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CAWANGAN PULAU PINANG**

**INVESTIGATION OF PMOS
CAPACITOR PERFORMANCE BY
VARYING SEMICONDUCTOR
MATERIALS USING SILVACO
TCAD TOOLS**

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**BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
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AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work in this thesis was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the results of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work.

I, hereby, acknowledge that I have been supplied with the Academic Rules and Regulations, Universiti Teknologi MARA, regulating the conduct of my study and research.

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ABSTRACT

Metal oxide semiconductor (MOS) capacitor is a trilayer device that comprises of metal, dielectric and semiconductor layer. The advancement of MOS technology has greatly give huge improvement to MOS devices which lead to scaling down the MOS devices. The reduction of dielectric thickness has coming to an end so an alternative of using material with high mobility carrier as semiconductor base material is investigated. The objective of this work is to study the performance of p-type MOS (pMOS) capacitor by varying the base material for semiconductor to silicon (Si), germanium (Ge) and silicon germanium (SiGe). The performance of the pMOS was evaluated based on the capacitance-voltage (C-V) and current-voltage (I-V) characteristics. The simulation was done through Silvaco TCAD tool which comprising of ATHENA and ATLAS simulator ease the method of investigation. Result for C-V characteristics showed that pMOS capacitor fabricated using Ge and $S_{i_3}N_4$ as base material and dielectric layer, respectively has voltage threshold, $V_T = 4.15V$ and $C_{max} = 2.61 \times 10^{-14}F$. pMOS capacitor fabricated using SiGe as base material and $S_{i_3}N_4$ as dielectric layer has voltage threshold, $V_T = 4.28V$ and $C_{max} = 1.30 \times 10^{-14}F$. The performance of both pMOS capacitor are better compared to Si with $V_T = 4.38V$ and $C_{max} = 6.75 \times 10^{-15}F$. Based on the obtained results, Ge is chosen as the best material to be used as the semiconductor layer supported by recent researchers. As compared to SiGe, the C_{max} value of Ge is higher that enable the device to store more charge with low voltage to operate the MOS device.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
AUTHOR'S DECLARATION	i
ABSTRACT	ii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	iii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	iv
LIST OF TABLES	vi
LIST OF FIGURES	vii
LIST OF APPENDICES	ix
LIST OF SYMBOLS	x
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	xi
CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Research Background	1
1.2 Problem Statement	2
1.3 Objectives	2
1.4 Scope of Work	3
1.5 Thesis Organization	3
CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW	5
2.1 Development in Semiconductor Electronic	5
2.1.1 The Early Years: Bell Labs	6
2.1.2 Into Silicon	6
2.1.3 The Transistor	7
2.1.4 The Growth and Spread of Transistor Technology	7
2.1.5 Integrated Circuit	8
2.2 MOS Capacitor	9
2.2.1 Structure	9
2.2.2 Operation	10
2.2.3 Energy-band Diagrams	12
2.2.4 Capacitance-Voltage (C-V) Characteristics	14

2.2.5	Charges in Dielectric	17
2.2.6	Work Function Differences	20
2.2.7	Flat-band Voltage	22
2.2.8	Threshold voltage	23
2.3	Previous works	25
2.3.1	Dielectric Layer	25
2.3.2	Germanium as Semiconductor Layer	26
2.4	Summary	27
 CHAPTER 3 METHODOLOGY		28
3.1	Overview	28
3.2	Overall Flowchart of MOS Capacitor Fabrication	28
3.3	MOS Capacitor Structure	29
3.4	Fabrication in Athena	31
3.5	Capacitance-Voltage (C-V) Characteristics	35
3.6	Current-Voltage (I-V) Characteristics	37
3.7	Summary	38
 CHAPTER 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION		39
4.1	Overview	39
4.2	MOS Capacitor Structure	39
4.3	Capacitance-Voltage Characteristic	41
4.4	Current-Voltage Characteristic	43
4.5	Summary	46
 CHAPTER 5 CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK		47
5.1	Conclusion	47
5.2	Future Works	47
 REFERENCES		48
APPENDICES		51