

FACULTY OF ADMINISTRATIVE SCIENCE AND
POLICY STUDIES
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

PUBLIC PERCEPTION OF PATI
(*PENDATANG ASING TANPA IZIN*) POLICY:
AN EXPLORATORY STUDY IN KOTA KINABALU

CARLENO JISON
2010290076

ROSLAN BIN TUYUN
2010476356

JUNE 2012

THE DECLARATION

We hereby declare that the work contained in this research report is original and our own except those duly identified and recognized.

Student Name: Carlneo Jison

2010290076

Signature: _____

Date: 11 JULY 2012

Student Name: Roslan Bin Tuyun

2010476356

Signature: _____

Date: 11 JULY 2012

Abstract

The state government approaches to solve illegal immigrant problem in Sabah is keep changing since USNO era. It keeps changing until BN took over the state government in Sabah. Open-door policy and accommodating is the approach that USNO government used towards PATI issue in Sabah. BN applied the Closed-door policy and non- accommodating and until nowadays there is no consistencies on government policy towards combating PATI. Amnesty program, special task force and RCI was implemented however the result is still not as expected. Policies inconsistencies implementation in Sabah makes people now opening their mind toward the implementation of the policies. This research will discuss about the people's perception towards policy implementation in combating the PATI issue. It is the main objective of this study. Among the issue that discussed in this research are correlation between the level of education and their perception and the relationship between age and the perception. Illegal immigrant becomes the threat to local people. Thus, it can be identify whether it is true or not through this exploratory study. Judgmental sampling is the method that been used in this study. The result of the study was people have negative perception towards policies that has been implemented in order to combating PATI issue. That mean policies that has been implemented is not successfully solving the PATI issue. Government has to be more consistent in order to solving PATI issues through the comprehensives policies so that the PATI issue can be resolve for Sabahan future.

Table of Contents

Chapter 1: Introduction

1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 Problem Statement	3
1.3 Research Objectives	4
1.4 Scope of the Study	4
1.5 Significance of the Study	5
1.6 Definition of Term and Concept	5

Chapter 2: Literature Review and Conceptual Framework

2.1 Literature Review	6
2.2 Conceptual Framework	15
2.2.1 Independent Variables	16
2.2.1.1 Clear Policy	16
2.2.1.2 Policy Focus	16
2.2.1.3 Consistent Implementation	16
2.2.1.4 Level of Education	17
2.2.1.5 Group of Age	17

Chapter 3: Research Methodology

3.1 Research Design	18
3.2 Sample Size	18
3.3 Sampling Techniques	18
3.4 Unit of Analysis	18
3.5 Measurement	19
3.6 Data Collection	19

3.7 Data Analysis	19
Chapter 4: Findings	
4.1 Reliability Test	20
4.2 Statistics	
4.2.1 Profile of the Respondents	20
4.2.2 People's Knowledge towards PATI Issue	22
4.2.3 People's Perception towards Policy Effectiveness	22
4.2.4 Perception of the Respondents towards the Policy Effectiveness	24
4.2.5 Relationship between the Level of Education and Perception	28
4.2.6 Relationship between the Group of Age and the Perception	29
Chapter 5: Discussion and Conclusion	
5.1 Limitation	31
5.2 Discussion	32
5.2 Recommendation	34
5.3 Conclusion	36
5.4 References	38
5.5 Appendices	40