EFFECTS OF DECOCTION AND INFUSION METHODS ON ANTIOXIDANT PROPERTIES OF PINK GUAVA LEAVES TEA

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Final Year Project Report Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (Hons.) Applied Chemistry In the Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA

MAY 2009

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Date: 29 MAY 2009

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

In the name of Allah, the most Beneficent, the most Merciful. Alhamdulillah I finally completed my thesis.

First of all, I would like to express my deepest gratitude to my supervisor, Associate Professor Dr Noriham Abdullah for all her guidance and support for me throughout this project.

Next, I dedicated my work to my mother, who had been supporting me, morally and financially, also for her understanding during my works at the laboratory all these while.

I also would like to thanks my friends, Wahidah, Sharina, Kamarul, Anizah, Afindy, Mawardi, Linda, Ezlin, and those who had helped me in the completion of my project.

Last but not least, a big and warm compliment for the all laboratory staff especially Pn Haida, Pn Julia, Pn Shahidah, En Kamaruddin, and En. Nordin for the endless help for us at the laboratory. Thank you all.

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ABSTRACT

EFFECTS OF DECOCTION AND INFUSION METHODS ON ANTIOXIDANT PROPERTIES OF PINK GUAVA LEAVES TEA

The effects of infusion and decoction methods as a method in preparing guava leaves tea on the antioxidant activity were ascertained using the Folin-Ciocalteu's procedures, scavenging ability of the stable free radical 1,1-diphenyl-2-picrylhydrazyl (DPPH) and the FRAP assays. It was found that the guava leaves tea contained high total phenol contents with the TPC value of 1418.61 \pm 0.26 mg GAE/100 g of guava leaves tea extracts and 1403.96 \pm 0.29 mg GAE/100 g of guava leaves extracts using decoction and infusion methods, respectively. The scavenging percentage of the antioxidant present in guava leaves tea extracts using the decoction method and infusion method were higher than that of ascorbic acid which act as the control. Both infusion and decoction methods also showed good reducing power to reduce the ferric-tripyridyltriazine ion Fe²⁺ to Fe³⁺ ion. These results indicated that phenolic compounds were a major contributor of antioxidant of the guava leaves tea.