier	Always have the same menu since the beginning of the start of business

# 3.6 Market Share

Market share is referred to as the division of sales or the market between businesses engaged in similar commercial activity. It will consider the number of rivals, experience, strengths, and shortcomings. The market share breakdown prior to and following our company's entry into the market is displayed in the table below.

Market share before the entrance of Stop N' Kobab Stall:

Table 3.6.1: Market S	Share before entrance
-----------------------	-----------------------

Competitors	Market Share (%)	Total Market Share (RM)
GTR BURGER	67	342,650
UNCLE BOB	33	172,300
Total	100	514,950

Market share after the entrance of Stop N' Kobab Stall:

Table 3.6.2: Market	Share after entrance

Competitors	Market Share Before Entrance (%)	Market Loss (%)	Market Share After Entrance (%)	Total Market Share (RM)
GTR BURGER	67	7	60	308,970
UNCLE BOB	33	13	20	102,990
STOP N' KOBAB	-	-	20	102,990
Total	100	20	100	514,950

# 3.7 Sales Forecast

# Sales Forecast for Year:

Month	Sales Forecast (RM)
January	25,000
February	25,000
March	25,000
April	25,000
Мау	25,000
June	25,000
July	25,000
August	25,000
September	25,000
October	25,000
November	25,000
December	25,000
Total	300,000

Sales Forecast by Year:

# Table 3.7.2: Sales Forecast by Year

Year	Percentage Increase (%)	Sales Forecast (RM)
1	-	300,000
2	12	360,000
3	13.3	400,000

# 3.8 Marketing Strategy

## **Business Strategy**

# Table 3.8.1: Business Strategy

Name	STOP N' KOBAB STALL
Business Quality	Our menu is basically from the ancestors of one of our partners. The
	menu is actually haven't changed but will be improved based on size
	and quantity.
Business Package	Kebab = RM10
	Shawarma = RM10
	Kebab + Shawarma = RM18
Business Differentiation	There are so many stalls outside there selling food and beverages.
	But we always see food that only sell burgers and satay. So, we
	decided to sell other than that and the menu is Kebab and Shawarma
	which is from Turkey food.
	Cash-on-Delivery services
After Sales Service (if	Follow-ups
appropriate)	
	We will ask feedback from our customers about the quality of our
	food so that we can make improvements from the feedback.

## Pricing Strategy

For our pricing strategy will be used based on other places that selling Kebab and Shawarma. We will offer the best price as we are only opening stall so that we can easily compete with other restaurants.

## Table 3.8.2: Pricing Strategy

Competitors	Price (RM)
Restaurants that selling Kebab and Shawarma	18
Kebab and Shawarma at Stop N' Kobab	10

# Promotion Strategy

> We will advertise our business in some ways.

etc: online advertisement, flyers, and banner & bunting

- > Giving discount for entire first day of opening
- > Make a set menu instead of ala carte

# Table 3.8.3: Promotion Strategy

Promotion Strategy	Price	
Advertising (Signboard + Flyers + Banner)	2500	
First day opening, Birthday event, Special public holiday	Give a 20% discount	
Set Menu discount (Kebab + Shawarma Combo)	From RM20 decrease to RM18	

# 3.9 Marketing Budget

Items	Fixed Asset (RM)	Working Capital	Other Expenses
		(RM)	(RM)
Fixed Assets			
Stall	1,000		
Cooking items	1,000		
Working Capital			
Promotion		1,000	
Other Expenditure			
Other expenditure			500
Petrol and Vehicle Maintenance			1,500
Total (RM)	2,000	1,000	2,000

# **4.0 OPERATION PLAN**

## **4.1 OPERATION OBJECTIVES**

One of the most important roles in a business organisation is operation. Operational management is essential to ensuring that the business can produce goods or provide services in accordance with the requirements, standards, and deadlines of the customer. The process of organising business inputs into outputs in the form of products or services is another definition of operations management. Therefore, operational goals should be specific and attainable to give our company's daily operations clear guidance. Since different staff members may have varying priorities and values, it can be challenging to establish operational objectives that are recognised and understood by everyone. Therefore, it's crucial to involve employees in the goal-setting process and to make sure they understand it. Business plans can be created to achieve the objectives once acceptable operational goals have been established for each department.

