# PROPERTIES OF MOISTURE RESISTANCE KELEMPAYAN NEOLAMARCKIA CADAMBA BASED PLYWOOD

## By MOHAMAD SUKRI BIN MOHD NOR SAMAWI

This Final Year Project Report Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree Bachelor of Science(Hons.) in Furniture

Technology in the Faculty of Applied Sciences

Universiti Teknologi MARA

**July 2016** 

#### **CANDIDATE'S DECLARATION**

I declare that the work in this thesis was carried out in accordance with the regulation of University Technology MARA. It is original and is the result of my work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledgment as reference work. This thesis has not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for any other degree or qualification.

In the event that my thesis is found to violate the conditions mentioned above, I voluntarily waive the right of conferment of my degree and agree to be subjected to the disciplinary rules and regulation of University Technology MARA.

Signature of Candidates :	Just -

Name : Mohamad Sukri Bin Mohd Nor Samawi

Student ID : 2014276762

Program : Bachelor of Science (Hons) in Furniture Technology

Faculty : Faculty of Applied Sciences

Thesis Title: PROPERTIES OF MOISTURE RESISTANCE KELEMPAYAN

NEOLAMARCKIA CADAMBA BASED PLYWOOD

#### **ABSTRACT**

### Properties of Moisture Resistance Kelempayan Neolamarckia Cadamba Based Plywood

The purpose of this study was to evaluate the 3 ply plywood properties which utilize combination of Kelempayan and tropical veneers in term of their physical and mechanical properties. The Kelempayan species veneers used in this experiment were distinguished by two timeline of exposure to the surround environment. Another treatment applied to the plywood was the arrangement of veneer layer. There are three types of veneer arrangement which are the utilization of 100% veneer from Kelempayan, middle ply Kelempayan and middle ply tropical. The plywood process is standardized by using Urea Formaldehyde, hot pressed for 180s, and the glue spread value calculated for relevant surface areas. A test on physical properties on substrate wettability and buffer capacity was conducted prior to bonding. The Kelempayan veneers at 1 month and 3 month exposure pH are not significantly different. The tropical veneers are significantly different with 4.2 ml at P ≤ 0.05. Plywood made was evaluated according to Japanese Agricultural Standard (JAS, 2014) for bending test, tensile test and wood failure test. With regards to veneer age, the Kelempayan veneer and tropical species is not significantly different, but both of them had significantly higher strength than the old veneer Kelempayan. For arrangement there is a significant difference between the type of plywood arrangement, whereby the best mechanical properties of plywood come from middle ply Kelempayan with modulus of rupture 80.7 MPa and modulus of elasticity 10898 MPa. This experiment suggest to industry to utilize new Kelempayan veneer with a hybrid mix with tropical species veneer as the back and the face for plywood production.

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

			Page
APPRO	VAL SI	HEET	i
DEDICATION			ii
CANDIDATES' DECLARATION			III
ACKNO	iv		
TABLE	vi		
LIST OF TABLES			ix
LIST OF FIGURES			x
LIST OF PLATES			xii
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS			xiv
LIST OF SYMBOLS			xv
ABSTR	ACT		xvi
ABSTR	AK		xvii
CHAPTI	ER		
1	INTI	RODUCTION	
	1.1	General Introduction	1
	1.2	Problem Statement	5
	1.3	Significant of Study	6
	1.4	Limitation of Study	7
	1.5	Objective of Study	7

#### 2 LITERATURE REVIEW

	2.1	Introduction to Plywood			
		2.1.1 Introduction to	o Plywood	8	
		2.1.2 Characteristic	of Plywood	10	
		2.1.3 Types of Plyw	rood	11	
		2.1.4 Manufacturing	g of Plywood	14	
	2.2	2.2 Kelempayan			
		2.2.1 Field Charact	eristics	19	
		2.2.2 Strength Prop	perties	20	
		2.2.3 Physical Prop	perties	21	
		2.2.4 Macroscopic	Structures	22	
		2.2.5 Functional Us	ses	22	
	2.3	.3 Urea Formaldehyde			
	2.4	Moisture Resistance	24		
	2.5	Product Testing			
19		2.5.1 Bending Test		25	
		2.5.2 Tensile Test		26	
		2.5.3 Wettability		27	
		2.5.4 Buffer Capaci	ity with Hydrochloric Acid	27	
3	MAT	ATERIALS AND METHODS			
	3.1 Material Preparation		28		
	3.2	Plywood Making		29	
		3.2.1 Board Prepar	ation	29	
		3.2.2 Preparation o	f Glue Spread Level	29	
		3.2.3 Glue Spreadin	ng	32	
		3.2.4 Cold Press		32	