UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA FACULTY OF ADMINISTRATIVE SCIENCE & POLICY STUDIES



INTERNET ADDICTION AMONG UNIVERSITY STUDENTS IN SUNGAI PETANI, KEDAH.

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THE ABSTRACT

Abstract

Internet addiction is becoming a global problem and has been associated with mental health issues such as depression and anxiety. There is a strong need for local research, given the recent rise of mental health issues amongst children and adolescents in Malaysia, as well as lack of research in this field locally. This study assessed the prevalence of internet addiction, and its association with internet-related factors, pornography, social media, and online gaming, amongst university in Sungai Petani, Malaysia. In this study, 300 university students were conveniently chosen from three selected university within Sungai Petani. A cross sectional survey was conducted on three selected universities. The numbers of questionnaire distributed is 300 completed questionnaires and each university divided into 100 on each university. The respondent completed the demographic profile as well as other section in the questionnaire consist of Internet Addiction, Pornography Factor, Social Media Factor and Online Gaming Factor. Pearson Correlation and Multiple Regression are carried out. This study found that Social Media (0.348), Online Gaming (0.243), and Pornography (0.226). Contrary to the previous studies, pornography factor has the lowest significant relationship on internet addiction among university student. As a conclusion, this study has important implications in relations to clinical practices. research and policy making in Malaysia

Keywords: Internet Addiction, Young Internet Addiction Test, social media factor, online gaming factor, pornography factor

CONTENTS

	eclaration wledgement ostract	
СНАР	TER ONE: INTRODUCTION	
1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5	Introduction Problem Statement Research Questions (RQ) Research Objectives (RO) Scope of the Study 1.5.1 Level 1.5.2 Territory 1.5.3 Time	1 2 5 6 7 7 7
1.61.71.8	Significance of the Study 1.6.1 Body of the knowledge 1.6.2 To assist the researchers Definition of Terms, Terminology and Concepts 1.7.1 Internet Addiction 1.7.2 Pornography 1.7.3 Social Media 1.7.4 Online Gaming Conclusion	7 8 8 9 9 9 9 10
CHAP	TER TWO: LITERITURE REVIEW & CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK	
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9	Introduction Internet Addiction Uses and Gratification Theory Self-Esteem and Depression Pornography factor Social Media factor Online Gaming factor Conceptual Framework Conceptual Framework definition 2.9.1 Internet Addiction 2.9.2 Pornography factor 2.9.3 Social Media factor 2.9.4 Online Gaming factor Hypothesis Conclusion	12 12 14 15 16 17 19 21 22 22 22 22 22 22
CHAP	TER THREE: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	
3.1 3.2	Introduction Research Design	27 27

3.3	Unit of Analysis	27
3.4	Sample Size	28
3.5	Sampling Technique	28
3.6	Measurement/Instrument 3.6.1 Demographic Profile	28 29
	3.6.2 Internet Addiction	29
	3.6.3 Pornography	30
	3.6.4 Social Media	31
	3.6.5 Online Gaming	31
	3.6.6 Measurement Table	32
3.7	Data Collection	38
3.8	Data Analysis	39
	3.8.1 Pilot Study	41
2.0	3.8.2 Hypothesis Testing	42
3.9	Conclusion	43
CHAPTER	FOUR: ANALYSIS	
4.1	Introduction	44
4.2	Demographic Profile	44
4.3	Category mean for descriptive analysis in the study	47
4.4	Findings	47
4.5	Interpretation on Research objectives 1	48
4.6	Interpretation on Research objectives 2	49
4.7	Interpretation on Research objectives 3	50
4.8	Interpretation on Research objectives 4	51
4.9	Interpretation on Research objectives 5	52
4.10	Conclusion	54
4.10	Conclusion	J 4
CHAPTER	FIVE: DISCUSSION & CONCLUSION	
5.1	Introduction	55
5.2	Discussion of Findings	55
5.2	5.2.1 Level of internet addiction among university student in Sungai Petani	55
		56
	5.2.2 Relationship between pornography and internet addiction among university student in Sungai Petani	36
	5.2.3 Relationship between social media and internet addiction among university students in Sungai Petani	56
	5.2.4 Relationship between online gaming and internet addiction among	57
	university students in Sungai Petani	31
	5.2.5 The most influential factor that contributes to the level of internet	58
	addiction among university students in Sungai Petani	
5.3	Research Implication	59
5.4	Research Limitation	59
	5.4.1 Method Applied	59
	5.4.2 Respondent	59