The objectives include:

- To ascertain that all activities are carried out in a timely and cost-effective manner by 70% in 2024
- To provide 100% of the best systems and methods for operation management on daily basis.
- To increase 50% of efficiency level by purchasing good materials, inventory planning and management of warehouse
- > To ensure the organization's processes is in according to high legal standard.
- > To give the best quality of services to customers
- > To get the maximize profit from this business
- > To serve the most delicious food especially "kebab"
- > To provide a comfortable space for customer to order the food
- > To recruit and train the new staff to be a quality worker for food and beverage business

An organisation may lose crucial lead time and momentum to combat fundamental changes when they do occur if it fails to meet its objectives and get ready for them. Morale issues arise when a company lacks direction because, in their eyes, the future is unknowable, unpredictable, and out of their control. These sobering conclusions can only be seen as a threat to employment, which has a negative impact on productivity. Strategic planning is crucial in business because of this.

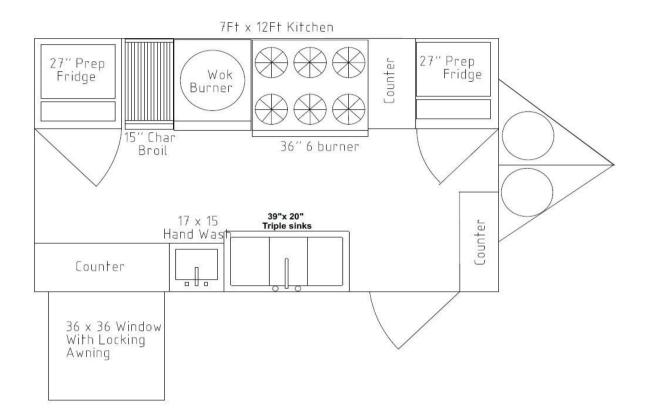
## **4.2 PROCESS PLANNING**

Customers make the orders at the counter Customers make the payment at the counter Customers wait for the food preparation Staff will call up the customer's name when the food ready Customers take their food and enjoy

33

# **4.3 OPERATION LAYOUT**

This is layout for our business when our business has the better sales in future. We wish to use the food truck in the future when this business has a good progress. Therefore, this is a layout for food truck.



This is partition for our current stall in the night market.

Partition	Description
Counter	The counter will be used for the customer to order
	their menu of choice and the workers will take the
	order and the this is where the exchange of money
	will occur between the customer and the workers.
Making "kebab" station	Place where the making "kebab" process
	will occur. It consist of compartment to store
	the raw material and equipment.
	This his umbrollo will used for our stall to
Umbrella stall	This big umbrella will used for our stall to
	get a comfortable place to make this
	business.

## **4.4 CAPACITY PLANNING**

Information	Calculation
Total workdays	26 days
Daily customer	70
BOM per customer	12
No of population	1,086,000
Sales monthly	RM 25,000
Sales yearly	RM 25,000 X 12MONTHS = RM300,000

## **4.5 MATERIAL PLANNING**

# Bill of Material

Table below showed cooking items for a month

Material	Quantity	Price/uni	Total
		t (RM)	price
			(RM)
Pita Bread	364	5.00/packet	1820.00
Ground Beef	152	11.00/400g	1672.00
Carrot	95	3.50/500g	332.50
Onion	85	5.80/1.5kg	493.00
Cucumber	82	1.40/kg	114.80
Tomato	100	2.90/500g	290.00
Curry powder	320	0.65/packet	208.00
Margarine	245	8.00/kg	1960.00
Chili sauce	200	6.00/kg	1200.00
Mayonnaise	175	12.40/L	2170.00
Oil cooking	200	3.70/kg	740.00
Total			11,000.00

# Supplier of cooking item

No.	Cooking Items	Supplier		
1	Pita bread	Malinja Doner Kebab & Bakery Sdn Bhd		
2	Ground beef	ZS Armin Sdn Bhd		
3	Carrot	Wawasan Elektra Sdn Bhd		
4	Onion	Wawasan Elektra Sdn Bhd		
5	Cucumber	Wawasan Elektra Sdn Bhd		
6	Tomato	Wawasan Elektra Sdn Bhd		
7	Curry powder	Adabi Consumer Industries Sdn. Bhd.		
8	Margarine	Delima Oil Products Sdn Bhd		
9	Chili sauce	AI-Saff Enterprise		
10	Mayonnaise	Yong Wen Food (M) Sdn. Bhd.		
11	Oil cooking	Golden Palm Oil Industries Sdn Bhd		

