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**RECENT ADVANCES IN ADSORPTION TECHNIQUES USING
ORGANIC AND INORGANIC ADSORBENTS FOR WASTEWATER
TREATMENTS: A REVIEW**

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**RECENT ADVANCES IN ADSORPTION TECHNIQUES
USING ORGANIC AND INORGANIC ADSORBENTS FOR
WASTEWATER TREATMENTS: A REVIEW**

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ABSTRACT

RECENT ADVANCES IN ADSORPTION TECHNIQUES USING ORGANIC AND INORGANIC ADSORBENTS FOR WASTEWATER TREATMENTS: A REVIEW

Contamination of water bodies due to industrial, agricultural, and domestic activities has intensified environmental challenges, with pollutants such as heavy metals, dyes, and organic compounds posing risks to ecosystems and human health. Among various treatment methods, adsorption stands out for its practicality, eco-friendliness, and efficiency. Recent advancements in adsorption technologies utilizing organic and inorganic adsorbents have significantly enhanced wastewater treatment capabilities. This study reviews recent developments in organic and inorganic adsorbents, focusing on their synthesis, modification, and application. Organic adsorbents, such as activated carbon (AC), biochar (BC), and polysaccharide-based materials, are lauded for their sustainability, biodegradability, and high adsorption efficiency. However, their selectivity and mechanical properties often necessitate chemical modifications to enhance performance. On the other hand, inorganic adsorbents, including zeolites, activated alumina, and silica, offer advantages like high thermal and chemical stability and ion-exchange capacity. The pore structure and surface functionality of these materials are adaptable for modification, thus enabling to target and remove the desired pollutants efficiently. Despite these advancements, challenges persist, including the limited selectivity of adsorbents in complex wastewater matrices and environmental concerns related to the disposal of the spent inorganic materials. Innovations in adsorbent modification, including functional group grafting and composite development, have addressed some limitations, but the economic and environmental implications of large-scale applications remain areas of concern. This review highlights the potential of combined organic-inorganic systems and identifies future research directions to enhance the efficiency and sustainability of adsorption technologies for wastewater treatment.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABSTRACT	iii
ABSTRAK	iv
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	v
LIST OF TABLES	viii
LIST OF FIGURES	ix
LIST OF SYMBOLS	x
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	xi
 CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Background	1
1.2 Problem Statement	4
1.3 Research Questions	5
1.4 Objectives of Study	5
1.5 Significance of Study	5
 CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1 Organic Adsorbent	7
2.1.1 Activated Carbon	7
2.1.2 Biochar	16
2.1.3 Polysaccharides	22
2.1.4 Carbon Nanotubes	29
2.2 Inorganic Adsorbent	38
2.2.1 Zeolite	38
2.2.2 Activated Alumina	48
2.2.3 Silica	54
2.3 Limitation and Future Prospect	62
2.3.1 Limitation	62
2.3.1.1 Selectivity Towards Pollutants	62
2.3.1.2 Environmental Risk from Modification	63
2.3.1.3 Cost-Effectiveness	64
2.3.1.4 Sustainability	65
2.3.2 Future Prospects	65
 REFERENCES	68