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Android Application for Postpartum Practices

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ABSTRACT

Postpartum is related with the period after the birth of a child. It marks a meaningful event in the life of the woman who has given birth because it involves tremendous social role, physiological, psychological, and physical adjustment. One of the main problems that occur for new mothers is lack of knowledge about postpartum practices that involves taking care of themselves and their babies. It would be beneficial if this information can be available anytime and anywhere at the end of their fingertips. Thus, this project develops a mobile application that provides relevant information for mothers on how to take care of their health and their babies during their first 60 days of confinement. Interviews have been conducted with two experts in this area to acquire the information and knowledge. This application has been developed using Android Studio. The accuracy of the information in this mobile application was evaluated by the medical expert. The interface of this mobile application was evaluated by the HCI experts. The usability of this mobile application was tested by users with and without children. This mobile application can be installed and be used easily by anyone who wants to gain more knowledge about postpartum practices. The users are satisfied with the usability and information provided by this application.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CONTEN	T I	PAGE
SUPERVIS	OR APPROVAL	ii
STUDENT DECLARATION		iii
ABSTRACT		iv
TABLE OF	CONTENTS	v
LIST OF FI	GURES	ix
LIST OF TA	ABLES	xi
•		
CHAPTER	ONE: INTRODUCTION	
	-i	
1.1	Research Idea or Background to the Problem	1
1.2	The Problem Statement	2
1.3	The Objectives	3
1.4	Scope of the Project	4
1.5	Significant of the Project	4
1.6	Limitation of the Project	4
CHAPTER	TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW	
	-	
2.1	Postpartum Practices	5
	2.1.2 Problems during Postpartum Practices among New Moth	ers 6

2.2	Research Area	6
	2.2.1 Expert System	8
	2.2.2 Case Based Reasoning	8
	2.2.3 Rule Based Reasoning	10
	2.2.4 Forward and Backward Chaining	10
	2.2.5 Certainty Factor	11
2.3	Related Work	12
	2.3.1 Example 1: "What To Expect"	12
	2.3.2 Example 2: "MammaBaby"	14
	2.3.3 Example 3: "Ovia Pregnancy"	15
	2.3.4 Example 4: "Glow Nurture"	16
	2.3.5 Example 5: "BabyList"	17
	2.3.6 Advantages of Using Mobile Application for Health Care	18
2.4	Conclusion	18
СНАРТЕН	R THREE: METHODOLOGY	
3.1	Methodology System Model	19
	3.1.1 Planning Stage	20
	3.1.2 Knowledge Defining Stage	21
	3.1.3 Knowledge Design Stage	21
	3.1.4 Encoding and Testing Stage	29
	3.1.5 Knowledge Validation Stage	31
	3.1.6 Prototype Evaluation Stage	32

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

Postpartum is related with the period after the birth of a child (Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary, 2015). Fadzil, Shamsuddin and Wan Puteh (2015) stated that the postpartum period marks a meaningful event in the life of any women, especially for the woman who has given birth for the first time (World Health Organization, 1998) because it involves tremendous social role, physiologic, psychological, and physical adjustment (Scand, 1992). Unfortunately, depression following childbirth or postpartum depression is increasingly known as a unique and serious complication of childbirth, with an estimated occurrence in the 12-month postpartum period of up to 21.9% (Afridi, Batool, Jabbar, Hassan & Shinwari, 2014). Furthermore, the postpartum period is often a stressful time for new mothers (Verbiest, McClain, Stuebe & Menard, 2016). Hence, Guerra-Reyes, Christie, Prabhakar, Harris and Siek (2016) agreed that postpartum information needs focused on infant care, specifically breastfeeding, and managing feelings of failure, stress, lack of experience, and lack of knowledge (Kanotra et al., 2007; Cheng et al. 2006; Sword & Watt 2005). Furthermore, most of the available mobile applications only focus on pregnant mothers but not for postnatal mothers.

1.1 Research Idea or Background to the Problem

Applying mobile phones in healthcare is increasingly prioritized to strengthen healthcare systems (Lund, Nielsen, Hemed, Boas, M., Said, A., Said, Makungu & Rasch, 2014). Furthermore, mobile phones or tablets have become useful tools for pregnant women (Sinthanayothin, Bholsithi, Wongwaen & Xuto, 2014). One of the examples of mobile applications is "Z-