UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

FACTORS CONTRIBUTING TO PADDY FARMERS' INTENTION TO PARTICIPATE IN AGRICULTURE TAKAFUL

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ABSTRACT

The agriculture sector is an economic sector that exposed to an array of risks such as climate change, pest's attack, disease and others. In its attempt to sustain and protect this sector, the Malaysian government in its 2013 budget has initiated a Takaful plan to help farmers reduce losses resulting from natural disasters. Hence, this research aims to investigate the relationships between Attitude, Subjective Norm, Perceived Behavioral Control, Perceived Risk, Knowledge and Intention to Participate in Agriculture Takaful. Apart from this, the research also aims to investigate the relationship of demographic characteristics which are Age, Size of paddy field, and Level of education and Level of income on the intention to participate in Agriculture Takaful. 336 respondents comprising paddy farmers in Kedah participated in this survey. Stratified random sampling technique was used to measure the Attitude, Subjective Norm, Perceived Behavior Control, Perceived Risk and Intention to participate in Agriculture Takaful. Pearson correlation was used to measure the relationship between the variables. The results indicated insignificant relationships between all the demographic variables and intention to participate in Agriculture Takaful. Furthermore, the findings also explained that Perceived Behavior Control, Perceived Risk and Attitude are the significant determinants that influenced paddy farmers' intention to participate in Agriculture Takaful. Findings from the study would be beneficial to Takaful operators, relevant government agencies and policy makers to promote an Agriculture Takaful plan for this sector.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

ii
iii
iv
v
x
xii

СН	APTER ONE: 1	INTRODUC	CTION			1
1.1	Background of S	tudy				1
1.2	Overview of Tak	aful				4
1.3	Agriculture Taka	ıful				5
1.4	Problem Stateme	ent				6
1.5	.5 Research Objectives					8
1.6	Research Questie	ons				8
1.7	Significance Of S	Study				9
1.8	8 Scope and Limitations of Study					10
1.9	Definition	of	Key		Terms	10
	1.9.1 Takaful					10
	1.9.2 Attitude					11
	1.9.3 Subjective	Norm				11
	1.9.4 Perceived Behavior Control					
	1.9.5 Perceived Risk					13
	1.9.6 Knowledge	2				14
	1.9.7 Theory	of	Planned	Behavior	(TPB)	14
	1.9.8 Theory	of	Reasoned	Action	(TRA)	14
1.10	1.10 Summary					

СН	APTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW	16				
2.1	Agriculture					
2.2	Malaysian Agriculture In The Current Setting					
2.3	The Malaysian Paddy Industry					
2.4	Takaful	20				
	2.4.1 Definition and concept of Takaful	20				
2.5	Need For Crop Insurance	23				
2.6	5 Benefits of Crop Insurance 2					
2.7	2.7 Empirical Evidences on Determinants of Crop Insurance Demand					
	2.7.1 Risk in agriculture	26				
	2.7.2 Impact of climate change risks on crops					
	2.7.3 Past studies on risk					
	2.7.4 The Relationship between Knowledge and Intention					
2.8	2.8 Demographic Determinants					
	2.8.1 Size of Paddy field	40				
	2.8.2 Income	40				
	2.8.3 Level of Education	41				
	2.8.4 Age	42				
2.9	2.9 The Underpinning Theory					
	2.9.1 Theory of Planned Behavior	44				
	2.9.2 Intention to purchase	45				
	2.9.3 The Theory of Planned Behavior and Antecedents of Intention	46				
2.10	0 Variables And Measurements	48				
2.1.	2.1.1 Conceptual Framework					
2.12	2.12 Hypotheses Development					
	2.12.1 Hypotheses constructs between demographic and dependent variable					
	2.13.2 Hypotheses constructs between independent and dependent variables					
2.14	4 Summary	54				