# 4.6 MACHINES AND EQUIPMENT PLANNING

ITEMS	QUANTITY	PRICE PER UNIT (RM)	TOTAL COST (RM)
Grill	1	400	400
Gas stove	3	60	180
Cutting Board	5	2	10
Apron	4	3	12
Fridge	2	300	600
Sauce Bottle	8	2	16
Meat Grinder	1	120	120
Mask	150pcs/3 box	20	60
First Aid Kit	2	50	100
Gloves	300pcs/3 box	24	24
Total			1922

Table below show list of machines and equipment

Supplier of Machines and Equipment

No	Items	Supplier
1	Grill	Kitchen Arena Sdn Bhd
2	Gas Stove	Man Kian Hardware & Trading Sdn Bhd
3	Cutting board	Clarity Excel Sdn Bhd
4	Apron	GreenChef Sdb Bhd
5	Fridge	Kitchen Arena Sdn Bhd
6	Sauce Bottle	Clarity Excel Sdn Bhd
7	Meat grinder	Clarity Excel Sdn Bhd
8	Gloves	Behealth Medic Sdn Bhd
9	First Aid Kit	Behealth Medic Sdn Bhd

#### 4.7 MANPOWER PLANNING

No. of Worker Required = <u>Planned Rate of Production per day</u> x Worker Standard Production Time / Unit Worker

Productive Time per day

= 4 **≈** 4 Worker

#### 4.8 OVERHEAD REQUIREMENT

Table below shows the total of overhead requirement cost

OPERATIONS EXPENDITURE	
Fixed Assets	RM
machine & equipment	2,000
van	13,000
Working Capital	
Raw Materials & Packaging	11,000
Carriage Inward & Duty	
Salaries, EPF & SOCSO	
salary (part time)	1,500
Other Expenditure	
Other Expenditure	2000
Pre-Operations	
Deposit (rent, utilities, etc.)	4,000
Business Registration & Licences	
Insurance & Road Tax for Motor Vehicle	1,200
Other Expenditure	
TOTAL	34,700

### LICENSE. PERMITS AND REGULATIONS REQUIRED

#### Importance of licenses

In order to start a business in Malaysia, we must first obtain a valid business licence. Licenses, registrations, permit, and approvals are all importants. The Pihak Berkuasa Melesen (PBM) can issue a business licence based on the location and type of business.

Our STOP AND "KOBAB" must comply with some form of licencing before it can lawfully begin functioning, which could be a general licence, an industry/sector specific licence, or an activity specific licence.

#### List of General licences required:

- Company Registration
- Company and Employees Income Tax Registration
- Employees Provident Fund
- Social Security Organisation
- Human Resources Development Fund
- Business Premise Licenses and Signboard

#### Licenses for Company

- (i) Certificate of Incorporation (Form 9/ Notice Section 17) 1 copy.
- (ii) Return of Particulars of Directors, Managers and Secretaries (Form 49 / Notice Section 58)–1 copy.
- (iii) Photos of our business premise (front and interior of premise).
- (iv) Any one Director's NRIC / Passport as stated in Form 49 / Notice Section 58 1 copy.
- (v) Sample of signboard indicating design and color (if applicable); (vi) Photos showing location of signboard (if applicable).

### For Enterprise (Sole-proprietor / Partnership)

- (i) Certificate of Registration of Business (Form D) 1 copy.
- (ii) e-SSM Business Profile 1 copy.
- (iii) Photos of business premise (front and interior of premise);

- (iv) Copy of any Business owner/Partner's NRIC as stated in Form 49 1 copy;
- (v) Sample of signboard indicating design and color (if applicable); (vi) Photos showing location of signboard (if applicable).

