DEVELOPMENT OF A SHAPE MEMORY ALLOY ACTUATION SYSTEM FOR A LABORATORY FINGER PROSTHESIS

TERENCE BARU MEECHANG (2006689517)

A thesis submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of Bachelor of Engineering (Hons) Mechanical

> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering Universiti Teknologi MARA (UiTM)

> > MAY 2010

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First of all, I would like to express my greatest gratitude to God Almighty and because of His never-ending kindness, He has granted me the passion, strength and wisdom to complete my Final Year Project according to plan. The project was a success upon completion of the 2 semesters period, and although some slight problems occurred throughout the project, still I have the mentality not to give up hope.

Secondly, my deepest appreciation goes to my immediate supervisor of this project, Dr.-Ing Low Cheng Yee, for his endless effort and support, and guiding me in completing this project. He has been a good mentor to me, providing.useful advices, and solving all doubts that interferes during my project. I may have stumbled and tripped along the way, however your dedication and patience ease my learning process.

Furthermore, I would like to express my greatest thanks to my parents who has given me support throughout my academic years. Without their support, it will be hard for me to complete my education here, especially in this faculty.

Lastly, I would like to thank the rest of the faculty's members, technicians, friends, classmates, and everyone who helped me during my project, and also during my years here studying. I was fortunate to have the assistance from various people, of whom I am deeply indebted to from the beginning, until I graduate. Without all the assistance and help showed, I would not be able to gain as much knowledge as I gained now. The experience I gained here, will be my greatest weapon to face the real world.

ABSTRACT

A prosthetic finger is designed for the purpose to imitate the grasping capabilities of the human finger, where it will add obvious improvements in the quality of life of amputees. This study is done to utilize advanced actuators to design and develop innovative, lightweight, powerful, compact, and dexterous robotic technology, and is implemented in the mechatronic design of a biomimetic adult finger. The key to satisfying these objectives Is the use of advanced or smart materials, where in this case of study is a Shape Memory Alloy (SMA) to power the joints of the prosthetic finger. In this study, the Shape Memory Alloys (SMAs) actuator is placed in between the DIP Joint and the MCP Joint where it will control only the flexion-extension of the DIP and PIP Joint. In order to develop the Shape Memory Alloy (SMA) actuation system, laboratory tests are required where a Load Cell (0-1 ON) will be used to obtain the performance (load capability, displacement capability and current/ voltage requirements) of the Shape Memory Alloys and a test bed will be setup for the experiment. The Shape Memory Alloys of various length and diameters will be tested and the obtained results will be used to plot graphs and will be examined to determine which Shape Memory Alloy (SMA) actuation system is most suitable to suit the design of the biomimetic adult finger.

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