UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

PERSONALITY TRAITS, SURFACE TRAITS, ORGANISATIONAL CULTURE AND PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES OF THE CALL CENTRE AGENTS IN THE KLANG VALLEY

MOHMAD NAJID BIN RAMLI

Thesis submitted in fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of **Doctor of Philosophy**

Faculty of Business Management

January 2017

ABSTRACT

The main thrust of this present study is to identify the antecedents and underlying dimensions of performance outcomes of the call-centre agents in the Klang Valley. The data for the provision of the empirical evidence was drawn from the call centres of five participating banks namely, Maybank, CIMB, RHB, Bank Islam, and Public Bank. The two underlying dimensions of performance outcomes are customer service satisfaction and job performance. Additionally, the two antecedents of performance outcomes were basic personality traits and surface traits. The first antecedent is composed of two underlying dimensions namely customer orientation and adaptability whereas the second antecedent is made up of two underlying dimensions namely customer orientation and adaptability. The sampling design was quota sampling of which the gender composition was 60.0 per cent female and 40 per cent male. This present study strives towards explicating social phenomena by embracing the methodological principles of positivism within which explanation, evaluation, prediction and testing of theories which were hypothesised by earlier researchers. The five underpinning theories for the conceptual model are the resource-based theory, equity theory, social exchange theory, agency theory and organisational culture. The conceptual model depicts 14 direct relationships between pairs of the six underlying dimensions of which 12 were found to be significantly related. In addition, personality was found to mediate the relationship between emotional intelligence and adaptability whereas customer orientation was found to mediate the relationship between emotional intelligence and customer service satisfaction. However, adaptability was found to mediate the relationships between emotional intelligence and customer service satisfaction, customer orientation and customer service satisfaction as well as personality and job performance. Organisational culture was found to moderate the relationships between emotional intelligence and personality, customer orientation and adaptability as well as adaptability and job performance. This present study is founded upon the parameters of the proposed five research questions. The data analyses were conducted by a process of multivariate analysis using structural equation modelling (SEM) and AMOS (Analysis of Moment Structures) software package Version 22.0. Exploratory factor analysis (EFA) and confirmatory factor analysis (CFA) were performed to validate the scales. The descriptive analyses were performed on all the underlying dimensions and the demographic profile of the 380 respondents.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to thank my supervisor Associate Professor Dr Syed Jamal Abdul Nasir Syed Mohamad who has advised and guided me throughout my research work from day one of the planning for Getting Research Proposal Approval until the final stage of preparing this thesis, also Associate Professor Dr. Norzanah Mohd Nor who is being supportive in completing the preparation for this final thesis.

I should also mention Dr. Norlida Jaafar, Head, Centre of Post Graduate and Professional Studies and those lecturers of the Faculty of Business Management who provided valuable comments to improve my research work until it became a reality.

I am also in debt to CCAM, its President En Mohd Irwan Rizal and the staff of CCAM who was instrumental in arranging the contact with Banks in Klang Valley until sufficient number of respondents was acquired. My special thanks also to all the five participating call centres for Maybank, CIMB, RHB, Bank Islam and Public Bank.

My utmost appreciation goes to my wife Noridah Ghazali whose patience, tolerance and endless support helped me to complete the thesis. My children Najwa, Ammar, Amirah with their spouses and Asyraf were very inspiring. The presence of our grandson Muhammad Aariz Daniel has made our home always cheerful. I hope my PhD will be a source of inspiration to our family members.

Besides my supervisor, I would like to thank for the valuable inputs from: Associate Prof. Dr Saridan Abu Bakar, Senior Lecturer Dr Amina Josetta Ghulam Ahmad Kayani, Professor Dr. Haslinda Abdullah, Dr Reziana Muhammed Kassim, for their insightful comments and suggestions for improving this thesis.

To my Ph.D. research colleagues and friends especially Dr. Shamsuddin Mukhtaram who provided tips and advices during many occasions that we were together, I would like to thank them for being jovial and supportive, and all those social meetings surely made the whole research work enjoyable throughout my study in UiTM Shah Alam.