### Activity Specific licenses

- Certificate of Fitness for Certified Machinery
- Building Plan Approval
- Sales Tax Licence

## IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

Table below show our implementation schedule

Activitie s	Deadlines	Duration s
Incorporation of business	Oct – Dec 2022	3 months
Application for permits and license	Oct – Dec 2022	3 months
Searching for business premise	Nov – Dec 2022	2 months
Premise Renovation	January 2023	1 month
Procurement of cooking items	Feb – March 2023	2 months
Recruitment of staffs	Feb 2023	1 month
Installation of cooking items	March 2023	1 month

# **5.0 FINANCIAL PLAN**

#### **5.0 FINANCIAL OBJECTIVES**

Another main activity for business which is very vital to consider and have a better financial plan. Financial can be defined as something which is relatable to finance, money, economics, accounting and budgeting. In other words, it is a management of money which also includes activities such as investing, borrowing, lending, saving, budgeting, and forecasting. Financial plan must include all financial data derived from the administration budgets, marketing budgets. and operation budgets. All the information then will be translated and transformed into a financial budget. The financial plan includes in determining the total project cost, choice of sources of financing such as loan, grants, equity financing, venture capital, guarantee scheme, tax incentives and many more, and also preparation on financial projection in terms of pro forma statements that include cash flow, income statement, and balance sheet. In addition, financial plans should be supported by depreciation schedules for every fixed cost owned as well as amortization schedules for loan and hire purchase repayments.

#### The objectives of financial plan are:

- To ensure the maximum capacity of internal source is generated.
- To capitalize the maximum availability of internal sources
- To make sure that initial capital is adequate and sufficient.
- To analyze 70% viability of business project before the actual investment is committed
- To ensure the project implementation is 100% success.
- To ensure that the debt is restructured at least at minimal level.

Without a financial plan, cash flow for business might be unclear and also can cause problems. in the future as there is no trace of where the money is coming from and going to. In short, a financial plan and report are very important and acts as a backbone of a business as it will keep the track of incoming and outgoing money. In short, the four main financial objectives are: profitability, liquidity, efficiency, and stability

# 5.1Operational budget

ADMINISTRATIVE BUDGET					
Particulars	F.Assets	Monthly Exp.	Others	Total	
Fixed Assets					
Land & Building	3,000			3,000	
Office equipment	5,866			5,866	
Furniture and fitting	2,000			2,000	
	-			-	
Working Capital					
office rental		800		800	
salary (administration manager)		2,335		2,335	
salary (general manager)		2,335		2,335	
salary (financial manager)		2,335		2,335	
		-		-	
		-		-	
		-		-	
Pre-Operations & Other Expenditure					
Other Expenditure			500		
Deposit (rent, utilities, etc.)			1,300	1,300	
Business Registration & Licences			2,500	2,500	
Insurance & Road Tax for Motor Vehicle			-	-	
Other Pre-Operations Expenditure			-	-	
Total	10,866	7,805	4,300	22,471	

Figure 5.1.1 Administrative Budget

MARKETING BUDGET					
Particulars	F.Assets	Monthly Exp.	Others	Total	
Fixed Assets					
promotion	1,000			1,000	
computer	2,000			2,000	
stall	1,000			1,000	
	-			-	
Working Capital					
salary (marketing manager)		2,335		2,335	
		-		-	
		-		-	
		-		-	
		-		-	
		-		-	
		-		-	
Pre-Operations & Other Expenditure					
Other Expenditure			500		
Deposit (rent, utilities, etc.)			-	-	
Business Registration & Licences			-	-	
Insurance & Road Tax for Motor Vehicle			-	-	
Other Pre-Operations Expenditure			-	-	
Total	4,000	2,335	500	6,335	

OPERATIONS BUDGET				
Particulars	F.Assets	Monthly Exp.	Others	Total
Fixed Assets				
machine & equipment	2000			2,000
van	13000			13,000
				-
Working Capital				
Raw Materials & Packaging		10,000		10,000
Carriage Inward & Duty		-		-
Salaries, EPF & SOCSO		-		-
salary (operation manager)		2,335		2,335
		-		-
		-		-
		-		-
Pre-Operations & Other Expenditure				
Other Expenditure			1,000	
Deposit (rent, utilities, etc.)			-	-
Business Registration & Licences			-	-
Insurance & Road Tax for Motor Vehicle			1,200	1,200
Other Pre-Operations Expenditure			-	-
Total	15,000	12,335	2,200	28,535

