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BEHAVIOUR OF BAKAU PILE : FULL SCALE LOAD TEST

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ABSTRACTS

A study is made on the ultimate bearing capacity of Bakau piles vertically loaded singly and in groups embedded in cohesive soil. The different methods used to determine the ultimate bearing capacity of Bakau piles show that the effect of the groups is significant. Different group spacing adopted were $3d$, $6d$ and $9d$.

The calculations also include a well-define shaft resistance of Bakau piles. More important problem in practice is to specify the economical spacing of the Bakau piles. Different methods are used to determine the efficiency of the groups of bakau piles.

From the work carried out, the soil properties for a certain site effect the method of analysing the bearing capacity and efficiency.

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

The behaviour of Bakau piles where the caps are in contact with the ground and under submerged condition is reasonably well understood. Bakau piles are widely used as foundations for embankment, highway foundation, stabilizer for banks, culvert foundation, slope protection, and foundation for light structures where ground water table is high.

Bakau piles are used without much dependent on theory but they are undoubtedly effective. Johnson noted that he has never experienced failure of building where bakau piles have been properly used (i.e driven so that their heads are kept under dry weather water level).

Experience with Bakau pile as foundation for one of the oldest mosque in Kelang Selangor, over 90 years shows that it still in good working condition.

Some authors, use dynamic formular or rule of thumb to predict the carrying capacity of Bakau piles previously to predicting the carrying load capacity of the Bakau piles.