### THE EFFECTS OF PRETREATMENT TIME AND ACID HYDROLYSIS CONCENTRATION ON BIOETHANOL PRODUCTION FROM *Eucheuma denticulatum* (N.L. Burman) Collins & Hervey

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### **TABLE OF CONTENT**

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	iii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	iv
LIST OF TABLES	vi
LIST OF FIGURES	vii
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	viii
ABSTRACT	ix
Abstrak	Х

# **CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION**

1.1	Background of Study	1
1.2	Problem Statement	3
1.3	Significant of Study	5
1.4	Objectives of Study	5

## **CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW**

2.1	Red Se	eaweeds (Rhodophyta)	7
	2.1.1	Eucheuma denticulatum	8
	2.1.2	Carbohydrate Composition of Red Macroalgae	9
2.2	Seawe	ed as Bioethanol Raw Materials	
2.3	Bioeth	nanol Production Methods	
2.4	Pretreatment Methods		11
	2.4.1	Mechanical Pretreatment	12
	2.4.2	Chemical Pretreatment	12
2.5	Hydro	lysis	13
2.6	Fermentation		14
	2.6.1	Saccharification	15
	2.6.2	Separate Hydrolysis and Fermentation (SHF)	15
	2.6.3	Simultaneous Saccharification and Fermentation (SSF)	16
2.7	Bioethanol Production		16
	2.7.1	Bioethanol Estimation	17

## **CHAPTER 3 METHODOLOGY**

3.1	Materials		18
3.2	Research Design		18
3.3	Sample Collection		
3.4	Physiochemical Eucheuma denticulatum Composition		20
	3.4.1	Moisture Content	20
	3.4.2	Estimation of Carbohydrate Content	20
	3.4.3	Estimation of Lipid Content	20
3.5	Heat a	nd Mechanical Treatment of Sample	21

	3.5.1	Acid Hydrolysis	21
3.6	Reduci	ing Sugar Analysis	21
	3.6.1	Benedict Test	21
	3.6.2	Phenol Sulphuric Acid Test	22
3.7	Production of Bioethanol		22
	3.7.1	Fermentation	22
	3.7.2	Bioethanol Estimation	22

### **CHAPTER 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

4.1	Physicochemical Composition of Eucheuma denticulatum	24
4.2	Effectiveness of Different Acid Hydrolysis and Autoclaving Time	26
	on optimization of Reducing Sugar Content	20
4.3	Production of Bioethanol Yield from Fermentation	30

# **CHAPTER 5 CONCLUSION AND RECCOMENDATIONS** 35

CITED REFERENCES	36
APPENDICES	40
CURRICULUM VITAE	50

### ABSTRACT

# THE EFFECTS OF PRETREATMENT TIME AND ACID HYDROLYSIS CONCENTRATION ON BIOETHANOL PRODUCTION FROM Eucheuma denticulatum (N.L. Burman) Collins & Hervey

Increasing demand on energy resources and concerns towards greenhouse emissions cause attraction on studies toward biofuels production as it is essential for transportation and as sustainable sources of renewable energy. The objectives of this study is to determine the chemical constituent of Eucheuma denticulatum primary metabolites, evaluate pretreatment methods including chemical and heat pretreatment and different acid hydrolysis concentration in production of reducing sugar, and finally evaluation of different concentration of acid hydrolysis for optimization of bioethanol production. The methods used to estimate reducing sugar and bioethanol content were standard physicochemical composition that consists of moisture, carbohydrate and lipid content, phenol sulphuric acid test for reducing sugar estimation and solvent extraction and dichromate oxidation for estimation of bioethanol yield. The result for Eucheuma denticulatum physicochemical analyze are moisture content is 34.67%, carbohydrate content is 23.23% which is higher than lipid content of 5.3%. The result for highest production of reducing sugar for Eucheuma denticulatum is 285.7 mg/ml which produce the highest yield of bioethanol of 7.12% with the best optimization method of 0.4 M sulphuric acid for acid hydrolysis at 25 minute autoclave time (AT) as pretreatment time. This result proves that Eucheuma denticulatum has potential as biomass for bioethanol production and reducing sugar produced that has positive correlation to bioethanol yield. It is recommended to do the analysis on inhibitory product 5-HMF during chemical and heat pretreatment and apply detoxification method to degrade the inhibitory product in order to produce higher yield of bioethanol for Eucheuma denticulatum.