Figure 5.1.3 Operation Budget

# 5.2Project implementation and source of financing

STOP N' KOBAB PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION COST & SOURCES OF FINANCE						
Project Implementation	Project Implementation Cost Sources of Finance					
Requirements	Cost	Loan Hire-Purchase Own Contribution			ontribution	
Fixed Assets				Cash	Existing F. Assets	
Land & Building	3,000			3,000		
Office equipment	5,866	3,366		2,500		
Furniture and fitting	2,000			2,000		
promotion	1,000	1,000				
computer	2,000			2,000		
stall	1,000	1,000				
machine & equipment	2,000			2,000		
van	13,000	10,000		3,000		
Working Capital 1 months						
Administrative	7,805	7,805				
Marketing	2,335	2,335				
Operations	12,335	12,335				
Pre-Operations & Other Expenditure	7,000	7,000				
Contingencies 10%	5,934	5,934				
TOTAL	65,275	50,775		14,500		

Figure 5.2.1 Project implementation and source of financing

From figure 5.2.1 the cost that need to be pay by cash is RM 14,500 and all of us decide to pay the amount using the money we share together as all of us start this business by each of us donate an amount of RM5000 for our capital in to start the business

Fixed Asset Cost (RM) Method Economic Life (yr:		Office equipme 5,866 Straight Line 5	nt	Cost Meth	l Asset (RM) nod omic Life (yr:	Furniture and fitting 2,000 Straight Line 3 5		
Year	Annual Depreciation	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value	Year	Annual Depreciation	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value	
	-	-	5,866		-	-	2,000	
1	1,173	1,173	4,693	1	400	400	1,600	
2	1,173	2,346	3,520	2	400	800	1,200	
3	1,173	3,520	2,346	3	400	1,200	800	
4	1,173	4,693	1,173	4	400	1,600	400	
5	1,173	5,866	-	5	400	2,000	-	
6	0	0	-	6	0	0	-	
7	0	0	-	7	0	0	-	
8	0	0	-	8	0	0	-	
9	0	0	-	9	0	0	-	
10	0	0	-	10	0	0	-	

The amount of total of RM 50,775 is pay through a loan make from the purchase of 5 years.

Figure 5.2.2 Loan for office equipment, furniture and fitting

	Fixed Asset machine & equipm				l Asset	van		
Cost (RM)		2,000		Cost	:(RM)	13,000		
Meth	od	Straight Line		Meth	od	Straight Line		
Econ	omic Life (yrs	3		Econ	omic Life (yrs	5		
Year	Annual Depreciation	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value	Year	Annual Depreciation	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value	
	-	-	2,000		-	-	13,000	
1	667	667	1,333	1	2,600	2,600	10,400	
2	667	1,333	667	2	2,600	5,200	7,800	
3	667	2,000	-	3	2,600	7,800	5,200	
4	0	0	-	4	2,600	10,400	2,600	
5	0	0	-	5	2,600	13,000	-	
6	0	0	-	6	0	0	-	
7	0	0	-	7	0	0	-	
8	0	0	-	8	0	0	-	
9	0	0	-	9	0	0	-	
10	0	0	-	10	0	0	-	

Figure 5.2.3 Loan for machine & equipment, van

Fixed	l Asset	stall						
Cost	(RM)	1,000						
Meth	od	Straight Line						
Econ	omic Life (yrs	5						
Year	Annual Depreciation	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value					
	-	-	1,000					
1	200	200	800					
2	200	400	600					
3	200	600	400					
4	200	800	200					
5	200	1,000	-					
6	0	0	-					
7	0	0	-					
8	0	0	-					
9	0	0	-					
10	0	0	-					

