THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN TEAMWORK AND EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE AT SARAWAK LAND CONSOLIDATION AND REHABILILATATION AUTHORITY (SALCRA), KOTA SAMARAHAN, SARAWAK

Prepared for: MISS ASMAHANI BINTI MAHDI

Prepared by: DONALD RICHIE ANAK KELABO BACHELOR IN OFFICE SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT (HONS.)

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA (UITM) FACULTY OF BUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT

June 2019

AUTHOR'S DECLARATION



BACHELOR IN OFFICE SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT (HONS.) FACULTY OF BUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT

"DECLARATION OF ORIGINAL WORK"

I, DONALD RICHIE ANAK KELABO (2016630984)

Hereby, declare that:

- This work has not previously been accepted in substance for any degree, locally or overseas and is not being concurrently submitted for this degree or any other degree.
- This project-paper is the result of my independent work and investigation except where otherwise stated.
- All verbatim extracts have been distinguished by quotation marks and sources of my information have been specifically acknowledged.

Signature:	Date:	
_		

ABSTRACT

This research study analysed the relationship between teamwork and employee performance at Sarawak Land Consolidation and Rehabilitation Authority (SALCRA), Kota Samarahan, Sarawak. Independent variables for this study are espirit de corps, recognition and rewards and team trust. Dependent variable for this study is employee performance. Both variables are adopted from Manzoor, Hafizullah, Husain & Ahmad (2011). Questionaire was developed for the purpose of data collection which distributed at SALCRA. There were 128 sets of questionnaires were and only 79.7% return (102 sets). The data was analysed by using Statistical Package for Social Science Software (SPSS) version 20 person Correlation was performed on the collected data to determine the relationship between teamwork and employee performance. The finding shows there were relationship between both variables. Team trust has strong correlation toward employee performance where is r=.767 (p<0.01). Similar to the finding of some researchers (Sheilkh Racheel Manzoor, Hafiz Ullah, Murad Hussain and Zulqarnain Muhammad Ahmad, 2011) with the correlation value r=.647, p<0.01. Besides that, other elements in teamwork which were esprit de corp and recognition and reward also have a strong correlation and significant relationship (p<0.01) towards employee performance which the correlation for espirit de corp was r=.700, p<0.01 and recognition and reward was r=.704, p<0.01. SALCRA should be a role model to other organization as they proof that they make teamwork is the important things to gain employee performance in order to achieve highest performance and productivity of organization.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

AUTHOR'S DECLARATIONi
ABSTRACTii
ACKNOWLEDGMENTiii
LIST OF TABLESvii
LIST OF FIGURESviii
CHAPTER 11
INTRODUCTION1
Background of the Study1
Statement of the Problem
Research Objective
Research Question
Significance of the Study4
Limitations of the Study4
Definition of Terms4
CHAPTER 26
LITERATURE REVIEW6
Introduction6
Definition of Teamwork6

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

This chapter is focused on the background of the study, statement of problem, research objectives, and research questions, significance of the study, limitation of study and also definition of terms that used in this study.

Background of the Study

In order to deliver a good quality of service productivity, teamwork is an idea of two or more person who working together in a group to achieve the same goals and objectives for the good of the service users and organizations. Employees' teamwork is seen as constituting a larger group of people than what job position describe. By using the positive synergy, it can influence individual mutual accountability and complementary skills. Teamwork as a grouping of professionals whose members work intensely on a specific toward a common goal. Ability to work together towards a common vision is team work which is a fuel that allows common people to attain uncommon results Agarwal (2015).

Teamwork has been around the world for as long as anyone can remember and there can be few organizations that have not used the team in one sense or another. It is common to hear of management teams, production teams, service team or even whole organizations being referred to as teams that is, many organization today are