THE EFFECT OF HARDENED PROPERTIES OF MORTAR CONTAINING PALM OIL FUEL ASH (POFA) AS PARTIAL SAND REPLACEMENT

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Bachelor of Engineering (Hons) Civil (Infrastructure) UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA SEPTEMBER 2020

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This report is submitted as a partial requirement for the degree of Bachelor of Engineering (Hons)Civil (Infrastructure)

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AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work in this thesis was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the results of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This topic has not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for any degree or qualification.

I, hereby, acknowledge that I have been supplied with the Academic Rules and Regulations for Undergraduate, Universiti Teknologi MARA, regulating the conduct of my study and research.

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ABSTRACT

The necessity of natural resource which is sand for construction industry due to the rapid growth of urbanization and industrialization in Malaysia has led to serious environmental pollution resulting from growing activities in sand mining. Palm oil fuel ash (POFA) is a waste product generated by palm oil industry and discarded in the landfill which it be a pollution waste to the environment. Thus, the use of POFA will solve the solid waste problem in Malaysia. POFA is a pozzolanic material and can serve as a partial replacement for sand. Therefore, this study investigates the effect of hardened properties of mortar containing POFA as partial sand replacement on the tensile strength and durability properties which is water absorption and porosity. Four mixture of mortar containing 0%, 5%, 10% and 15% of POFA by weight of sand were used in this experiment. The cylinder specimens were cast and undergoes curing process up to 3, 7 and 28 days before tensile splitting testing, water absorption and porosity testing. Outcome of this study shows that the higher amount of POFA in the mortar reduces the strength and durability of the mortar. However, it was noted that 5% of POFA is the optimum amount to be used as partial sand replacement which can enhance the performance of mortar strength and durability.

Keywords: Mixing ingredient, Mortar, Partially sand replacement, Palm oil fuel ash, Porosity, Tensile strength, Water absorption.

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