

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

**EFFECTS OF VELOCITY SLIP ON
UNSTEADY MAXWELL FLUID
FLOW OVER A STRETCHING
SURFACE**

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BSc

July 2025

ABSTRACT

This study investigates the effects of velocity slip on unsteady magnetohydrodynamic (MHD) flow of a Maxwell fluid over a stretching surface, considering thermal radiation, magnetic fields, porosity, and heat generation/absorption. The governing partial differential equations are transformed into nonlinear ordinary differential equations using similarity variables and solved numerically using the Runge-Kutta-Fehlberg (RKF45). Results demonstrate that velocity slip reduces near-surface fluid velocity while slightly increasing heat transfer, magnetic fields enhance flow resistance without significantly affecting thermal profiles, and porosity increases drag while maintaining thermal performance. Additionally, unsteadiness improves heat transfer through enhanced fluid mixing, and higher Prandtl numbers thin the thermal boundary layer for better heat dissipation. The findings are of immense value in the optimization of industrial processes involving viscoelastic fluids, such as polymer processing and thermal management systems, as well as uncover the influence of slip conditions in micro/nanofluidic systems.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

It is my priority to thank Allah the Almighty who gave me the force, knowledge, and endurance to conduct this research. In His infinite mercy and guidance this journey would have been impossible.

I feel obliged to thank my supervisor, Madam Zanariah binti Mohd Yusof so much. Her guidance that I would not replace with any amount of money, her infinite patience, and her constructive comments have become the pillar of my research experience. Her field experience and frequent motivation have been significant to my education and, subsequently, career growth. To this extent I am so honored to have been given an opportunity to learn with her.

My heartfelt thanks go to my beloved family for their unconditional love, endless support, and sacrifices. Their prayers and encouragement have been my pillars of strength, motivating me to overcome challenges and stay focused on my goals.

I would also like to extend my sincere appreciation to my friends and colleagues for their companionship, moral support, and stimulating discussion, which have enriched my research experience. A special mention goes to my mates for their collaboration, making this journey both rewarding and memorable.

Lastly, I am deeply thankful to Universiti Teknologi MARA for providing the necessary resources, facilities, and a conducting academic environment that enabled me to complete this thesis successfully.

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