## UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

# MONITORING DISTRIBUTION PATTERN OF DENGUE OUTBREAK BY USING GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM: A CASE OF HULU LANGAT DISTRICT, SELANGOR

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IT Project submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Science in Information Technology

**Faculty of Computer and Mathematical Sciences** 

January 2015

### **ABSTRACT**

Dengue has been an epidemic, mosquito borne viral disease in Malaysia. It is a lifethreatening disease. In Malaysia, there were 43,346 cases reported in the year 2013, an increase of 98% or 21,446 cases compared with only 21,900 cases reported in 2012. It indicates that the number of reported dengue patients has rapidly increased during the past few years, particularly due to socio-cultural and environmental factors. There are many prevention and control strategies that are currently being implemented in order to at least minimize the dengue outbreak occurrences, and one of the potential strategies is by using Geographical Information System (GIS). Through GIS, the gathered dengue data can be visualized and analyzed by performing thematic mapping, labeling, fogging buffering area, querying and generating a summary report. Therefore, the aim of this research is to propose a GIS prototype application for Vector Unit, Hulu Langat Health Office, Selangor in order to help them to monitor the dengue outbreak in Hulu Langat district's area by using related datasets in a spatial database.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

### In the name of Allah, the Most Beneficent and The Most Merciful

Praise to Allah SWT for giving us the life and health to go through his challenges of living in His universe.

The preparation of this research gave me a lot of opportunities to explore to such interest domain and research environment. Without the help and endless support from various people, the completion of this research proposal would not be possible.

Firstly, I would like to thank and Syukur to Allah S.W.T as the Almighty for His mercy for giving me an opportunity and strength, patience, and ability in completing this research proposal. Then, I would like to thank to all my lecturers from UiTM Shah Alam who have given me the benefit of learning from their vast experience and wealth knowledge.

In particular, I would like to express my deepest gratitude to my supervisor, Madam Nalini Dharmarajan for her excellent guidance, help, patience, view and support in completing this writing. Thank you very much.

I would like to thank Sharifah Nadia Syed Khastudin, Siti Azirah Azhari and Nurulhuda Juhari, who as good friends, always willing to help and offering me advices through this entire process. It would have been a lonely study without them.

Finally, my deepest thanks are also dedicated to my beloved family, family in-law and my husband Wan Mohd. Shariffuddin Wan Mohd. Ariff who are never failed to give me their love and constant support during the ups and downs in completing this research.

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