PROPERTIES OF PARTICLEBOARD PRODUCE FROM HYBRID OF LUDAI AND KELEMPAYAN

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page		
ACF	KNOWLEDGEMENTS	iii		
TAE	TABLE OF CONTENTS LIST OF TABLES LIST OF FIGURES LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS			
LIST				
LIST				
LIST				
ABS	STRACT	ix		
ABS	STRAK	X		
CHA	APTER 1 INTRODUCTION	1		
1.1	General Background	1		
1.2		2		
1.3	Justification of Study	2		
1.4	•	3		
CHA	APTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW	4		
2.1	Particleboard	4		
2.1	2.1.1 Particleboard manufacturing process	5		
	2.1.2 Admixture Particle of Tropical Species	6		
	2.1.3 Effect of particle size and ratio	7		
2.2	<u>-</u>	9		
2.3	1	10		
2.4	Resin	12		
	2.4.1 Melamine Urea Formaldehyde (MUF) resin	13		
CHA	APTER 3 METHODOLOGY	15		
3.1	Experimental design	15		
3.2	Field procedure	17		
3.3	Material preparation	17		
	3.3.1 Particle screening	18		
	3.3.2 Oven drying	19		
	3.3.3 Particleboard manufacturing	20		
3.4	Sample cutting	22		
3.5	Board Testing	23		
	3.5.1 Determination of thickness swelling (TS) and Water			
	absorption (WA)	23		

	3.5.2	Determination of Internal Bonding (IB)	24		
	3.5.3	Determination of Modulus of Elasticity (MOE)	25		
СНА	PTER 4	RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	27		
4.1		Analysis	27		
4.2		of ratio on the physical and mechanical properties	29		
	4.2.1	Modulus of Rupture (MOR)	29		
		Modulus of Elasticity (MOE)	30		
		Internal Bonding (IB)	31		
	4.2.4	U \	32		
	4.2.5	•	33		
4.3		of particle size on physical and mechanical properties	34		
	4.3.1	Modulus of Rupture (MOR)	34		
	4.3.2	÷ ' ' '	35		
	4.3.3	Internal Bonding (IB)	36		
	4.3.4	-	37		
	4.3.5	Thickness swelling (TS)	38		
СНА	PTER 5	5 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	40		
5.1	Sumn	nary	40		
5.2		nmendation	41		
CITI	en per	FRENCES	42		
	CITED REFERENCES APPENDICES				
CURRICULUM VITAE					
$\sim \sim 10$		VATE VERALE	50		

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Caption	Page
2.1	Flow chart of particleboard manufacturing process	5
3.1	Schematic diagram of experimental design.	15
3.2	Chipper machine	13
3.3	Knife-ring flaker	17
3.4	Screening machine	18
3.5	Oven Drying	18
3.6	Hot-press machine	20
3.7	Board cutting sample	21
4.1	Effect of ratio on Modulus of Rupture	27
4.2	Effect of ratio on Modulus of Elasticity	28
4.3	Effect of ratio on internal bonding	29
4.4	Effect of ratio on water absorption	30
4.5	Effect of ration on thickness swelling	31
4.6	Effect of particle size on Modulus of Rupture	33
4.7	Effect of particle size on Modulus of Elasticity	34
4.8	Effect of particle size on internal bonding	35
4.9	Effect of particle size on water absorption	36
4.10	Effect of particle size on thickness swelling	37

ABSTRACT

PROPERTIES OF PARTICLEBOARD PRODUCE FROM HYBRID OF LUDAI AND KELEMPAYAN

This study is conducted to determine the mechanical and physical properties of hybrid particleboard made from Ludai and Kelempayan hence evaluates the effect of ratio and size of particle to board properties. Log of Ludai is obtained directly from UiTM Jengka Forest Reserved. Particleboard is made with target board density of 600 kg/m³ and particle ratio divided by 4 that are 100LD:0KL, 70LD:30KL, 50LD:50KL, 0LD:100KL. Resin used is Melamine Urea Formaldehyde (MUF). Particleboard with 2.0 mm particle size has reach the minimum requirement for Malaysian Standard with 1617 MPa (LD100:KL0), 2301 MPa (LD70:KL30), 1710 MPa (LD 50:50) and 1667 MPa (LD0:KL100). For MOR value, only particleboard with ratio LD70:KL30 from 2.0 mm particle size were met the standard where the value was 18.78 MPa. For IB, all particleboard successfully achieves the standard require with the least value came from 1.0 mm particleboard from ratio of LD70:KL30 with 0.38MPa. Result in thickness swelling shows only particleboard from LD70:KL30 with particle size of 1.0 mm were met with the minimum standard required which the value was 11.19%. Admixture of Ludai in ratio and particle size causes decreasing performance to strength of particleboard. The highest value is produced from board with ratio of 70LD:30KL with particle size of 2.0 mm where has value of 2301 MPa for MOE, 18.2 MPa for MOR, 1.80 MPa for IB, 18.77% for TS and 92.03% of WA. Particleboard from hybrid of Ludai and Kelempayan has low potential as a raw material for particleboard manufacturing because of the low performance gave by Ludai species when it was mixed with Kelempayan.