



*Programme and Abstracts*

# PIMES

**PLANTATION MANAGEMENT  
EXHIBITION & SEMINAR**

*15th December 2018*

**Faculty of Plantation and Agrotechnology**  
Universiti Teknologi MARA  
Melaka Branch, Jasin Campus  
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**PLANTATION MANAGEMENT EXHIBITION AND SEMINAR 2018 (PiMES)**

*Melaka, Malaysia*

*December 15, 2018*

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## **DEAN PREFACE**



Assalamualaikum Warahmatullahi Wabarakatuh

My heartiest congratulations go to the Committees for successfully organized PiMES September 2018. PiMES September 2018 enables lecturers and panels from strong industrial background to reflect and share significant ideas, experiences and research findings in the workplace and in partnerships. It is also hoped to encourage collaboration among the lecturers and enhance the quality and performance of the faculty. The research findings derived from this substantial event shall indicate the commitment of lecturers not only in teaching, but also in striving to unfold new knowledge and processes that will benefit the nation. The efforts of our lecturers need to be further extended to a wider audience so that the nation will benefit from the research findings. It is also hoped that, the proceedings will trigger serious thought and more robust research in the field of education as well as plantation and technology so as to help Malaysia achieve Vision 2020.

As we know, agriculture production has increased tremendously today because of the demand from various sectors in the world. To meet the challenges of increasing food demand, techniques and ways should be created to improve productivity, profitability and sustainability of the agricultural system. Industrial agricultural system has led to irretrievably changes in the landscape diversity, soil quality, environment integrity, and natural resource base. This has resulted major questions and curiosity worldwide in relation to the sustainability of agricultural production system. The most significant damage to natural ecosystems and the environment was caused by habitat conversion and corresponding climate change, loss of biodiversity and ecosystem functions, soil erosion and degradation, and pollution from fertilizers and pesticides. Concepts in plant protection have changed in past decades from exclusion or destruction of pest to pest management. Serious problems with pesticides, rapid development of pest resistance, environmental effects of pesticides, and high costs led to development of new approaches and techniques in pest management based on improved knowledge of pest dynamics and their natural enemies, and the interaction between the pest and the crop.

It remains only for me to thank all those who have helped to make this events such a great and wonderful success. Much appreciation is due to the board editor, and reviewers of all papers submitted as well as to all authors whose ideas and contributions ensured rich and lively discussion during the various sessions.

*DEAN,*

*Assoc Prof Dr Asmah Awal*

# ***PLANTATION MANAGEMENT EXHIBITION AND SEMINAR 2018 (PiMES)***

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## **INTRODUCTION**

The PiMES committee and UiTM (Melaka), Jasin Campus residents are very pleased to welcome all participants in the Plantation and Management Seminar (PiMES) which is organized by Faculty and Agrotechnology.

PiMES aims to give an exposure to the students about the procedure to make a poster by extracting information from their final year project. This seminar will sharpen their communication skill as well as they can exchange and share their research result, projects, experiences and new ideas related to all aspects of studies in plantation management and agribusiness, plant sciences, soil sciences, plant protection, plant biotechnology and agricultural engineering. We sincerely hope that you will enjoy and return home with plenty of inspiration to improve agro-industry plantation practices and research activities.

**ANTIOXIDANT ACTIVITY ON *Oryza sativa* AND THEIR  
PHYTOCHEMICAL SCREENING AND TLC PROFILING Zahirah Binti Nor**

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**ABSTRACT**

In the present study, the phytochemical screening, TLC profiling and antioxidant activity were investigate in the two common *Oryza sativa* variety in Malaysia which MR220 CL2 and MR219. Farmer in Malaysia usually cultivate paddy from variety MR220 CL2 and MR219 because it resistant to the herbicide and have the higher yield. The both variety are planted more than 20 season in more than 90% of the planted area in Malaysia. This study aim to determine the presence of phytochemical screening, best system solvent toward TLC profiling and antioxidant activity. Six sample such as leaves, hull, cuticle, root, stem and panicle were extract with methanol from both variety and use for the further analysis of the presence alkaloid, saponin, flavonoid, tannin and terpenoid for phytochemical screening. TLC study was carried out by using various solvent system of varying polarity of hexane, chloroform, ethyl acetate, and methanol extract. Therefore, antioxidant activity was performed by DPPH (1, 1-diphenyl-2-picryl hydrazyl) radical scavenging method for different extracts of *Oryza sativa* using different concentration solvent (50,100,150,200,220 and 500 ppm) and Vitamin C and BHA are used as positive antioxidant control. The result showed that leaves and panicle from the both variety have most of the phytochemical screening and thin layer chromatographic that constituted different polarity compounds with different  $R_f$  values. The DPPH free radicals were scavenged by all plant extracts in a concentration that depend on the  $IC_{50}$  value. It appear that all paddy extract have not active in antioxidant activity.

*Keyword: *Oryza sativa*, phytochemical screening, TLC profiling, antioxidant*