UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

ROLE OF PEER FEEDBACK IN ENHANCING STUDENTS' WRITING QUALITY

MAIZATUL FARANAZ BT MD ASIF

Dissertation submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of **Master of Education** (TESL)

Faculty of Education

February 2017

AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work in this thesis/dissertation was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the results of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This thesis has not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for any degree or qualification.

I, hereby, acknowledge that I have been supplied with the Academic Rules and Regulations for Post Graduate, Universiti Teknologi MARA, regulating the conduct of my study and research.

Name of Student : Maizatul Faranaz bt Md Asif

Student I.D. No. : 2014746961

Programme : Master of Education (TESL) - ED770

Faculty : Faculty of Education

Thesis/Dissertation Title : Role of Peer Feedback in Enhancing Students' Writing

Quality.

Signature of Student :

Date : February 2017

ABSTRACT

This study aims to investigate the role of peer feedback in enhancing students' writing quality among sixty semester one students of Diploma in Teaching English as a Second Language (TESL) of Kolej University Poly-tech MARA Kuala Lumpur (KUPTM KL). After three hours of peer review training, peer review activity in class and language instructor-student writers conference for each student, the researcher collected students' first and revised drafts as well as reviewers' written comments. The paired sample t-test revealed that there was a significant difference in the mean scores of first and revised drafts. This suggested that students' writing quality improved upon engaging in peer review activity. However, the improvements of students' writing quality cannot be attributed directly to the type of changes (meaning changes) they made. The study also revealed that the students produced high percentage of praises in their comments, followed by suggestions and criticisms. In term of their usefulness, students reported in the interviews that praises were the most useful type of feedback given by their peers because they have become more confident and motivated in writing as the result of peer feedback they received. Students in this study also demonstrated positive attitudes towards the use of peer feedback in their ESL writing classroom. However, the study concludes that a successful and effective peer review activity in an ESL writing classroom requires an extensive training for both language instructors and students so that the peer feedback can leave positive impact on students' writing quality directly.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

AUTHOR'S DECLARATION	ii
ABSTRACT	ii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	v
TABLE OF CONTENTS	V
LIST OF TABLES	X
LIST OF FIGURES	X
CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION	
1.0 Introduction	1
1.1 Background of the Study	1
1.2 Statement of Problem	4
1.3 Research Objectives	6
1.4 Research Questions	6
1.5 Significance of the Study	7
1.6 Limitation of the Study	8
1.7 Definition of Key Terms	8
1.7.1 Peer Feedback in ESL Writing Classroom	8
1.7.2 Writing Quality	9
1.8 Conclusion	9
CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.0 Introduction	11
2.1 Peer Feedback in ESL Writing Classroom	11
2.2 Useful and Less Useful Feedback	12
2.3 Students' Views on Peer Feedback	14
2.4 The Case for Peer Feedback	15
2.5 The Risks for Using Peer Feedback in Writing Classroom	18
2.6 Training in Peer Evaluation	20
2.7 Revision of Text Meaning and Writing Quality	21

2.8 Types of Written Feedback	23
2.9 Conceptual Framework	25
2.10 Conclusion	27
CHAPTER THREE: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	
3.0 Introduction	28
3.1 Research Design	28
3.1.1 Dependent Variable	30
3.2 Population and Sampling	30
3.3 Research Setting	31
3.4 Instruments	31
3.4.1 Writing Task	31
3.4.2 Guidance Sheet for Reviewing Expository Essay	32
3.4.3 Interview	33
3.5 Data Collection Procedure	34
3.6 Data Analysis	38
3.6.1 Students' Writing	38
3.6.2 Interview	39
3.7 Conclusion	40
CHAPTER 4: FINDINGS AND ANALYSIS	
4.0 Introduction	41
4.1 Students' Writing	41
4.1.1 Types of Feedback	41
4.1.2 Revision Behaviour	43
4.1.2.1 Types of Revision	43
4.1.2.2 Size of Revision	44
4.1.2.3 Functions of Revision	44
4.1.3 Writing Quality	45
4.1.4 Relationship between Types of Revision and Students' Writing	46
Quality upon Receiving Feedback	