CHILD CUSTODY; RIGHTS OF NON-MUSLIM AND MUSLIM PARENTS IN CASES OF CONVERSION TO ISLAM

By

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Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Bachelor in Legal Studies (Hons)

Universiti Teknologi MARA Faculty of Law

20th October 2006

The student/ authors confirm that the work submitted is their own and that appropriate credit has been given where reference has been made to the work of others.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Alhamdulillah, with the help and guidance from Allah s.w.t, we are finally done with our project paper (LAW 533). We would like to acknowledge many people that help us through out the journey of this paper. Deep appreciation to our supervisor, Puan Nuraisyah Chua Abdullah who patiently gives us guidelines and suggestion which gave this project paper in its present shape. Thank you for her willingness to advice, to motivate and to teach and for her patience and kindness that her concern makes us to have the spirit in bringing out the best from this research. Not forgotten, congratulation for her newborn baby boy.

We would also acknowledge the cooperation and help given by Mr Azmi Azrie Bin Mohd Ali and Puan Noormadiah Din, a family law lawyer from Azmi & Associates, namely address at 14th Floor, Menara Keck Seng, 203, Jalan Bukit Bintang, 55100 Kuala Lumpur that have given their time and space for us to share their thought relating this project whereby their thought and view really helps us to come out with a good finding.

A massage of appreciation to our families who understand our journey as a student and give a full support for us and always pray for our success. We are grateful for the constant love, guidance and never fall short of our dream.

A special massage of love and thanks is sent to all of our group members. It was a wonderful experience to be with you all. The help and contribution given by each any everyone have made this task a success.

Lastly, thank you again to everyone that helps us either directly or indirectly throughout this research. May God bless us all.

ABSTRACT

In Malaysia, both the mother and father have equal chance to apply the guardianship of the child as long as the welfare of the child is well secured. In the battle for child custody when one parent converts to Islam there is conflict of personal laws between the Muslim and non-Muslim spouse. As a general rule under the Syariah law, the mother shall be of all people is the best entitled to the custody of her infant children.¹ However if the court is in the opinion that the mother is disqualified under the Hukum Syara' and one of the reason is because the mother is a non-Muslim, the right to the custody of the child shall pass to the Muslim father.² However, this is not the position under the civil perspective in Malaysia under the LRA.

What leads us to do this research are to see how does the Civil court and the Syariah court deals with this matter fairly and justly and which decisions will prevail. We also wanted to discover what are the considerations of the both jurisdictions in determining the right of child custody and whether religion is an issue that should be consider by the courts.

¹ Section 81(1) of the IFLA

² Section 81(3) of the IFLA

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