

A STUDY OF OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY: COMPARATIVE STUDY BETWEEN ISLAMIC AND CONVENTIONAL BANKS IN MALAYSIA

NUR JANNAH BINTI ESWAN 2010498896

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for the

Bachelor of Business Administration (Hons) Islamic Banking

FACULTY OF BUSINESS MANAGEMENT

MARA UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

JOHOR

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Assalamualaikum w.b.t...

First of all, all praise to Allah for giving me a strength and patience

for me in doing my task in a 5 months. Other than that, special thanks to my

lecturer or advisor, Dr Norashikin Bte Ismail for sharing me information,

guide me in completing my research, give me much more time to make

correction and others.

In addition, special thanks also to my parents who supporting me and

also to my friends for giving me a corporation, spent time together in doing

research, sharing information and others.

Lastly, I'm glad because I was complete my research and hopefully

the result will be fine.

Thank you.

Best regards,

NUR JANNAH BINTI ESWAN

20104988

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
TITLE PAGE		
DECLARATION OF ORIGINAL WORK		
LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL		
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT		
TABLE OF CONTENTS		
LIS	T OF TABLE	x
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS		xi
ABSTRACT		1
CHA	APTER 1 – INTRODUCTION	
1.1	Overview of Islamic and Conventional Banks in Malaysia	2
1.2	Background of the Study	4
1.3	Problem Statement	6
1.4	Research Questions	6
1.5	Research Objectives	6
1.6	Significant of Study	7
1.7	Scope of Study	7
1.8	Limitation of the Study	7

LIST OF TABLE

Table 1	Lists of Islamic and Conventional Banks in Malaysia
Table 2	Lists of banks and its DEA score
Table 3	ANNOVA result
Table 4	Mann Whitney Test and result

ABSTRACT

The objective of this study is to identify any significant different in operational efficiency in both Islamic and conventional banks in Malaysia. A non-parametric approach known as Data Envelopment Analysis (DEA) is used to estimate efficiency in this study. 10 Islamic banks and 10 conventional banks took as a sample of the study. The operating efficiency of banks is measured using total loans and liquid asset as output variables. General and administrative expenses, fixed asset and total deposit as input variables. The expected findings for this study is there are significant different in operational efficiency in Islamic and conventional banks in Malaysia. The result of the study might be beneficial for existing Islamic and conventional bankers to enable them to enhance their performance.