

# Faculty Of Administrative Science & Policy Studies

## Universiti Teknologi MARA

**Bachelor of Environmental Administration (HONS)** 

## **Title of Proposal:**

A Study on Factors Related to Intention to Purchase Organic Foods among UTM Postgraduate Students

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Most people forget how important it is to choose food, they may look at the price or the condition of the food without knowing the content or how it's processed. They also probably think whatever food that the mall or the market sells is safe. So, organic food is considered as the food that is not made by extra ingredients, chemical additives nor processed by radiation exposure (Hossain & Pei, 2016). Due to all the reasons why conventional food is not a good choice to eat or buy, organic food has become a top choice for people. They are starting to acknowledge food safety and this has made increasing numbers on the organic food market by people's demand for healthier diets, particularly organic foods (Saleki, Quoquab, & Mohammad, 2019). People believed that this type of food is beneficial to human health rather than having negative consequences on them and this was caused by high societal interest (Yean, Iris, & Lee, 2019; Huber, Rembiałkowska, Średnicka, Bügel, & van de Vijver, 2011). There are several factors that lead to people purchasing organic food. For this study, the researchers intended to know what makes the postgraduate students of Department of Bioscience in the Faculty of Science from Universiti Teknologi Malaysia choose to buy organic foods. This study examines the concept of the influence of the students' intention in purchasing organic foods. The conceptual framework proposes a direct relationship between the determinants of environmental concern, health factors with food safety, knowledge of health factors and perceived value of health towards students buying behaviour for Postgraduate Student in UTM Skudai. In this study, the population of UTM Skudai postgraduate students from Department of Bioscience, Faculty of Science is 195 and the sample size was all respondents in the population.

### **Table of Contents**

The Declaration	i
Acknowledgment	ii
Abstract	iii
Abstrak	iv
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 Problem Statement	2
1.3 Research Questions	5
1.4 Research Objectives	6
1.5 Scope of Study	6
1.5.1 Time	6
1.5.2 Place	6
1.5.3 Level	6
1.6 Significance of the proposed study	7
1.6.1 The university students	7
1.6.2 The community	7
1.6.3 Smallholder farmers in Malaysia	7
1.6.4 Future researchers	8
1.7 Definition of terms, terminology and concepts	8
1.7.1 Factor	8
1.7.2 Intention to purchase	8
1.7.3 Postgraduate students	8
1.7.4 Organic food	9
2.1 Introduction	10
2.2 Overview of the Organic Food	10
2.3 Factors of the intention to purchase organic food among UTM postgraduate stud	ents12
2.3.1 Environmental Concern and Intention to Purchase Organic Food Among UTM Postgraduate Students	12
2.3.2 Food Safety and Intention to Purchase Organic Food Among UTM Postgraduate Students	13
2.3.3 Knowledge of Health and Intention to Purchase Organic Food among UTM Postgraduate Students	15

2.3.4 Perceived Value of Health and Intention to Purchasing Organic Food Among UT	
Postgraduate Students	16
2.4 Conceptual Framework	18
2.4.1 Conceptual Framework Definition	19
2.5 Hypotheses	21
2.5.1 Environmental Concern on Intention to Purchase Organic Food among	
Postgraduates	21
2.5.2 Food safety in intention purchasing organic food	21
2.5.3 Knowledge of health and intention purchasing organic food	22
2.5.4 Perceived value of health and intention to purchase organic food	22
3.1 Introduction	24
3.2 Research design	24
3.3 Unit or level of analysis	24
3.4 Sample size	25
3.5 Sampling technique	25
3.6 Measurement or instrumentation	26
3.6.1 Consumers' purchasing intention towards organic food	27
3.6.2 Environmental concern	28
3.6.3 Food safety	29
3.6.4 Knowledge of health	29
3.6.5 Perceived value of health	30
3.7 Data collection	31
3.8 Data analysis	31
3.8.1 Pilot study	32
3.8.2 Reliability analysis	32
3.8.3 Testing of the hypotheses	33
3.8.3.1 Pearson correlation	33
4.1 Introduction	35
4.2 Profile of Respondents	35
4.3 Reliability Test Results	37
4.4 Normality Test Results	37
4.5 Main Findings	38
4.5.1 To determine whether environmental concerns influence the intention of Postgra Students in UTM Skudai to purchase organic food	nduate 39