

**CENTRE OF STUDIES FOR LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE FACULTY OF  
ARCHITECTURE, PLANNING AND SURVEYING UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI  
MARA**

**REVIVING THE RECREATIONAL AREA AS A COMMUNITY HUB AT  
SPORT COMPLEX OF SULTAN MIZAN ZAINAL ABIDIN STADIUM,  
KUALA TERENGGANU**

“I hereby declare that this academic report is the result of my own research except  
for the quotation and summary which have been acknowledged”

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## **ABSTRACT**

Why are public recreation parks important in today's society? In the development of a new residential area or city, it is now one of the most important assets in stabilizing the development. But we always hear that the habit of recreation parks is practically impossible to achieve the needs and requirements of consumers. Sometimes the development is only to meet certain conditions without taking into account the real needs. Therefore, creating a recreational park must have the goal of attracting the public and providing the proper benefits. The design of a recreational park should provide all necessary comfort, convenience and safety. Public space is one of the destinations that should be prioritized as the created space will be an attraction to the users. It's because the activities in the area will be the starting point for activities and participation from the community. In the end, it will improve the quality of life and the environment in everyday life. The goal of this project is to transform recreational parks into community hubs where all recreational activities and economic activities are organized and organized as well as benefiting both humans and the environment. Hence, landscape designs in this project will be implemented to find solutions to issues that arise and to apply them to achieve a comfortable, friendly, multi-purpose, spacious and fully functional public park will attract consumers for their daily use.

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## **CHAPTER 1**

### **INTRODUCTION**

#### **2.1 Introduction to Topic**

Public open spaces are the focus areas and the needs of every user to carry out their daily activities. It covers spaces such as community centres, recreational areas, open spaces that become areas for gathering and interacting with each other. According to Thompson (2008), the open space or the existing garden usually have different sizes according to the function of each space itself. Many spaces available in neighbourhoods that are active and passive recreational areas are also known as public open spaces. Therefore, necessary for an assessment to meet the needs of the local community.

“Public open space is an area that can be used by the public to commit various activities whether active or passive activities. Public open space can be classified as a public park, pedestrian walkway, football field or area reserved” (GP Tanah Lapang dan Rekreasi). Public open space is also a green area that focuses on the community as it makes a residential and as urban areas more environmentally friendly. It can be achieved if the development takes into account the balance between development and nature.

Based on observations of public spaces in Malaysia, most of the space has certain functions, but there is also an abandoned public space because the existing park design does not meet the surrounding user criteria. Indirectly, making the park unused will result in various problems, including social, environmental and physical. Therefore, it is necessary to study and examine the needs of a public open space that benefits the community. An open space will also determine whether the development is successful or unsuccessful.