Figure 5.2.4 Loan for stall

### 5.3Pro forma cash flow

MONTH	Pre-Operations	1	2	3	4	s	6	7			10	11	12	TOTAL YR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3
<u>CASHINFLOW</u> Capbal (Cash) Loan Cash Sales	14,500 50,775	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	14,500 50,775 300,000	360,000	400,000
Collection of Accounts Receivable																
TOTAL CASH INFLOW	65,275	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	365,275	360,000	400,000
CASH CUTTLOW Administrative Expenditure office rental salary (consistration runager) salary (financial manager) salary (financial manager)		600 2,335 2,335 2,335	600 2,335 2,335 2,335	800 2,335 2,335	800 2,335 2,335 2,335	600 2,335 2,335 2,335	600 2,335 2,335	800 2,335 2,335	800 2,335 2,335 2,335		000 2,335 2,335 2,335	600 2,335 2,335 2,335	800 2,335 2,335	9,000 28,020 28,020 28,020	9,060 29,064 28,064 28,064	10,185 29,736 29,726 29,726
Marketing Expenditure salary (narketing narager)		2,05	2,305	2,005	2,008	2,335	2,305	2,305	2,335	2,005	2,305	2,005	2,005	28,020	28,861	29,726
Operations Expenditure Cash Purchase Payment of Account Psysble Carriage Invard & Duly Salarias, EFF & SOC SO aslary (operation manager)		10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000 2,335	10,000 2,335	10,000 2,335	10,000	120,000 28,020	180,000 28,861	200,000
Other Expenditure Pre-Operations Depositivers, utilities, etc.) Rusiness, Registration & Licences, Insurance, & Road Tax, the Motor Vehicle Other Pre-Operations, Expenditure	1,300 2,500 1,200	2,000												2,000 1,300 2,500 1,200	2,060	2,122
Court Proc parameter any and the Proc parameter of Pauch Assess Pauch Assess Pauch Asses of Fined Assess - Land A Building Pauch Ass of Fined Assess - Others Him-Pauchase Down Payment Him-Pauch Down Payment Hoterast Laan Repayment:	3,000 26,866													3,000 26,066		
Principal Interest Tax Payable		846 212	846 212	846 212	846 212	846 212	846 212	846 212	846 212	846 212	846 212	846 212	846 212 0	10,155 2,539 0	10,155 2,031 0	10,155 1,523 0

TOTAL CASH OUTFLOW	34,866	25,533	23,533	23,533	23,533	23,533	23,533	23,533	23,533	23,533	23,533	23,533	23,533	319,260	349,637	373,817
CASH SURPLUS (DEPCIT)	30,409	(\$33)	1,467	1,467	1,467	1,467	1,467	1,467	1,467	1,467	1,467	1,467	1,467	46,015	10,363	26,103
BEGINNING CASH BALANCE		30,409	29,876	CHC,HC	32,011	34,278	35,745	37,212	38,679	40,147	41,614	43,061	44,548		46,015	56,378
ENDING CASH BALANCE	30,409	29,876	31,343	32,811	24,278	35,745	37,212	38,679	40,147	41,614	43,081	44,548	46,015	46,015	56,378	82,561

# 5.4Pro forma income flow

STOP N' KOBAB PRO-FORMA INCOME STATEMENT								
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3					
Sales	300,000	360,000	400,000					
Less: Cost of Sales								
Opening Stock of Finished Goods								
Production Cost	151,287	212,127	232,993					
less: Ending Stock of Finished Goods								
	0	0	0					
	151,287	212,127	232,993					
Gross Profit	148,713	147,873	167,007					
Less: Enpenditure								
Administrative Expenditure	93,660	96,470	99,364					
Marketing Expenditure	28,020	28,861	29,726					
Other Expenditure	2,000	2,060	2,122					
Business Registration & Licences	2,500							
Insurance & Road Tax for Motor Vehicle	1,200	1,200	1,200					
Other Pre-Operations Expenditure								
Interest on Hire-Purchase								
Interest on Loan	2,539	2,031	1,523					
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	4,773	4,773	1,773					
Total Expenditure	134,692	135,395	135,709					
Net Profit Before Tax	14,021	12,478	31,298					
Тах	0	0	0					
Net Profit After Tax	14,021	12,478	31,298					
Accumulated Net Profit	14,021	26,500	57,798					

