

Universiti Teknologi MARA

**An Acceptance towards e-Café System
among UiTM Students.**

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ABSTRACT

e-Café refers to the electronic cafeteria as it's defines as a type of restaurant in which the customers serve themselves or are served at a counter and take the food to the tables to eat by providing a selection of food from which a choice may be made and commerce conducted electronically which is payment via debit payment. In UiTM environment, e-Café is defining as student food subsidy electronic system that fully financial support by Malaysian government. This research seeks to determine the student's acceptance towards e-Café system and to determine the level of student's satisfaction towards e-Café system. This research use Extended Technology Acceptance Model in determine the student's acceptance towards e-Café system. Primary data were collected through design questionnaires that based on Extended Technology Acceptance Model. 500 students who use e-Café was randomly selected at UiTM main campus which including Colleges of Teratai, Meranti, Jati, Mawar and Delima in order to participating in this survey. From 500 sets of questionnaires only 472 set questionnaires were obtain back. Pearson correlation coefficient was performed on the data. The Crosstabs analysis was also performed to take the results of Pearson chi-square test to identify the relationship between variable and prove hypotheses. The measurement of the level of satisfaction is calculated based on the range scale from 5 Likert scale that are based on the modified Minnesota Satisfaction Questionnaire (MSQ) version 1977. Correlation coefficient analyses result shows there is significant relationship between perceived usefulness (PU), perceived ease of use (PEOU), attitude toward use (ATU) and behavioral intention to use (BITU). Crosstabulation analysis indicates that only student's residential status is not significant with satisfaction (S). In determination of level of student's satisfaction towards e-Café system, calculated statistical mean shows that respondent are neither dissatisfied nor satisfied towards e-café system. There are some limitations in this research and some recommendations are identified in order to overcome the limitations. This study can be extended to different type of respondents.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATION

ATU	Attitude Towards Use
BITU	Behavioral Intention To Use
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange
EOU	Ease-Of-Use
EUCS	End User Computing Satisfaction
EUCSI	End-User Computing Satisfaction Instrument
H₁	Alternatives Hypothesis
Ho	Null Hypothesis
IS	Information System
IT	Information Technology
MSQ	Minnesota Satisfaction Questionnaire
PEOU	Perceived Ease Of Use
PLS	Partial Least Squares
PU	Perceived Usefulness
S	Satisfaction
SEM	Structural Equation Modeling
SPIR	Social Presence And Information Richness
SPSS	Statistical Package For Social Science
TAM	Technology Acceptance Model
TPB	Theory Of Planned Behavior
TRA	Theory Of Reasoned Action
U	Perceived Usefulness
UIS	User Information System
UiTM	Universiti Teknologi MARA
WIMB	Wireless Internet Via Mobile Devices