UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE AND PERCEPTION OF GENERAL PUBLIC IN SELANGOR WITH REGARDS TO HONEY

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Dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

Bachelor of Pharmacy (Hons.)

Faculty of Pharmacy

2014

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Alhamdulillah, to Allah the Almighty Who give me the strength to complete this dissertation. Without His constant help and blessed, I may not able to complete this dissertation.

This research project would not have been successfully completed without constant assistance and support from the following individuals.

I would like to express my deepest appreciation to my kind- hearted supervisor, Mr. Mohd Shahezwan bin Abd Wahab for his constant guidances, suggestions and motivations in the process of conducting this research with the intention to help in disseminating information regarding the benefit of honey products.

My deepest thankfulness also goes to my determined partner Amirah Adhwani binti Jamhari who constantly gave encouragement and coorperation to me to complete this research.

Finally, I would like to give a big thank to my friends and all the respondents who have contributed a lot in the process of data collection.

Table of Contents

ACKN	OWLEDGEMENTii	i
ABSTR	ACTx	i
CHAPT	TER 1	1
INTRODUCTION		
1.1	Honey	1
1.2	Honey in Malay, Indian and Chinese Tradition	2
1.2	.1 Malay Tradition	2
1.2	.2 Indian Tradition	3
1.2	.3 Chinese Tradition	1
1.3	General Objectives	4
1.4	Problem Statement	5
1.5	Significance of Study	5
1.6	Hypothesis	5
CHAPT	ΓER 2	5
LITERATURE REVIEW6		5
2.1	Definition of Honey	5
2.2	Composition of Honey.	7
2 2	Uses of Honov	0

ABSTRACT

Nowadays, there are increasing in number of conventional medicines. More and more peoples consume conventional medicine to treat their disease. However, there are safer ways to prevent the spreading of the disease from worsened. Honey is widely used as a natural remedy and it has the same benefit as the conventional medicines. Hence, the aim of this study was to examine the knowledge, attitude and perception of general public in Selangor with regards to honey. A self-constructed questionnaire was designed and distributed to the targeted respondents in the state of Selangor including rural and urban areas via convenience sampling. The instruments were assessed by reliability and validity tests. Through the test conducted, the instrument used in the present study was found to be valid. The Finding showed majority of the respondents have good knowledge, perception as well as desirable attitudes towards the use of honey. There were significant association between selected demographical factors (place, gender, age, race, and user vs non user) with the knowledge, attitude and perception of the general public in Selangor with regards to honey. As such, there is a need to give and disseminate information about honey so that they will be more knowledgeable on the benefit of the honey.

Keywords: honey, knowledge, attitudes, perception

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Honey

According to the Commission (1981), honey is consisting of different type of sugars, predominantly fructose and glucose and other substances such as organic acids, enzymes and solid particles.

Honey has been widely used throughout the world and its used has been practised for centuries. Honey has been contributing to the economy of countries such as China, New Zealand, and Yemen (UKESSAYS.com, 2014).

According to Datuk Naroden Majais, Assistant Minister in the Chief Minister's Department (Entrepreneur Development), the value of importation of raw honey has increased from RM26.7 million in 2008 to RM40.8 million in 2011 and the value is expected to increase up to RM50 million in the future (Mail, 2014).

Honey consist of approximately 28 elements including potassium, copper, magnesium and others. Honey also contains a low amount of mineral composition (0.1-1.0 % w/w) (Chua, Abdul-Rahaman, Sarmidi, & Aziz, 2012)