IMPLEMENTATION OF SUSTAINABLE CONCEPT IN HOMESTAY PROGRAM

By

NUR LIYANA BINTI ISHAK (2011487522)

NURULHUDA BINTI YUNUS (2010156169)

AHMAD SAUFEE BIN HARON (2011237462)

A research project submitted in partial Fulfillment of the requirements for the B.Sc. (Hons) in Tourism Management

FACULTY OF HOTEL & TOURISM MANAGEMENT
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

Independent Study (HTM650)

July 2013

TABLE OF CONTENT		
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT		i
ABSTRACT		ii
PART 1		
1. INTRODUCTION		1
1.1	PROBLEM STATEMENT	3
1.2	RESEARCH OBJECTIVES	5
1.3	RESEARCH QUESTIONS	5
1.4	THEORITICAL FRAMEWORK	6
1.5	SIGNIFICANCE OF STUDY	7
1.6	LIMITATIONS OF STUDY	8
PART 2		
2. LITERATURE REVIEW		
2.0 HOMESTAY PROGRAM		9
2.1 CULTURAL ACTIVITIES		12
2.2 TRADITIONAL LIFESTYLE		17
2.3 LOCAL COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION		23
PART 3		
3. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY		
3.0 RESEARCH DESIGN		26
3.1 SAMPLING		26
3.2 DATA GATHERING PROCESS		27
3.3 RESEARCH INSTRUMENT		28
3.4 [DATA ANALYSIS	29

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First of all we would like to express our thanks to the Almighty Allah s.w.t for the opprtunities and chances given to us Ahmad Saufee Haron, Nur Liyana Ishak and Nurulhuda Yunus to embark on this research. We also want to take this opportunities to thanks our advisor Puan Norfadhilah Mohd Akhuan because through out the process in making our research, she had helped us a lot in terms of give us advise, moral support and her pationate.

The smooth writing of this research also due to valued contribution from a number of persons. I am gratefulto individuals from the team of Tourism Malaysia and Malacca Tourism Promotion Board for their great help and assistance.

Our special thanks to Homestay Kampung Pulai committees for their very cooperative attitudes and sincere assistance in completing of this research. Not forgetting Puan Tasha, the Vice President of the committees and also Puan Salmah for her warmth welcome during our visit. They gave us very good cooperation in providing information about homestay program in Kampung Pulai. We remain deeply indebted to Homestay Kampung Pulai Committees, who provided additional suggestions for improvement and recomendations made in this research.

We have had a good fortune of a long and sweet relationship with our beloved family members. Their insights and encouragements regarding our research project were particularly helpful to us, and we thank them for it.

Lastly, thank you so much for others, either direct or indirectly for supporting us to complete this research.

Thank You

ABSTRACT

Tourism in malaysia is the second largest industry after manifacturing. The development of tourism industry can been seen starting 1970 until today. The growth of tourism projects and tourist arrivals in malaysia during this 30 years period correct this statement. Even Malaysia facing some bad situation in tourism industry caused by several matters like economic recession, unsafe global condition and decease attacks, government had launched several efforts to overcome it. For example, Visit Malaysia Year 1990 has affects Malaysia tourism positively through increasing in tourist arrivals.

One of the tourism product in Malaysia is homestay. Homestay accomodation gives focus on traditional life style, local culture and customs to attract the tourists. The present study examines the implementation of the three element which is known as sustainable concept in their homestay program. Both primary and secondary data have been used in the study. A total of 30 homestay operators are selected from Kampung Pulai, Malacca for collecting primary data. The sample size has been determined based on probability convenience sampling design. Purposive sampling technique is used to selct the respondent while we use descriptive analysis are using to attain the objectives.

The study reveals on how far the services provider implement the sustainable concept in their homestay program. The element that been choose to be include in the sustainable concept are traditional liestyle, local people culture and local comunity participations. It also reveals on the effects and the benefits that they gained through out this program.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

As a second largest economic contributor in Malaysia that 22.05 million tourist arrivals recorded in 2008 and resulted in RM 49.6 billion (USD 13.4 billion) in revenue, tourism has numerous of product and services that they provide and make it as a unique characteristics and different from other industries (Abdul Rasid, Mohd Yusop, Mohd Zaid, Amran Hamzah, Zainab Khalifah, Nor Haniza, 2011). One of the new tourism products in Malaysia is the homestay program, a combination of tourism and recreation and provide cultural and heritage attraction including cultural performance, games, religious practice and handicraft. This program is acknowledged as a potential for the development of rural areas besides its contribution to a sustainable environment. Adopted as one of the tourism niches in the Seventh Malaysia Plan, this program will enable overseas visitors to experience the daily life of the ordinary people of this country. Through homestay, Malaysian can show more on their unique lifestyle and culture. Homestay program is a specific form of community based tourism that is being aggressively promoted by the Malaysian government (Abdul Rasid et al, 2011).

Homestay program gives tourists the opportunity to stay with a chosen family, interact and experience the daily life of their comfortable welcoming homestay family and learn the culture and lifestyle of the rural community in Malaysia. For example, they will enjoy homemade traditional delicacies and also learn how to prepare the food. Interesting traditional games will also be seen and played by the guest who stayed with them. A homestay program cannot be classified as a lodging facility. It focuses more on lifestyle and experience, including cultural and economic activities. Each homestay program offers different types of activities, depending on the culture, food, economic activity as well as location. Every state in Malaysia has its own