Figure 5.4.1 Income Statement

# 5.5Pro forma balance sheet

	Year1	Year 2	Year 3
ASSETS			
Fixed Assets (Book Value)			
Land & Building	3,000	3,000	3,000
Office equipment	4,693	3,520	2,346
Furniture and fitting	1,600	1,200	800
promotion		(1,000)	(1,000)
computer		(2.000)	(1,000) (2,000)
stall	800	(2,000) 600	(2,000) 400
5431	000	000	
machine & equipment	1,333	667	
van	10,400	7,800	5,200
	21,826	13,786	8,746
Current Assets			
Stock of Raw Materials			
Stock of Finished Goods			
Accounts Receivable Cash Balance	46,015	56.378	00.504
Cash Balance			82,561
	46,015	56,378	82,561
Other Assets			
Deposit	1.300	1.300	1.300
TOTAL ASSETS	69,141	71,465	92,608
Owners' Equity			
Capital	14,500	14,500	14,500
Accumulated Profit	14,021 28,521	26,500	57,798
Long Term Liabilities	20,021	41,000	72,298
Long Term Liabilities	40.620	30.465	20.310
Hire-Purchase Balance	40,020	30,400	20,310
The end of charge charge for	40.620	30.465	20.310
Current Liabilities	40,020	30,403	20,310
Accounts Payable			
-			
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES	69,141	71,465	92,608

Figure 5.5.1: Balance sheet

# 5.6Financial performance

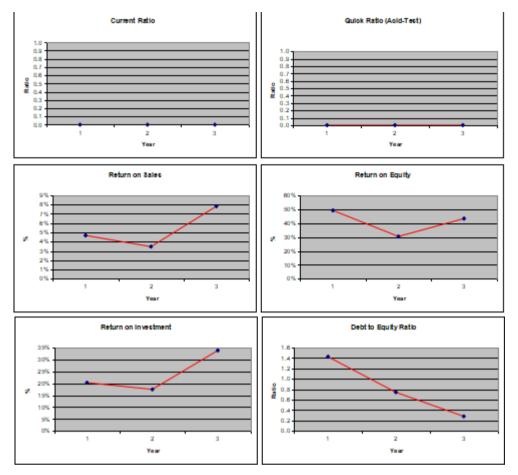


Figure 5.6.1: Graph of performance for 3 years

# 6.0 BUSINESS MODEL CANVAS

Key Partners	Key Activities	Value	Propositions	Customer Relationships	Customer Segments		
<ul> <li>Restaurants</li> <li>Stall</li> <li>Food Truck</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Food services</li> <li>The menu is from ancestor which never been changed</li> <li>Key Resources</li> <li>Business knowledge</li> <li>Kitchen equipment</li> <li>Stall</li> </ul>	m • Ca	fordable cost of enu ash-on-Delivery ervice	<ul> <li>Always get feedback from customers</li> <li>Food services advertisement</li> </ul> Channels Websites <ul> <li>Websites</li> <li>Phone call</li> <li>Instagram</li> <li>Facebook</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tourist</li> <li>Teenagers</li> <li>Adult</li> <li>Elderly</li> </ul>		
	Cost Structure		Revenue Streams				
<ul><li>Kitchen items</li><li>Wet material</li></ul>			<ul> <li>RM10 for each menu, RM18 for combo</li> <li>Services cash-on-delivery by places</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Marketing/ adverti</li> </ul>	sing		Custome				

# 7.0 CONCLUSION

#### 7.0 Conclusion

We all reached the conclusion that this kebab business would be the greatest option for us after researching the business potential and performing a few environmental checks. According to us, this business has the potential to grow further until the locals accept it. Furthermore, we believe that the food we provide can draw other attention. If business planning is successful, this small kebab business can run a good amount of profit. In fact, we believe we won't lose revenue over the first several years of operation. The beginning of operation may bring certain obstacles for Stop N Kobab, but if we stick to the strategy, these challenges may be properly solved without harming the company's cash flow or bottom line.

The most significant and beneficial Stop N Kobab for providing the community the best Kebab in Malaysia with affordable price. We believe that this business will become known to Malaysian people as best kebab in Malaysia

Finally, completing this ENT300 business plan has given us the best opportunity to launch our own business. Since we need to build our own new business in order to live in the future, ENT300 is important for us.

# **8.0 REFERENCES**

#### 8.0 References

- [1] Alvi, S. (2016, March 1). *The History of the Kebab*. DESIblitz. https://www.desiblitz.com/content/history-kebab
- [2] McNamee, G. L. (1998, July 20). Kebab | Origins, Description, Taste, & Types.
   Encyclopedia Britannica. https://www.britannica.com/topic/kebab
- [3] Home Main. (n.d.). https://gtrburger.my/
- [4] Home. (2020, March 9). UncleBob. https://unclebob.com.my/