REGULATING RECYCLING IN MALAYSIA

BY

MUHAMMAD ZULHILMI ZAHIN BIN AHMAD (2010856382) WAN MYRA DYANA BINTI (2010823748) MUHAMMAD ASYRAF BIN AZNI (2010242246)

Research is submitted to partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Bachelor of Legal Studies (Hons)

,

Mara University of Technology

Faculty of Law

December 2012

Authors/writers confirm that the work submitted is their own and that appropriate credit has been given with reference that has been made to the work of others.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Alhamdulillah. Full of thank we praised to God the Most Merciful and Most Forgiven as we finally were able to finish our project paper on **"Regulating Recycling in Malaysia".**

In completing this project paper, we have been through a lot of thing and so much effort has been put by us. Nonetheless, this would not be completed with successful without the supervision and guidance from our fantastic supervisor. We would like to acknowledge her, DR. SIVABARATHI A/P MARIMUTHU (SHARLLENE) for her vast experience in guiding us while completing this project paper and had given us so much advice before this project paper can come into reality. From one chapter, she has helped us until the produce of this project paper.

Special gratitude also we bid to Dr Sheela Jayabalan for her first step in teaching us in legal research methodology. Without her assistance and guidance, we might not be able to come out with an idea to do a project paper on this important area of law.

Not to forget, thank you to our beloved friends that have been going through everything together while completing this project paper. The effort and teamwork that has been showed has making this project paper come into existence. We hope that this project paper would not only be benefited to us, but also for our group project. Warmest thank you we bid to our classmate that has help us in giving ideas for the betterment of this project paper.

Last but not least, to our family members, special thanks we wish to them for their continuance support and encouraging advice during the completion of this project paper. They had all made us strong to come out with this project paper.

Lastly, we hope that this project paper would give an ideas and guidelines for Malaysia to have our own specific law mandating recycling law to all Malaysian.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION

- 1.0 Background OF Study
- 1.1 Problem Statement
- 1.2 Objective of Study
- 1.3 Research Methodology
- 1.4 Scope and Limitation
- 1.5 Significance of Study

CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW

- 2.0 Introduction
- 2.1 History of Recycling
- 2.2 Conceptual Issue
 - 2.2.1 Definition of Recycling
 - 2.2.2 Reasons for Recycling
 - 2.2.3 Benefits of Recycling
 - 2.2.4 Ways to overcome Waste Problem
- 2.3 Problems Relating to Recycle
 - 2.3.1 Difficulties in Recycling
 - 2.3.2 Overcome Demand Problem
- 2.4 Conclusion

CHAPTER THREE: LAWS GOVERNING RECYCLING; IN COMPARISON TO THE LEGAL POSITION OF SAN FRANCISCO AND GERMANY

- 3.0 Introduction
- 3.1 Law Regarding Recycling in Malaysia, San Francisco and Germany
 - 3.1.1 Malaysia; Solid Waste and Public Cleansing Waste Management Act
 - 3.1.2 San Francisco; Mandatory Recycling and Composting Ordinance

3.1.3 Germany; Closed Substance Cycle Waste Management Act and Packaging Ordinance

3.2 Imposing Responsibilities

3.2.1 San Francisco; Mandatory Recycling and Composting Ordinance

3.2.2 Germany; Closed Substance Cycle Waste Management Act and Packaging Ordinance

3.3 Mechanism of Operation

3.3.1 San Francisco; Mandatory Recycling and Composting Ordinance

3.3.2 Germany; Closed Substance Cycle Waste Management Act and Packaging Ordinance

3.4 Conclusion

CHAPTER FOUR: CONCLUSION

- 4.0 Introduction
- 4.1 Recommendation
- 4.2 Conclusion

LIST OF REFERENCES

APPENDICES

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.0 Background of Study

Recycling is not a new thing for Malaysian. In fact we had been exposed to the government advertisement campaigns twice, in 1993 and 2000. Reduce, recycle and reuse is a common word used in promoting recycle activities by the environmentalists, but unfortunately it seems like the nationwide campaign failed to give a meaningful change for the nature. Most of Malaysian do not have the awareness or even took a minimal effort to take a better care for the environment. Thus, we would like to propose for regulating a new effective law that makes it mandatory for Malaysian to recycle.

Solid Waste and Public Cleansing Management Act 2007 (Malaysia) has been amended to provide a better solid waste management. In West Malaysia only, the law had finally been enforced on September 2011. Section 101 of the Act provides the Minister may, by order published in the Gazette, to requires any person, to use specified amount of recycled materials, to implement a coding and labelling systems for any product or material to promote recycling, and to use of any method or manner for the purpose of reduction, reuse and recycling of the controlled solid waste. Whereas section 102 of the same Act provided that the Minister may, by order published in the Gazette to establish a "take back system" in which require that any specified products or goods that after used shall be taken back by the manufacturer, assembler, importer or dealer and that they must be obliged on their own account and cost to recycle or dispose any products or goods taken back in a specified manner.¹ This is a good first step taken by the government in amending a recycling law in Malaysia. However, more is needed to gevern recycling as there are other aspects of recycling that are not governed under this Act. For example, there should be a mandatory requirement to all person in Malaysia to recycle.

The United States of America (USA) is one of the best example on mandatory recycling, where the law required everyone includes residents whether living in a single or multifamily building, every business including non-profits, and all public and private agencies and

¹ Solid Waste and Public Cleansing Management Act 2007.