

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

**NATURAL DISASTER MITIGATION
SYSTEM WITH AN IOT BASED
TTGO T-CALL V1.3 ESP32
WIRELESS MODULE
MICROCONTROLLER**

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ABSTRACT

The Natural Disaster Mitigation System project employs the TTGO T-CALL V1.3 ESP32 WIRELESS MODULE MICROCONTROLLER to develop an advanced monitoring system addressing deficiencies in Malaysia's current disaster monitoring infrastructure. Real-time environmental data is collected and transmitted to an HTTP server for analysis through the integration of sensors like accelerometers and ultrasonic devices. The project utilizes the ESP32-WROVER-B microcontroller and incorporates the LAMP (Linux, Apache, MySQL, PHP) stack for comprehensive monitoring and response capabilities. The prototype system involves input and output components, including sensors, LEDs, buzzers, and an LCD display, with software specifications using Arduino IDE. The methodology entails gathering sensor data, evaluating it with a decision-making algorithm, triggering alarms, activating output devices, and transmitting data to the server via HTTP protocols. The expected outcomes include continuous monitoring, accurate anomaly detection, and timely alerts based on predefined thresholds, all facilitated by the robust data management capabilities of the LAMP stack.

Keywords: TTGO T-CALL V1.3, Real-time, ESP32-WROVER-B, HTTP protocols, LAMP,

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CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview

Malaysia, situated in Southeast Asia, faces unique challenges associated with its geographical proximity to seismic regions, notably neighboring Indonesia within the volatile "Ring of Fire" [1]. Although Malaysia doesn't contend with active volcanoes, it is not immune to the risks posed by natural disasters such as landslides and floods. Recent minor earthquakes in certain regions underscore the necessity for proactive planning to mitigate potential future calamities. Malaysia must prioritize investment in robust disaster preparedness and response systems to safeguard its people, infrastructure, and economy. Additionally, implementing strategies to diminish the likelihood of damage from landslides and floods is imperative.

Given the limitations of Malaysia's existing natural disaster monitoring systems, a compelling need exists to develop a more advanced and comprehensive solution. The proposed Natural Disaster Mitigation System responds directly to Malaysia's vulnerability to natural disasters, especially considering its proximity to seismic zones like Indonesia. This innovative system integrates the LAMP stack—Linux, Apache, MySQL, and PHP—with the TTGO T-Call V1.3 ESP32 IoT-enabled microcontroller, offering a multifaceted approach to address the intricacies of disaster management.

The LAMP stack forms the backbone of the proposed system. Linux provides a secure operating environment, ensuring the integrity of the overall system. Apache contributes robust web server functionality, facilitating seamless communication between the system and end-users. MySQL offers structured and efficient data management, crucial for handling vast amounts of information associated with natural disaster monitoring. PHP, with its dynamic web page generation capabilities, enhances user interfaces and overall system responsiveness[2].

In addition, complementing the software infrastructure, the TTGO T-Call V1.3 ESP32 microcontroller is pivotal in enhancing hardware capabilities. Functioning as the technological