UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

MEDICATION USE, STORAGE, AND DISPOSALS BY FELDA BUKIT GOH RESIDENTS

MOHD TAUFIK ABDULLAH

Dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

Master of Pharmacy Practice

FACULTY OF PHARMACY

January 2016

COMFIRMATION BY PANEL OF EXAMINERS

I certify that a Panel of Examiners has meet on 21st January 2016 to conduct the final

examination of Mohd Taufik Bin Abdullah on his Master of Pharmacy Practice

dissertation entitled "Medication Use, Storage, and Disposals by Felda Bukit Goh

Residents" in accordance with Universiti Teknologi MARA Act 1976 (Akta 173). The

Panel of Examiners recommends that the student be awarded the relevant degree. The

Panel of Examiners was as follows;

Shubashini Ghanasan, PhD

Senior Lecturer

Faculty of Pharmacy

Universiti Teknologi MARA

(Supervisor)

Hamid Fauzi, PhD

Associate Professor

Faculty of Pharmacy

Universiti Teknologi MARA

(Internal Examiner)

Khairil Anuar Bin Md.Isa

Lecturer

Faculty of Health Sciences

Universiti Teknologi MARA

(External Examiner)

AISHAH ADAM, PhD

Professor

Dean

Faculty of Pharmacy

Universiti Teknologi MARA

Date: 18 February 2016

ii

AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work in this dissertation was carried out in accordance with the

regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the results of my own

work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This topic has

not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for

any degree or qualification.

I, hereby, acknowledge that I have been supplied with Academic Rules and

Regulations for Post Graduate, Universiti Teknologi MARA, regulating the conduct of

my study and research.

Name of Candidate

Mohd Taufik bin Abdullah

Candidate I.D. No.

2014644938

Program

Master of Pharmacy Practice

Faculty

Pharmacy

Dissertation Title

Medication Use, Storage, and Disposals by Felda Bukit

Goh Residents

Signature of Student:

Date

January 2016

iii

ABSTRACT

Background. The focus of medication adherence and safety has been generally been on the consulting and dispensing process to ensure that patients practice quality use of medicines. However, what the patients and caregivers who have the last responsibility for proper use of their medicines at home are often overlooked.

Aim. The purpose of this qualitative, descriptive research study was to explore medication use, its storage, and disposal practice among residents from Felda Bukit Goh.

Methods. The research used a qualitative, descriptive method with content analysis to explore medication use among participants ages 37 to 78. A demographic questionnaire and face-to-face interviews with semi-structured open-ended questions capturing on how the residents use, store, and dispose of their medicines and the reasons behind it.

Results. Sample of 30 study participants was obtained to capture digital and audio-recorded interviews with participants' consent. Hypertension and diabetes were the major diseases among participants. The mean number of medication possessed in a household was 4 items and 22 out of 28 items of OTC and traditional products were not registered. Half of the respondents do not have a home pharmacy as a specially designated place to kept all the medications. Kitchen and bedroom are the most common place to keep their medicines and among the reasons were convenience, closer to drinking water sources, as a cue to remember to take the medicines, and safety of children. Majority of respondents disposed of their medications in the trash. The descriptive themes that emerged as contributing factors for medication storage were personal convenience and children safety. Themes for disposal practice were also personal convenience, cultural behavior, and lack of knowledge.

Conclusion. Visiting patients in the home setting provides a unique perspective on medication use. These findings raise concerns about how medications are stored and disposed of in the community. Undertaking routine medication reviews (with emphasis on OTC and traditional use), asking specific questions about actual consumption, and promoting proper storage and disposal should be of benefit.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABSTI	RACT	iv
ACKN	OWLEDGEMENT	v
LIST OF TABLES		viii
LIST OF FIGURES		
LIST (OF ABBREVIATIONS	x
СНАР	TER 1	1
INTRO	DUCTION	1
1.1	Background of Study	1
1.2	Problem Statement	4
1.3	Research Objectives	4
1.4	Research Questions	5
1.5	Scope and limitation of the study	5
1.6	Significance of the study	5
1.7	Rationale/Aim of the study	5
CHAP	TER 2	6
LITERA	ATURE REVIEW	6
2.1	Malaysian Health Care System	6
2.2	Rational Use of Medicines	8
2.3	Malaysian National Medicines Policy (Dasar Ubat Nasional, DUNAS)	10
2.4	Quality Use of Medicines-Consumers (QUM-C)	11
2.5	Home Medication Review (HMR)	14
2.6	Registration of medication in Malaysia	15
CHAP	TER 3	17
МЕТНО	ODOLOGY	17
3.1	Study Design	17
3.2	Study Location	18
3.3	Study Flow Chart	19
3.4	Inclusion and exclusion criteria	20
3.5	Sampling procedure	20
3.6	Study Sample	20
3.7	Outcome Parameter	21