FACTORS RESTRICTING PADDY FARMERS TO ADAPT GOOD AGRICULTURE PRACTICES (GAP)

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Final Year Project Report Submitted in
Partial Fulfilment of the Requirement for the
Degree of Bachelor of Science (Hons.) Technology and Plantation Management
in the Faculty of Plantation and Agrotechnology
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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Alhamdulillah, with all of Almighty Allah S.W.T's appreciation for the excellent

health and well-being that was essential to finish this research and to be able to

present my final year project job with without significant issues and issues.

First of all, I am thankful to my last year project supervisor, Mrs. Fatin binti

Khairuddin. I am very grateful and indebted for her helpful and beautiful advice. A

useful advice, sharing experience, expertise, knowledge, and encouragement

extended to me in progress to complete this research.

Next, I would also like to thank my beloved family, particularly my parent, Abu

Bakar and Nooraini, for their ongoing encouragement, love, care and economic help.

I am also thankful to my members who are under the same supervisors, that always

supports and through this final year journey together. I would like to take this chance

to thank all Faculty Plantation and Agrotechnology conferences for their assistance

and support.

Lastly, I also recorded my feeling of appreciation to one and all who gave their hands

directly or indirectly to all my peers in this undertaking.

Thank You,

NUR AMALINA BINTI ABU BAKAR

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ABSTRACT

FACTORS RESTRICTING PADDY FARMERS TO ADAPT GOOD AGRICULTURE PRACTICES (GAP)

Oryza sativa is the second largest crucial crop in the world. In order to, increase the production every year farmers were mostly used chemical to control the diseases and pest. However, they are tended to overuse the chemical and give the negative impact to the agroecological environment, natural environment as well as to human. In addition, they were also ignoring the Good Agriculture Practices (GAP) that they need to apply because of their main focus is to increase the production. However, most of the farmers restricted to apply the GAP because of a few factors. This research had been conducted to study the factors that restricting paddy farmers to adapt GAP at PPK Kodiang, Kedah. Survey questionnaire had been used to gather inputs and feedbacks from 97 identified respondents. The result from the study show that factors examined (knowledge/resources, cost/financial and attitude/behavior) gave significant value in influencing farmers' decision in accepting the GAP with pvalue is <0.01. The result also indicates knowledge/resources factor shown the major factors of restricting GAP among the farmers. Thus, it was concluded that knowledge/resources of farmers played an important role in influencing farmers' acceptance level of GAP in PPK Kodiang, Kedah.

KEYWORD: Oryza sativa, Good Agriculture Practices, Paddy farmers