## THE ROLE OF HOME ENVIRONMENT, MOTIVATION AND READING IN THE LEARNING OF ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE: A STUDY INVOLVING THE PART TWO STUDENTS OF UITM TERENGGANU

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### **ABSTRACT**

The weakness in the command of the English language among graduates produced by local universities including UiTM is a cause for concern at all levels. Handicap in the English language, which often started at their primary and secondary level can be attributed to several factors, i.e. motivation, or rather the lack of it, an adverse home environment, lack of parental encouragement, the family socio-economic status, and also the lack of exposure to the English language itself. In view of this, the researchers had intended to find out if there were any significant relationships among the factors mentioned above to their motivational orientations with regards to the students' achievement in the English Language. 244 Part Two students who had enrolled for the BEL200 Mainstream English I course were selected as respondents for this study, using the convenience sampling method. A questionnaire was administered to the respondents to gauge the role played the factors mentioned above, while Gardner and Lambert's AMT Battery was used to gauge their motivational levels and orientation. An English Language achievement test was also conducted on the students. The findings showed that there were significant positive relationships between the factors mentioned above and the respondents' motivational orientation. Interestingly, it was also found that reading habits can boost the achievement level in the English Language irrespective of their motivational level and orientation. However, a positive relationship was not evident between exposure to the language and the respondents' motivational orientation. It was also evidently proven that the quantity of reading done by the respondents was not a reliable predictor of their English Language achievement. In fact, home environment was found to be a better predictor towards this cause. The researchers wish to reiterate the findings of this study that students' motivation (both instrumental and integrative) towards the English Language need to be exploited in as many ways as possible to enable them to become more proficient in the English Language, and that everyone has a role to play towards this end.

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### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page(s)			
A CI	NOWLEDGEMENTi			
	BLE OF CONTENTS			
	Γ OF TABLESv			
	r OF FIGURESvii			
	TRACT viii			
ADI	71VAC1			
<b>CHAPTER ONE - INTRODUCTION</b>				
1.1	Background to the Study1			
1.2	Statement of the Problem			
1.3	Objectives of the Study3			
1.4	Research Questions			
1.5	Significance of the Study5			
1.6	Scope and Limitation of the Study5			
1.7	Definition of Terminologies			
	1.7.1 Motivation Orientations			
	1.7.1.1 Integrative Motivation6	ŀ		
	1.7.1.2 Instrumental Motivation 6			
	1.7.2 Dimensions of Motivation			
	1.7.2.1 Cognitive			
	1.7.2.2 Learning Styles			
	1.7.2.3 Reading and Language Abilities			
	1.7.2.4 Emotional/Attitudinal9	į		
	1.7.2.5 Literary Experiences	i		
	1.7.3 Home Environment			
	1.7.3.1 Socio-Economic Status (SES)			
	1.7.3.2 Parental Support			
	1.7.3.3 Exposure to English	,		

### **CHAPTER TWO - LITERATURE REVIEW**

2.1	Introduction	13
2.2	The Theoretical Model	13
2.3	Studies Linking the Home Environment to Second Language Learning	14
2.4	Studies on Motivational Orientations and Achievement in English	14
2.5	Relationship between Students' Home Environment and Motivation	16
2.6	The Benefits of Extensive Reading	
2.7	Students Motivation and Extensive Reading	20
2.8	Conclusion	
	CIVARED STIDES DECEARCH MESSIONAL ACTUARD DECICAL	
	CHAPTER THREE - RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND DESIGN	
3.1	Introduction	
3.2	The Research Framework	22
3.3	Research Hypotheses	23
3.4	Operational Definitions	24
	3.4.1 English Language Achievement Test	24
	3.4.2 Gender	24
	3.4.3 Quantity of English Language material reading done	
	3.4.4 Attitude	24
3.5	Population and Sample	25
3.6	The Research Instrument	
3.7	Reliability Coefficients of the Items	27
3.8	Test for the Normality of Data	
	<b>CHAPTER FOUR - RESULTS AND FINDINGS</b>	
4.1	Introduction	29
4.2	Respondents' Profile	
	4.2.1 Gender	
	4.2.2 Language Used at Home	
	4.2.3 Family Income	30
	4.2.4 English Language Grade for BEL 100	
4.3	Reading Habits among the Respondents	
	4.3.1 Average Time Spent Reading English Newspapers in a Day	32
	4.3.2 Average Time Spent Reading English Newspapers in a Week	
	4.3.3 Average Time Spent Reading English Magazines in a Week	
	4.3.4 Average Time Spent Reading Newspapers in a Month	
	4.3.5 Average Time Spent Browsing the Internet Reading Non-Course	
	Materials (in English) in a Week	36
	4.3.6 Average Time Spent Browsing the Internet Reading Non-Course	
	Materials (in English) in a Month	37