EFFECT OF CALCINATION TEMPERATURE ON THE ACTIVATION PERFORMANCE OF Ce-Mn-Ru CATALYST FOR SELECTIVE CATALYTIC REDUCTION OF NO WITH NH₃: A REVIEW

MOHD ZULHILMI BIN MOHD ZAINI TEE

BACHELOR OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING (ENVIRONMENT) WITH HONOURS

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

2022

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By

MOHD ZULHILMI BIN MOHD ZAINI TEE

This report is submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements needed for the award of Bachelor of Chemical Engineering (Environment) with Honours

CENTRE OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING STUDIES UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

AUGUST 2022

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Firstly, I wish to thank God for giving me the opportunity to embark on my degree and for completing this long and challenging journey successfully. My gratitude and thanks go to my supervisor Dr Siti Aminah Binti Md Ali

My appreciation goes to my colleagues and friends for helping me with this project.

Finally, this thesis is dedicated to the loving memory of my very dear father and mother for the vision and determination to educate me. This piece of victory is dedicated to both of you Alhamdulillah.

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ABSTRACT

Nitrogen oxides (NO, NO2, and N2O) remain a major source for air pollution. They are responsible for the major environmental issues such as acid rain, photochemical smog, ozone depletion, and greenhouse impacts. To remove the NOx, several methods has been studied and one OF the method is by using selective catalytic process. Selective catalytic process can covert NOx into nitrogen gas, water and a tiny amount of carbon dioxide by using ammonia or urea as the reagent, oxygen and a catalyst. The catalyst used in the process are Ce-Mn-Ru. The three catalyst Ce-Mn-Ru for SCR are chosen and reviewed. The catalyst preparation method also being reviewed to produce the best quality catalyst for the SCR process. Qualitative analysis and quantitative analysis was used to analyse the best preparation method and best calcination temperature. The co precipitation method was the best method for the preparation of the catalyst in SCR. The calcination temperature range suitable for Ce-Mn-Ru catalyst was between 400°C to 500°C.