JOURNALS COVERAGE OF THE SOUTH EAST ASIAN SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE IN RADIOACTIVE WASTES: A BIBLIOMETRIC REVIEW

AUNI IRYANI BINTI ZANIPULASWADI

Final Year Project Proposal Submitted in Partial Fulfilment of the Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (Hons.) Physics In The faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA This Final Year Project Report "Journal Coverage Of The Southeast Asian Scientific Literature In Radioactive Wastes: A Bibliometric Review" was submitted by Auni Iryani Binti Zanipulaswadi in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (Hons.) Physics In the Faculty of Applied Science, and was approved by:

Puan Zalina Zainal Abidin Supervisor B.Sc. (Hons.) Physics Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA Perlis Branch, Arau Campus, 02600, Arau, Perlis

Dr. Siti Zulaikha Mohd Yusof Project Coordinator B. Sc. (Hons.) Physics Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA Perlis Branch, Arau Campus, 02600, Arau, Perlis Dr. Rosyaini Afindi Zaman Programme Coordinator B. Sc. (Hons.) Physics Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA Perlis Branch, Arau Campus, 02600, Arau, Perlis

Date: 25 JULY 2025

ABSTRACT

JOURNALS COVERAGE OF THE SOUTH EAST ASIAN SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE IN RADIOACTIVE WASTES: A BIBLIOMETRIC REVIEW

A significant cause of radioactive waste is in the region of Southeast Asian countries because there is rising concern in economic development and the application of radioactivity. The utilization of nuclear power generation systems in the region has led to uncontrolled release of radioactive ions. This is because there is the lack of teamwork integration of regional operations with sub-regional institutions, and lack of popular knowledge on the regional economic, technological as well as the regulatory systems. Harmful consequences have been associated with low-level waste (LLW), intermediate-level waste (ILW) and high-level waste (HLW) on many industrial, medical and scientific activities. The organizational evaluation of operational radioactive practices among nations in the Southeast Asian region has however not witnessed a comprehensive approach to effective radioactive waste management under a optimizing regulatory coordination, technical means and collaboration. These issues will be discussed in the mentioned above study and the principles for efficient waste treatment, transportation, storage and disposal methods will be introduced. Besides the foregoing, it also calls for increased measures, collaboration with other alliances, and key utilization in protecting the health of the public and environment.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACK	NOWLEDGEMENTS	i
ABSTRACT		
ABSTRAK LIST OF TABLES		iii vi
LIST	OF ABBREVATIONS	viii
CITA	DEED 1 INTER OR LICENON	
	PTER 1 INTRODUCTION	
1.1	Introduction	1
1.2	Problem Statement	2
1.3	Research Questions	3
1.4	General Objective	4
1.5	Significance of study	4
СНА	PTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1	Radioactive Waste	6
	2.1.1 Radioactive Waste in Southeast Asia	11
	2.1.2 Malaysia	12
	2.1.3 Indonesia	13
	2.1.4 Vietnam	15
	2.1.5 Thailand	16
	2.1.6 Philippines	17
	2.1.7 Singapore, Brunei, Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar and Timor-Leste	19
2.2	Setting The Research Questions	20
СНА	PTER 3 METHODOLOGY	
3.1	Data collection	22
3.2	Data analysis	23

CHA	PTER 4 RESULT AND DISCUSSION	
4.1	Search Criteria	25
4.2	Google Scholar database	25
4.3	Analysis and discussion using VOSviewer	27
CHA	PTER 5 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION	
5.1	Conclusion	31
5.2	Recommendation	32
CITED REFERENCES		34
APPENDICES		37
CURICULUM VITAE		43