

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

THE IMPACTS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE TOWARDS THE FIRMS' DIVIDEND PAYOUT RATIO

MASLINDA BT KHAIRUZZAMAN 2015125893

Final Year Project Paper submitted in fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Business Administration (Finance)

Faculty of Business and Management

June 2018

AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work in this final year project paper was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the results of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This thesis has not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for any degree or qualification.

I, hereby, acknowledge that I have been supplied with the Academic Rules and Regulations for Undergraduate, Universiti Teknologi MARA, regulating the conduct of my study and research.

Name of Student : Maslinda binti Khairuzzaman

Student I.D. No. : 2015125893

Programme : Bachelor of Business and Administration (Hons)

Finance

Faculty : Business and Management

Thesis : The Impacts of Corporate Governance Towards The

Firms' Dividend Payout Ratio

Signature of Student :

Date : June 2018

ABSTRACT

Corporate governance plays an important role to boost the confidence of investors and other participants in capital markets. Generally, it is a system that directs and controls the distribution of responsibilities and rights among a firm's stakeholders. Dividend is considered as a reward for providing finances to a firm, as without any dividend, shares would not be valuable. The issue of corporate governance has always been an essential and critical element for both private and public sectors in Malaysia. Malaysia's Prime Minister has even emphasized for more concentration on the corporate governance related issues. He argued the need of the firms in the country to benchmark to an effective system that could enhance the quality of good corporate management practice. Besides, dividend payout ratio will subject the firms to be examined by capital market in order to secure more capital for expansion. Good corporate governance is believed to be a key factor in order to enhance firms' dividend payout ratio and maximize the shareholders' wealth. This research analyses dividend payout ratio as the dependent variable. Meanwhile, the independent variables are board size, outside directors proportion, managerial ownership, ownership concentration and board meeting frequency. This research uses a sample of 10 companies in finance sectors that listed in Bursa Malaysia. All data of the variables are taken from the firms' Annual Report that published in Bursa Malaysia and cover a period of 7 years from 2010 to 2016. As the research methodologies, this study uses panel data analysis, descriptive analysis, correlation analysis, multiple regression analysis by using pooled ordinary least squares (OLS) method and assumption tests. It finds that all the independent variables of corporate governance have relationship with the firms' dividend payout ratio.

TABLE OF CONTENT

		Page
AUTH	IOR'S DECLARATION	iii
ABSTRACT		iv
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT		v
TABLE OF CONTENT		vi
LIST OF TABLES		ix
LIST OF FIGURES		x
LIST OF SYMBOLS		xi
LIST	OF ABBREVIATIONS	xii
СНАІ	PTER ONE INTRODUCTION	13
1.1	Introduction	13
1.2	Research Background	13
1.2.1	Corporate Governance	13
1.2.2	Dividend	14
1.3	Problem Statement	15
1.4	Research Questions	16
1.5	Research Objectives	16
1.6	Significance of the Study	17
1.7	Scope of the Study	17
1.8	Limitation of the Study	18
1.8.1	Time constraint	18
1.8.2	Lack of sources as references	18
1.9	Definition of Key Terms	18
1.9.1	Outside Directors Proportion	19
1.9.2	Managerial Ownership	. 19
1.9.3	Ownership Concentration	19
1.9.4	Board Meeting Frequency	19
1.10	Summary	19



LIST OF TABLES

Tables	Title	Page
Table 1.1	OECD Principles of Corporate Governance	14
Table 1.2	Principles of MCCG 2012	14
Table 3.1	Measurement of Unit Variables	26
Table 4.1	Descriptive Analysis Result	34
Table 4.2	Correlation Analysis Result	35
Table 4.3	Multiple Regression Analysis Result	37
Table 4.4	Autocorrelation Test Result	40
Table 4.5	Heteroskedasticity Test Result	40