# UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

# MODELLING THE EFFECTS OF PERCEIVED CREDIBILITY ON CONSUMERS' ATTITUDES AND PURCHASE INTENTION: EMPIRICAL EVIDENCE FROM CELEBRITY ENTREPRENEUR ENDORSER ADVERTISEMENT

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Thesis submitted in fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of **Doctor of Philosophy** 

**Faculty of Business Management** 

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#### AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work in this thesis was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the result of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This thesis has not been submitted to any other academic or non-academic institution for any other degree or qualification.

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1

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#### ABSTRACT

The use of celebrities as endorser of product in advertisements is a very popular strategy in marketing communications. Empirical evidences from western samples justify the hiring of celebrities in advertisements. While the strategy has spread across other countries around the world, there is a lack of studies done to determine the effectiveness of this strategy in other markets especially the Asian markets. Moreover, a new phenomenon has emerged where celebrities become entrepreneurs by starting ventures and endorsing their own brand in advertisement. As the strategy becomes more prevalent across many media, there is a need to assess the value added by celebrities in advertisements. In this regard, the credibility of the celebrity as the source in the communication process becomes the primary focus of this study. The main objective of this study was to determine the effects of three aspects of credibility in celebrity entrepreneur endorser advertisement on advertising effectiveness. Source Credibility Theory, Hierarchy of Effects Models and Tripartite Attitude Theory were employed as theoretical foundations for developing the present conceptual model. More significantly, this study investigated the perceived credibility of the company that sponsors the advertisement and the credibility of the advertising message in addition to the credibility of the celebrity entrepreneur endorser on advertising effectiveness as antecedents. The three traditional variables to measure advertising effectiveness were attitude toward the advertisement, attitude toward the brand and purchase intention. The methodology adopted for the study was survey method using quota sampling technique. A printed, real celebrity entrepreneur endorsed advertisement was attached to the questionnaire as the stimulus. The celebrity selected was Dato' Siti Nurhaliza and her brand of skincare product, SimplySiti, based on a pretest conducted with 30 respondents. The drop-andcollect data collection technique utilized produced 542 usable questionnaires. Using structural equation modeling, the data analyzed provides the empirical findings for the thesis. The results from hypothesis testing show that nine hypothesized links were supported and three were not supported. With some minor modification, a plausible model that has a statistical and explanatory power for interpretation of results was confidently established. The findings from this study could offer several major contributions to the marketing and advertising theory as well as marketing communications practitioners. Firstly, it identified celebrity decorum as the key determinant of celebrity entrepreneur endorser credibility. Secondly, all the three aspects of credibility related to the celebrity, company and advertisement message, had a direct effect on attitude toward the advertisement and attitude toward the brand. However, their impact on purchase intention was indirect and mediated by attitude toward the advertisement or attitude toward the brand or both. Additionally, both attitude constructs had a positive and significant effect on purchase intention for brand of skincare products endorsed by a celebrity entrepreneur with brand attitude appears to be the key determinant of purchase intention. The findings from this study form part of the strategic recommendations to marketing communicators in the face of advertising/media clutter and competition. Apart from providing empirical results to understand Malaysian advertising industry and celebrity culture, this study's findings also established an empirical foundation for future research.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

	8
AUTHOR'S DECLARATION	ii
ABSTRACT	iii
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	iv
TABLE OF CONTENTS	v
LIST OF TABLES	xi
LIST OF FIGURES	xiv

## CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION

1.1	Introdu	1	
1.2	Backg	2	
1.3	Proble	8	
1.4	Research Objectives		11
1.5	Research Questions		12
1.6 Sign		ficance of the Study	
	1.6.1	Theoretical Perspective	13
	1.6.2	Managerial Perspective	15
1.7	Scope of the Study		16
	1.7.1	Research Setting	16
	1.7.2	Unit of Analysis	17
	1.7.3	The Industry Context -Skin Care	17
1.8	Definition of Terms		21
1.9	Organization of Thesis		23

### CHAPTER TWO: CELEBRITY ENDORSEMENT IN ADVERTISING

2.1	Introduction	25
2.2	Definitions of Celebrity, Celebrity Endorser and Celebrity Entrepreneur	25

	2.2.1	Celebrity		25
	2.2.2	Celebrity Endorser		28
	2.2.3	Celebrity Entrepreneur – A New Phe	nomenon in Celebrity	29
		Endorsement		2,
	2.2.4	Celebrity Endorser Versus Celebrity	Entrepreneur	32
2.3	The Be	nefits of Celebrity Endorsement		
2.4	The Co	sts of Celebrity Endorsement		
2.5	Selection	tion of Celebrity Endorsers		
2.6	Celebri	ty Endorsement in Malaysian Advertising		
2.7	Summa	Summary		
		-		
СНАР	TER TH	REE: LITERATURE REVIEW A	ND CONCEPTUAL	
DEVE	LOPME	NT		
3.1	Introdu	ction		47
3.2	Source	Credibility Theory		47
	3.2.1	The Conceptualization of Source Cr	edibility	47
	3.2.2	Source Credibility Models		51
3.3	Ohania	n's (1990) Tri-Component Measure o	f Celebrity Endorser	56
	Credibi	lity		
3.4	Celebri	Celebrity Credibility		
	3.4.1	Dimensions and Effects of Celebrity	/ Credibility	61
		3.4.1.1 Trustworthiness		61
		3.4.1.2 Expertise		62
		3.4.1.3 Attractiveness		65
		3.4.1.4 Additional Dimension -D	ecorum	67
3.5	Company Credibility			68
	3.5.1	The Dimensions of Company Credit	bility	71
	3.5.2	Attitudes and Intentions toward Con	npany Credibility	73
3.6	Advertisement Credibility			75
	3.6.1	Conceptualizing Advertisement Cre	dibility	76
	3.6.2	The Effects of Advertisement Credi	bility	79