Not forgetting IGS, AAGBS, IPSIS and various departments of UiTM Shah Alam for having facilitated all the valuable workshops, seminars and Research Enhancement Classes which proved to be invaluable learning tools for me.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | Page |
|------------------------------------|------|
| CONFIRMATION BY PANEL OF EXAMINERS | iii |
| AUTHOR'S DECLARATION | iv |
| ABSTRACT | · V |
| ACKNOWLEDGEMENT | vi |
| TABLE OF CONTENTS | vii |
| LIST OF TABLES | XX |
| LIST OF FIGURES | xxiv |

| LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS | xxvii |
|-----------------------|-------|

| | CHAPTER | ONE: | BACKGROUND | OF THE | STUDY |
|--|----------------|-------------|------------|---------------|-------|
|--|----------------|-------------|------------|---------------|-------|

| 1.1 | Introduction | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|----|--|
| 1.2 | Setting | 1 | | |
| | 1.2.1 | Characteristics of the Call Centres | 5 | |
| | 1.2.2 | Emotional Intelligence on Call Centres | 6 | |
| | 1.2.3 | Call Centre Industry | 7 | |
| | 1.2.4 | Call Centre Agents as Frontline Employees | 7 | |
| 1.3 | Proble | em Statement | 8 | |
| | 1.3.1 | Conceptual Shortcomings | 8 | |
| | 1.3.2 | Empirical Shortcomings | 9 | |
| | 1.3.3 | Gap Analysis | 11 | |
| 1.4 | Resea | 12 | | |
| 1.5 | Resea | rch Objectives | 13 | |
| 1.6 | 6 Significance of the Study | | 14 | |
| | 1.6.1 | Research Framework | 14 | |
| | 1.6.2 | Statistical Approach | 14 | |
| | 1.6.3 | Dearth of Literature | 15 | |
| | 1.6.4 | Policy-Making | 15 | |
| 1.7 | Limita | 16 | | |
| 1.8 | Structure of Thesis | | | |
| 1.9 | Summary | | | |
| | | | | |

CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW

| 2.1 | Introduction | | |
|-----|--------------|--|----|
| 2.2 | Under | lying Dimensions of Performance Outcomes | 24 |
| | 2.2.1 | Customer Service Satisfaction | 25 |
| | 2.2.2 | Customer Service Satisfaction and Job Performance | 26 |
| | 2.2.3 | Relationship Between Basic Personality Traits, Surface Traits | |
| | | and Job Performance | 27 |
| 2.3 | The A | ntecedents of Performance Outcomes | 28 |
| | 2.3.1 | Emotional Intelligence | 29 |
| | | 2.3.1 [a] Mayer-Salovey Caruso Ability Model of Emotional | |
| | | Intelligence | 29 |
| | | 2.3.1 [b] Goleman's Model of Emotional Intelligence | 31 |
| | | 2.3.1 [c] Bar-On's Model | 31 |
| | | 2.3.1 [d] Ability Emotional Intelligence and Trait Emotional | |
| | | Intelligence | 32 |
| | | 2.3.1 [e] Predictive Validity of Trait Emotional Intelligence | 33 |
| | | 2.3.1 [f] Emotional Intelligence and Emotional Labour | 34 |
| | 2.3.2 | Personality | 38 |
| | | 2.3.2 [a] Development of the Concept of Personality | 38 |
| | | 2.3.2 [b] Personality and Job Performance | 39 |
| | | 2.3.2 [c] Personality and Job Performance Involving Interpersona | 1 |
| | | Interactions | 39 |
| | | 2.3.2 [d] Emotional Intelligence and Personality | 41 |
| | | 2.3.2 [e] Incremental Validity of Trait Emotional Intelligence | 42 |
| | 2.3.3 | Customer Orientation | 43 |
| | | 2.3.3 [a] Development of Customer Orientation | 43 |
| | | 2.3.3 [b] Customer Orientation and Customer Trust | 44 |
| | | 2.3.3 [c] Customer Orientation and Customer Satisfaction | 45 |
| | | 2.3.3 [d] Customer Orientation in the Service Context | 45 |
| | | 2.3.3 [e] Customer Orientation and Job Performance Outcomes | 46 |
| | 2.3.4 | Adaptability | 46 |
| | | 2.3.4 [a] Adaptability and Customer Satisfaction | 48 |
| | | 2.3.4 [b] Adaptability in Service Settings | 48 |
| 2.4 | Relati | onship between Basic Personality Traits, Surface Traits and | |