University Teknologi MARA

CLUSTER VALIDITY OF THE FUZZY C-MEANS ALGORITHM IN MAMMOGRAPHIC IMAGE USING ADAPTIVE CLUSTER AND PARTITION ENTROPY INDEXES

Azwani Binti Aziz

Thesis submitted in fulfilment of the requirement for Bachelor of Computer Science (Hons)

Faculty of Computer and

Mathematical Sciences

24 May 2010

ACKNOWLEDGEMNT

In the name of ALLAH, Generous and Most Merciful,

It is with the deepest sense of gratitude of the Almighty ALLAH who gives strength and ability to complete my final year proposal report successfully. All good aspirations, devotions and prayers are due to ALLAH whose blessing and guidance have helped me throughout to complete the entire project.

I would like to take this opportunity to express my appreciation to my supervisor, Pn Rohana Binti Embong for her advice, a full support, guidance and comments during the process of completion of this final year project proposal. I also would like to express my grateful thankful to PM Zaidah Binti Ibrahim and Dr. Nasiroh Binti Omar as my coordinator, for her valuable guidance and information in writing this proposal.

Besides that not forgetting also, a word of thanks to my family members for giving me their love and supports and also understanding me in what ever I do. Without their prayer and loves, I also would not have the courage to complete my final year proposal.

A special thanks also to all my lecturers and friends, who had helped me in giving me a very useful advices, supports and also ideas to make sure all my work in the right track. Millions of thank go to whom I failed to mentioned here, who maybe directly or indirectly contributed in helping me completed this proposal.

ABSTRACT

There are many techniques of clustering the image. The most widely used of clustering technique is Fuzzy C-Means algorithm (FCM). FCM is a technique that allows one piece of data to belong to two or more clusters. The important issues in clustering the image are to determine the optimal number of the clusters. This problem can be solved by cluster validity index. Cluster validity index is needed to find the suitable number of cluster, c in any fuzzy clustering algorithm. So the best cluster validity index must be chosen to obtain the suitable number of cluster. In this project, the best validity indexes that have been chosen are Partition Entropy and Adaptive cluster validity index. Partition Entropy is the most frequently used cluster validity index. In most of fuzzy cluster validity indexes, the separation measures are calculation based on the distances among cluster centers. However, the calculation is based only on centroids information and does not consider the overall cluster shape. So, Adaptive cluster validity index introduce the lattice degree of approaching to overcome this problem and this cluster validity index can be adapted to different type of cluster shape.

Keywords: Fuzzy C-Means Algorithm (FCM), Partition Entropy, Adaptive Cluster Validity Index, Lattice Degree, Centroids

TABLE OF CONTENT

CONTENT	PAGE
APPROVAL	iii
DECLARATION	iv
ACKNOWLEDEGMENT	V
ABSTRACT	vi
LIST OF FIGURE	X
LIST OF TABLE	xi
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION	
1.0 Introduction.	1
1.1 Project Background	1
1.2 Problem Statement	2
1.3 Objective	2
1.4 Scope	3
1.5 Significance	3
CHAPTER 2: LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.0 Introduction	4
2.1 Standard Clustering Algorithm.	4
2.1.1 Fuzzy C-Means Algorithm	4
2.1.2 K-Means Algorithm	5
2.2 Related Research on Cluster Validity Index	6
2.2.1 Definition of a Cluster	6
2.2.2 Clustering Process.	7

2.2.3 Cluster Validity Index	8
2.2.4 Expected Result.	10
CHAPTER 3: METHODOLOGY	
3.0 Introduction.	11
3.1 Research Framework	11
3.2 Project Overview.	12
3.3 Project Analysis	13
3.4 Project Development	13
3.4.1 Fuzzy C-Means (FCM) Algorithm.	14
3.4.1.1 Getting Parameter from FCM	17
3.4.2 Cluster Validity Index	18
3.4.2.1 Adaptive Cluster Validity Index	18
3.4.2.2 Partition Entropy (PE)	19
3.4.3 Result	20
3.5 Validation Process.	20
CHAPTER 4: RESULT AND DISCUSSION	
4.0 Introduction	21
4.1 Mammographic Image	21
4.2 Result Analysis	24
4.3 Conclusion	25