

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

**DETERMINANTS OF ONLINE
WAQF ACCEPTANCE**

**HASMIRA HUDA BINTI HASNI FUAD
2015143371**

Final Year Project Paper submitted in fulfillment
of the requirements for the degree of
**Bachelor of Business Administration
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AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work in this thesis was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA Johor. It is original and is the results of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This thesis has not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for any degree or qualification.

I, hereby, acknowledge that I have been supplied with the Academic Rules and Regulations for Undergraduate, Universiti Teknologi MARA Johor, regulating the conduct of my study and research.


Name of Student : Hasmira Huda Binti Hasni Fuad

Student I.D. No. : 2015143371

Programme : Bachelor of Business Administration (Hons) Islamic Banking

Faculty : Business and Administration

Thesis : Determinants on Online Waqf Acceptance

Signature of Student : 

Date : JUNE 2018

ABSTRACT

Waqf is defined as detention of property which are for the use and benefits of the society intended for religious or charitable purposes. Today modern Islamic charitable institutions accept monetary donations for *waqf* purpose and this leads to the needs of paying *waqf* using internet or known as online *waqf*. The preliminary data for this study is pilot study which have been distributed to 30 Muslims in Shah Alam area and sets of questionnaires were distributed to 300 Muslims in Shah Alam. The questionnaire sets consist of questions on both independent and dependent variables and are divided into six sections: demographic, effects of perceived usefulness, effects of perceived ease of use, effects of perceived religiosity, and effects of amount of information and acceptance on online *waqf* instruments. The independent variables include perceived usefulness, perceived ease of use, perceived religiosity and amount of information which will bring effects to acceptance on online *waqf* as the dependent variable. The researcher used Statistical Package for Social Science (SPSS) to analyse the reliability, validity, descriptive, correlation and regression analysis.

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