UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

IMPLICATION OF NIGHT-TIME LEISURE ACTIVITIES TOWARDS PLACE IDENTITY OF URBAN PUBLIC PARK IN SHAH ALAM AND PUTRAJAYA

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Thesis submitted in fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Science

Faculty of Architecture, Planning and Surveying

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AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work of this thesis was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the result of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This topic has not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for any other degree or qualification.

I, hereby, acknowledge that I have been supplied with the Academic Rules and Regulations for Post Graduate, Universiti Teknologi MARA, regulating the conduct of my study and research.

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ABSTRACT

Urban public parks play a vital role in the social life of the communities. However, hot weather during the days due to the effect of global warming discourages community activities in the urban public parks. Furthermore, the urbanites' daily life is affecting the lack of time and opportunities for leisure and recreational activities. These constraints have changed the behaviour of the urban communities, preferable to carry out their leisure time activities in the urban public parks after the sun has set. It is important to promote leisure in outdoor spaces because most of the community's activities during night time take place indoor leading to a passive urban lifestyle. Public realm could appear in many ways comprising varied identity, influenced by person or object and context culture or environment. This study investigates a place identity of urban public parks between the city centre of Putrajaya as a new city and the city of Shah Alam as an old city. It is found that people who are living in the case study areas are actively using the urban public parks for leisure and recreational activities during night time. This trend urge by the sufficient lighting, ground material characteristic, design of park facilities and building uses activities in the surrounding of urban public park. These evidences may contribute to a new knowledge of the urban public park design to promote a healthy communities and vibrant urban outdoor spaces during night time.

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Given the time frame limitation, this research has successfully completed a research thesis, published five indexed papers namely: (1) Ngesan M.R. & Karim, H.A. (2012). Night time social behavior in urban outdoor spaces of Shah Alam. *Procedia-Social and Behavioural Sciences*, 50, 959-968; (2) Ngesan M.R., Karim, H.A. & Zubir, S.S. (2012). Human behaviour and activities in relation to Shah Alam urban park during nighttime. *Procedia-Social and Behavioural Sciences*, 68, 427-238; (3) Ngesan M.R., Karim, H.A. & Zubir, S.S. (2013). Image of urban public park during nighttime in relation to place identity. *Procedia-Social and Behavioural Sciences*, 101, 328-337; (4) Ngesan M.R., Karim, H.A. & Zubir, S.S. (2013). Urban community perception on nighttime leisure activities in improving public park design. *Procedia-Social and Behavioural Sciences*, 105, 619-631; and (5) Ngesan M.R., Karim, H.A. & Zubir, S.S. (2013). Night time place identity: The relationship between urban public parks setting and human leisure behaviour. *Sustainable City VIII*, (2), 1281-1292.

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